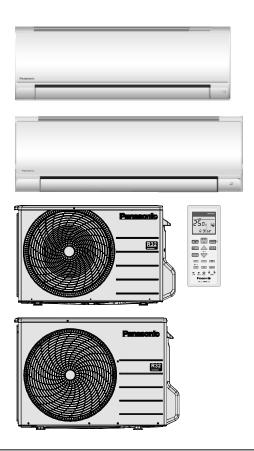
Service Manual

Air Conditioner



Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit
CS-DZ25VKE	CU-DZ25VKE
CS-DZ35VKE	CU-DZ35VKE
CS-DZ50VKE	CU-DZ50VKE
CS-PZ25VKE	CU-PZ25VKE
CS-PZ35VKE	CU-PZ35VKE
CS-PZ50VKE	CU-PZ50VKE
CS-UZ25VKE	CU-UZ25VKE
CS-UZ35VKE	CU-UZ35VKE
CS-UZ50VKE	CU-UZ50VKE

Destination Europe Turkey

MARNING

This service information is designed for experienced repair technicians only and is not designed for use by the general public. It does not contain warnings or cautions to advise non-technical individuals of potential dangers in attempting to service a product. Products powered by electricity should be serviced or repaired only by experienced professional technicians. Any attempt to service or repair the products dealt with in this service information by anyone else could result in serious injury or death.

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE =

There are special components used in this equipment which are important for safety. These parts are marked by \triangle in the Schematic Diagrams, Circuit Board Diagrams, Exploded Views and Replacement Parts List. It is essential that these critical parts should be replaced with manufacturer's specified parts to prevent shock, fire or other hazards. Do not modify the original design without permission of manufacturer.

PRECAUTION OF LOW TEMPERATURE

In order to avoid frostbite, be assured of no refrigerant leakage during the installation or repairing of refrigerant circuit.

A CAUTION

R32 REFRIGERANT – This Air Conditioner contains and operates with refrigerant R32. THIS PRODUCT MUST ONLY BE INSTALLED OR SERVICED BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

Refer to Commonwealth, State, Territory and local legislation, regulations, codes, installation & operation manuals, before the installation, maintenance and/or service of this product.

Panasonic **

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1. Safety Precautions

- Read the following "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully before perform any servicing.
- Confirm the type of gas used before installation.
- Electrical work must be installed or serviced by a licensed electrician. Be sure to use the correct rating of the power plug and main circuit for the model to be installed.
- The caution items stated here must be followed because these important contents are related to safety. The meaning of each indication used is as below. Incorrect installation or servicing due to ignoring of the instruction will cause harm or damage, and the seriousness is classified by the following indications.

⚠ WARNING	This indication shows the possibility of causing death or serious injury.
A CAUTION	This indication shows the possibility of causing injury or damage to properties only.

• The items to be followed are classified by the symbols:

\Diamond	Symbol with white background denotes item that is PROHIBITED.
0 0	Symbol with dark background denotes item that must be carried out.

Explanation of symbols displayed on the indoor unit or outdoor unit.

	WARNING	This symbol shows that this equipment uses a flammable refrigerant. If the refrigerant is leaked, together with an external ignition source, there is a possibility of ignition.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows type of flammable refrigerant contained in the system.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows that the Installation Manual should be read carefully.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows that a service personnel should be handling this equipment with reference to the Installation Manual.
Ţ <u>i</u>	CAUTION	This symbol shows that there is information included in the Operation Manual and/or Installation Manual.

Carry out test run to confirm that no abnormality occurs after the servicing. Then, explain to user the operation, care and
maintenance as stated in instructions. Please remind the customer to keep the operating instructions for future reference.

	<u></u> MARNING	
1.	Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer. Any unfit method or using incompatible material may cause product damage, burst and serious injury.	\Diamond
2.	Do not install outdoor unit near handrail of veranda. When installing air-conditioner unit on veranda of a high rise building, child may climb up to outdoor unit and cross over the handrail causing an accident.	0
3.	Do not use unspecified cord, modified cord, joint cord or extension cord for power supply cord. Do not share the single outlet with other electrical appliances. Poor contact, poor insulation or over current will cause electrical shock or fire.	\Diamond
4.	Do not tie up the power supply cord into a bundle by band. Abnormal temperature rise on power supply cord may happen.	\Diamond
5.	Do not insert your fingers or other objects into the unit, high speed rotating fan may cause injury.	0
6.	Do not sit or step on the unit, you may fall down accidentally.	\Diamond
7.	Keep plastic bag (packaging material) away from small children, it may cling to nose and mouth and prevent breathing.	\Diamond
8.	When installing or relocating air conditioner, do not let any substance other than the specified refrigerant, eg. air etc mix into refrigeration cycle (piping). Mixing of air etc. will cause abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.	\Diamond
9.	Do not pierce or burn as the appliance is pressurized. Do not expose the appliance to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Else, it may explode and cause injury or death.	\Diamond
10.	Do not add or replace refrigerant other than specified type. It may cause product damage, burst and injury etc.	0
11.	 For R410A/R32 model, use piping, flare nut and tools which is specified for R32 refrigerant. Using of existing (R22) piping, flare and tools may cause abnormally high pressure in the refrigerant cycle (piping), and possibly result in explosion and injury. Thickness or copper pipes used with R32 must be more than 0.8 mm. Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8 mm. 	re nut

3

It is desirable that the amount of residual oil less than 40 mg/10 m.

	<u></u> WARNING
12.	Engage authorized dealer or specialist for installation and servicing. If installation or servicing done by the user is defective, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire.
13.	For refrigeration system work, Install according to this installation instructions strictly. If installation is defective, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire.
14.	Use the attached accessories parts and specified parts for installation and servicing. Otherwise, it will cause the set to fall, water leakage, fire or electrical shock.
15.	Install at a strong and firm location which is able to withstand weight of the set. If the strength is not enough or installation is not properly done, the set will drop and cause injury.
16.	For electrical work, follow the national regulation, legistration and this installation instructions. An independent circuit and single outlet must be used. If electrical circuit capacity is not enough or defect found in the electrical work, it will cause electrical shock or fire.
17.	Do not use joint cable for indoor/outdoor connection cable. Use the specified indoor/outdoor connection cable, refer to instruction CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE INDOOR UNIT and connect tightly for indoor/outdoor connection. Clamp the cable so that no external force will have impact on the terminal. If connection or fixing is not perfect, it will cause heat up or fire at the connection.
18.	Wire routing must be properly arranged so that control board cover is fixed properly. If control board cover is not fixed perfectly, it will cause heat-up or fire at connection point of terminal, fire or electrical shock.
19.	This equipment is strongly recommended to be installed with Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker (ELCB) or Residual Current Device (RCD), with sensitivity of 30mA at 0.1 sec or less. Otherwise, it may cause electrical shock and fire in case of equipment breakdown or insulation breakdown.
20.	During installation, install the refrigerant piping properly before running the compressor. Operation of compressor without fixing refrigeration piping and valves at opened position will cause suck-in of air, abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.
21.	During pump down operation, stop the compressor before removing the refrigeration piping. Removal of refrigeration piping while compressor is operating and valves are opened will cause suck-in of air, abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.
22.	Tighten the flare nut with torque wrench according to specified method. If the flare nut is over-tightened, after a long period, the flare may break and cause refrigerant gas leakage.
23.	After completion of installation or service, confirm there is no leakage of refrigerant gas. It may generate toxic gas when the refrigerant contacts with fire.
24.	Ventilate if there is refrigerant gas leakage during operation. It may cause toxic gas when the refrigerant contacts with fire.
25.	Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.
26.	This equipment must be properly earthed. Earth line must not be connected to gas pipe, water pipe, earth of lightning rod and telephone. Otherwise, it may cause electrical shock in case of equipment breakdown or insulation breakdown.
27	When connecting flare at indoor side, make sure that the flare connection is used only once, if torqued up and released, the flare must be remade. Once the flare connection was torqued up correctly and leak test was made, thoroughly clean and dry the surface to remove oil, dirt and

grease by following instructions of silicone sealant. Apply neutral cure (Alkoxy type) & ammonia-free silicone sealant that is non-corrosive to copper & brass to the external of the flared connection to prevent the ingress of moisture on both the gas & liquid sides. (Moisture may cause freezing and premature failure of the connection)

The appliance shall be stored, installed and operated in a well ventilated room with indoor floor area larger than A_{min} (m²) [refer Table A]

28. The application state of the stored, installed and operated in a well verificated from with indoor hoof area larger than A_{min} (in) freter rable A and without any continuously operating ignition sources.

Keep away from open flames, any operating gas appliances or any operating electric heater. Else, it may explode and cause injury or

- 29. Do not modify the machine, part, material during repairing service.
- 30. If wiring unit is supplied as repairing part, do not repair or connect the wire even only partial wire break. Exchange the whole wiring unit.
- 31. Do not wrench the fasten terminal. Pull it out or insert it straightly.
- 32. Must not use other parts except original parts describe in catalog and manual.

♠ CAUTION Do not install the unit in a place where leakage of flammable gas may occur. In case gas leaks and accumulates at surrounding 1. of the unit, it may cause fire. 2. Prevent liquid or vapor from entering sumps or sewers since vapor is heavier than air and may form suffocating atmospheres. Do not release refrigerant during piping work for installation, servicing, reinstallation and during repairing a refrigerant parts. 3. Take care of the liquid refrigerant, it may cause frostbite. 4. Do not install this appliance in a laundry room or other location where water may drip from the ceiling, etc. Do not touch the sharp aluminium fin, sharp parts may cause injury. 5. Carry out drainage piping as mentioned in installation instructions. If drainage is not perfect, water may enter the room and damage the 6. furniture.

♠ CAUTION

Select an installation location which is easy for maintenance.

7. Incorrect installation, service or repair of this air conditioner may increase the risk of rupture and this may result in loss damage or injury and/or property.

Power supply connection to the room air conditioner.

Use power supply cord 3 x 1.5 mm² (1.0 ~ 1.5HP), 3 x 2.5 mm² (2.0HP) type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord.

Connect the power supply cord of the air conditioner to the mains using one of the following method.

Power supply point should be in easily accessible place for power disconnection in case of emergency.

In some countries, permanent connection of this air conditioner to the power supply is prohibited.

1) Power supply connection to the receptacle using power plug.

Use an approved 15/16A (1.0 ~ 1.5HP), 16A (2.0HP), power plug with earth pin for the connection to the socket.

2) Power supply connection to a circuit breaker for the permanent connection.

Use an approved 16A ($1.0 \sim 2.0$ HP), circuit breaker for the permanent connection. It must be a double pole switch with a minimum 3.0 mm contact gap.

- 9. Installation or servicing work: It may need two people to carry out the installation or servicing work.
- 10. Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.

Pb free solder has a higher melting point than standard solder; typically the melting point is 50°F – 70°F (30°C – 40°C) higher.

11. Please use a high temperature solder iron. In case of the soldering iron with temperature control, please set it to 700 ± 20°F (370 ± 10°C).

Pb free solder will tend to splash when heated too high (about 1100°F / 600°C).

Do not touch the sharp aluminum fins or edges of metal parts.

- If you are required to handle sharp parts during installation or servicing, please wear hand glove.
 Sharp parts may cause injury.
- 13. Tighten the flare nut with torque wrench according to specified method. If the flare nut is over-tightened, after a long period, the flare may break and cause refrigerant gas leakage.
- 14. Do not touch outdoor unit air inlet and aluminium fin. It may cause injury.



2. Precaution for Using R32 Refrigerant

• The basic installation work procedures are the same as conventional refrigerant (R410A, R22) models. However, pay careful attention to the following points:

MARNING

- The appliance shall be stored, installed and operated in a well ventilated room with indoor floor area larger than A_{min} (m²) [refer Table A] and without any continuously operating ignition source.
 - Keep away from open flames, any operating gas appliances or any operating electric heater. Else, it may explode and cause injury or death.
 - Since the working pressure is higher than that of refrigerant R22 models, some of the piping and installation and service tools are special.
- Especially, when replacing a refrigerant R22 model with a new refrigerant R32 model, always replace the conventional piping and flare nuts with the R32 and R410A piping and flare nuts on the outdoor unit side.
 For R32 and R410A, the same flare nut on the outdoor unit side and pipe can be used.
- The mixing of different refrigerants within a system is prohibited. Models that use refrigerant R32 and R410A have a different charging 3. port thread diameter to prevent erroneous charging with refrigerant R22 and for safety.

 Therefore, check beforehand. [The charging port thread diameter for R32 and R410A is 12.7 mm (1/2 inch).]
- Ensure that foreign matter (oil, water, etc.) does not enter the piping.
 - Also, when storing the piping, securely seal the opening by pinching, taping, etc. (Handling of R32 is similar to R410A.)
 - Operation, maintenance, repairing and refrigerant recovery should be carried out by trained and certified personnel in the use of flammable refrigerants and as recommended by the manufacturer.
- 5. Any personnel conducting an operation, servicing or maintenance on a system or associated parts of the equipment should be trained and certified.
- 6. Any part of refrigerating circuit (evaporators, air coolers, AHU, condensers or liquid receivers) or piping should not be located in the proximity of heat sources, open flames, operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.
- 7. The user/owner or their authorized representative shall regularly check the alarms, mechanical ventilation and detectors, at least once a year, where as required by national regulations, to ensure their correct functioning.
- 8. A logbook shall be maintained. The results of these checks shall be recorded in the logbook.
- 9. In case of ventilations in occupied spaces shall be checked to confirm no obstruction.
- Before a new refrigerating system is put into service, the person responsible for placing the system in operation should ensure that trained and certified operating personnel are instructed on the basis of the instruction manual about the construction, supervision, operation and maintenance of the refrigerating system, as well as the safety measures to be observed, and the properties and handling of the refrigerant used.
 - The general requirement of trained and certified personnel are indicated as below:
 - a) Knowledge of legislation, regulations and standards relating to flammable refrigerants; and,
- b) Detailed knowledge of and skills in handling flammable refrigerants, personal protective equipment, refrigerant leakage prevention, handling of cylinders, charging, leak detection, recovery and disposal; and,
 - c) Able to understand and to apply in practice the requirements in the national legislation, regulations and Standards; and,
 - d) Continuously undergo regular and further training to maintain this expertise.
- 12. Air-conditioner piping in the occupied space shall be installed in such a way to protect against accidental damage in operation and service
- 13. Precautions shall be taken to avoid excessive vibration or pulsation to refrigerating piping.
- 14. Ensure protection devices, refrigerating piping and fittings are well protected against adverse environmental effects (such as the danger of water collecting and freezing in relief pipes or the accumulation of dirt and debris).
- 15. Expansion and contraction of long runs piping in refrigerating systems shall be designed and installed securely (mounted and guarded) to minimize the likelihood hydraulic shock damaging the system.
- 16. Protect the refrigerating system from accidental rupture due to moving furniture or reconstruction activities.
- To ensure no leaking, field-made refrigerant joints indoors shall be tightness tested. The test method shall have a sensitivity of 5 grams per year of refrigerant or better under a pressure of at least 0,25 times the maximum allowable pressure (>1.04MPa, max 4.15MPa). No leak shall be detected.

↑ CAUTION

Installation (Space)

- . Must ensure the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum. Avoid use dented pipe and do not allow acute bending.
- · Must ensure that pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage.
- Must comply with national gas regulations, state municipal rules and legislation. Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all
 applicable regulations.
- Must ensure mechanical connections be accessible for maintenance purposes.
 - In cases that require mechanical ventilation, ventilation openings shall be kept clear of obstruction.
 - · When disposal of the product, do follow to the precautions in #12 and comply with national regulations.
 - In case of field charge, the effect on refrigerant charge caused by the different pipe length has to be quantified, measured and labeled.
 - Always contact to local municipal offices for proper handling

Servicing

2-1. Service personnel

- Any qualified person who is involved with working on or breaking into a refrigerant circuit should hold a current valid certificate from
 an industry-accredited assessment authority, which authorizes their competence to handle refrigerants safely in accordance with an
 industry recognised assessment specification.
- Servicing shall only be performed as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Maintenance and repair requiring the
 assistance of other skilled personnel shall be carried out under the supervision of the person competent in the use of flammable
 refrigerants.
- Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.
- The system is inspected, regularly supervised and maintained by a trained and certified service personnel who is employed by the person user or party responsible.
- Ensure the actual refrigerant charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed
- Ensure refrigerant charge not to leak.

2-2. Work

- Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of
 ignition is minimised.
 For repair to the refrigerating system, the precautions in #2-2 to #2-8 must be followed before conducting work on the system.
- Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.
 - All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed and supervised on the nature of work being carried out.
 - Avoid working in confined spaces.
 - Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant.
 - Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by limit of use of any flammable material. Keep all sources of
 ignition and hot metal surfaces away.
 - 2-3. Checking for presence of refrigerant
 - The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially flammable atmospheres.
 - Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with flammable refrigerants, i.e. non sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.
 - In case of leakage/spillage happened, immediately ventilate area and stay upwind and away from spill/release.
 - In case of leakage/spillage happened, do notify persons downwind of the leaking/spill, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out.
 - 2-4. Presence of fire extinguisher
 - If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available at hand.
 - Have a dry powder or CO₂ fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

⚠ CAUTION

2-5. No ignition sources

- No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work that contains or has contained flammable refrigerant shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. He/She must not be smoking when carrying out such work.
- All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which flammable refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.
- Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks.
- · "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

2-6. Ventilated area

- Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work.
- A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out.
- The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

2-7. Checks to the refrigeration equipment

- Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification.
- At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.
- If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.
- The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants.
 - The charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
 - The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
 - If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant.
 - Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
 - Refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which
 may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently
 resistant to being corroded or are properly protected against being so corroded.

2-8. Checks to electrical devices

- · Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures.
- Initial safety checks shall include but not limit to:-
 - That capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking.
 - That there is no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system.
 - That there is continuity of earth bonding.
- At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.
- If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.
- If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with
- If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used.
- The owner of the equipment must be informed or reported so all parties are advised thereinafter.

Repairs to sealed components

- During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc.
- If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.
- Ensure that apparatus is mounted securely.
 - Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded such that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.
 - Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

NOTE: The use of silicon sealant may inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment. Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

Repair to intrinsically safe components

- Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.
- 4. Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere.
 - The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.
 - Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Unspecified parts by manufacturer may result ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

Cabling

5.

- Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects.
 - The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

Detection of flammable refrigerants

- 6. Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching or detection of refrigerant leaks.
 - A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

CAUTION

The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for all refrigerant systems.

- No leaks shall be detected when using detection equipment with a capability of 10⁻⁶ Pa•m³/s or better, for example, a helium sniffer.
- Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect flammable refrigerants, but the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need
 recalibration.
 - (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)
- Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used.
- Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.
 - Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.
 - If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.
 - If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. Oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

Removal and evacuation

- When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs or for any other purpose conventional procedures shall be used. However, it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration.

 The following procedure shall be adhered to:
 - remove refrigerant -> purge the circuit with inert gas -> evacuate -> purge again with inert gas ->
 - · open the circuit by cutting or brazing
- The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders.
 - The system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe.
 - This process may need to be repeated several times.
 - Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task.
 - Flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum.
 - This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system.
 - When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.
 - This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe work are to take place.
 - Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and there is ventilation available.

Charging procedures

- In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.
 - Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment.
 - Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
 - Cylinders shall be kept upright.
 - Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
 - Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to over fill the refrigeration system.
- Prior to recharging the system it shall be pressure tested with OFN (refer to #7).
- The system shall be leak tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning.
- A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.
- Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when charging and discharging the refrigerant.

 To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before charging/discharging.

Decommissioning

- Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its details.
- It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.
- Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant.
- It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.
 - a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
 - b) Isolate system electrically.
 - c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
 - mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
 - all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
 - the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
 - recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
 - d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
 - e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
 - f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
 - g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
 - h) Do not over fill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
 - i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
 - j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
 - k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.
- Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when charging or discharging the refrigerant.
 To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before charging/discharging.

10.

9.

CAUTION

Labelling

11.

- Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant.
- · The label shall be dated and signed.
- Ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

Recovery

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all
 refrigerants are removed safely.
- · When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed.
- Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available.
- All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the
 recovery of refrigerant).
- Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.
- Recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of flammable refrigerants.
- 12. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order.
 - Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.
 - Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any
 associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release.
 Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
 - The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged.
 - Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
 - If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.
 - The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers.
 - Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process.
 - When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

3. Specifications

	Indoor		Model		CS-DZ25VKE		CS-DZ35VKE			
		Outdoor	Model	CU-DZ25VKE			CU-DZ35VKE			
Outdoor Model Performance Test Condition				EUROVENT			EUROVENT			
			Phase, Hz	Single, 50			Single, 50			
	Po	wer Supply	V		230			230		
				Min.	Mid.	Max.	Min.	Mid.	Max.	
			kW	0.85	2.50	3.00	0.85	3.40	3.90	
		Capacity	BTU/h	2900	8530	10200	2900	11600	13300	
			kcal/h	730	2150	2580	730	2920	3350	
	Rı	unning Current	А	-	3.05	-	1	4.90	1	
		Input Power	W	250	690	910	255	1.10k	1.30k	
_		ual Consumption		-	345	-	-	550	-	
		EER CLASS		_	Α	-	-	В	_	
			W/W	3.40	3.62	3.30	3.33	3.09	3.00	
б		EER	BTU/hW	11.60	12.36	11.21	11.37	10.55	10.23	
Cooling			kcal/hW	2.92	3.12	2.84	2.86	2.65	2.58	
Ŏ		Pdesign	kW		2.5			3.4		
	ErP	SEER Annual	(W/W)		5.8			5.6		
		Consumption	kWh		151			213		
		Class			A+			A+		
	F	Power Factor	%	-	98	-	ı	98	-	
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		dB-A	37 / 26 / 20			38 / 30 / 20			
	1110001 110100 (117 27 920)		Power Level dB	53 / – / –			54 / – / –			
	Outdoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		dB-A	48 / – / –			48 / – / –			
			Power Level dB	64 / – / –			64 / – / –			
	Capacity		kW	0.80	3.15	3.60	0.80	3.84	4.40	
			BTU/h	2730	10700	12300	2730	13100	15000	
			kcal/h	690	2710	3100	690	3300	3780	
	Rı	unning Current	Α	_	3.45	_	-	4.60	-	
		Input Power	W	195	770	1.03k	195	1.04k	1.27k	
	(COP CLASS		-	Α	-	-	Α	1	
			W/W	4.10	4.09	3.50	4.10	3.69	3.46	
		COP	BTU/hW	14.00	13.90	11.94	14.00	12.60	11.81	
			kcal/hW	3.54	3.52	3.01	3.54	3.17	2.98	
Heating		Pdesign	kW		1.9			2.4		
He		Tbivalent	°C		-10			-10		
	ErP	SCOP	(W/W)		4.1			4.1		
	L-11	Annual Consumption	kWh		649			820		
		Class			A+			A+		
	F	Power Factor	%	_	97	_	-	98	-	
	L- I	Niciae (III (C)	dB-A		37 / 27 / 24			38 / 33 / 25		
	ındoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	Power Level dB		53 / – / –			54 / – / –		
			dB-A		49 / – / –			50 / – / –		
	Outdoo	r Noise (H / L / QLo)	Power Level dB		64 / – / –			65 / – / –		
L	ow Ten	np. : Capacity (kW) / l			2.61 / 910 / 2.87	•	3	3.19 / 1.12k / 2.8	5	
			/ I.Power (W) / COP		2.14 / 850 / 2.52			2.60 / 1.03k / 2.5		
		Current (A) / Max Inj	` '		4.8 / 1.03k	•		7.0 / 1.58k		
	iviax		, ,		3.45			4.90		
	Starting Current (A) 3.45 4.90									

	Indoor			Model	CS-DZ25VKE	CS-DZ35VKE
Outdoor				Model	CU-DZ25VKE	CU-DZ35VKE
Compressor Motor Type Output Power			Hermetic Motor / Rotary	Hermetic Motor / Rotary		
		or Type		Brushless (6-poles)	Brushless (6-poles)	
		Outpu	ıt Power	W	500	500
		Туре			Cross-flow Fan	Cross-flow Fan
Ī		Material			ASG20K1	ASG20K1
	М	lotor Typ	е		DC (8-poles)	DC (8-poles)
	In	put Pow	er	W	47.3	47.3
	Ou	tput Pov	ver	W	40	40
		QLo	Cool	rpm	580	580
-an		QLU	Heat	rpm	710	770
Indoor Fan		Lo	Cool	rpm	730	800
nd		LO	Heat	Rpm	770	950
	Spood	Mo	Cool	rpm	900	960
	Speed	Me	Heat	rpm	950	1050
		ш	Cool	rpm	1080	1120
		Hi	Heat	rpm	1140	1160
		CI II	Cool	rpm	1130	1220
		SHi	Heat	rpm	1190	1230
		Туре			Propeller Fan	Propeller Fan
Ī	Material				PP	PP
Fan	Motor Type		е		DC (8-poles)	DC (8-poles)
loor	Input Power		er	W	_	-
Outdoor Fan	Output Power			W	40	40
Ĭ	Spood	Hi	Cool	rpm	820	860
	Speed	П	Heat	rpm	820	860
	Moisture Removal			L/h (Pt/h)	1.5 (3.2)	2.0 (4.2)
		Ol o	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	4.90 (173)	4.90 (173)
		QLo	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	6.30 (222)	6.95 (245)
		1.0	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	6.52 (230)	7.28 (257)
		Lo	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	6.95 (245)	8.90 (314)
	Indoor	Ma	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.41 (297)	9.00 (318)
P	Airflow	Me	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.95 (316)	10.03 (354)
		1.16	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	10.30 (365)	10.70 (380)
		Hi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.00 (390)	11.20 (395)
		CI II	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	10.84 (383)	11.81 (417)
		SHi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.49 (406)	11.92 (421)
0	Outdoor	1.13	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	30.50 (1075)	31.10 (1100)
	Airflow	Hi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	30.50 (1075)	31.10 (1100)
		Contro	ol Device		Expansion Valve	Expansion Valve
	frigerant Cycle	Refrig	erant Oil	cm ³	Ester Oil VG74 (260)	Ester Oil VG74 (260)
	_ , 5.5	Refrige	rant Type	g (oz)	R32, 580 (20.5)	R32, 670 (23.7)
			G	WP	675	675
F	F-Gas		(Precharg	eq (ton) ed Amount / n Amount)	0.392 / 0.442	0.452 / 0.503

Indoor				Model	CS-DZ25VKE		CS-DZ35VKE	
	Outdoor			Model	CU-DZ2	25VKE	CU-DZ3	85VKE
			Height (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	290 (11-7/16) /	542 (21-11/32)	290 (11-7/16) /	542 (21-11/32)
D	imension	Unit	Width (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	850 (33-15/32) /	780 (30-23/32)	850 (33-15/32) /	780 (30-23/32)
			Depth (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	199 (7-27/32) /	289 (11-13/32)	199 (7-27/32) / 2	289 (11-13/32)
	Weight	Net	(I/D / O/D)	kg (lb)	8 (18) /	26 (57)	8 (18) / 2	27 (60)
	Pipe Diar	neter (I	Liquid / Gas)	mm (inch)	6.35 (1/4) /	9.52 (3/8)	6.35 (1/4) /	9.52 (3/8)
	Sta	indard l	Length	m (ft)	5.0 (1	16.4)	5.0 (1	6.4)
ing	Length F	Range	(min – max)	m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~	15 (49.2)	3 (9.8) ~ 1	15 (49.2)
Piping	I/D & O/	D Heig	ht Different	m (ft)	15.0 (49.2)	15.0 (49.2)
	Additio	nal Ga	s Amount	g/m (oz/ft)	10 (0	0.1)	10 (0).1)
	Length	for Add	litional Gas	m (ft)	7.5 (2	24.6)	7.5 (2	4.6)
Dr	ain Hose	Inne	r Diameter	mm	16	.7	16	7
וט	alli i lose	L	_ength	mm	65	50	65	0
		Fin	Material		Aluminium	(Pre Coat)	Aluminium	(Pre Coat)
	Indoor Heat	F	in Type		Slit Fin		Slit Fin	
E	changer	Row × Stage × FPI			2 × 15 × 17		2 × 15 × 17	
		Size (W × H × L)		mm	610 × 315 × 25.4		610 × 315 × 25.4	
		Fin Material			Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
(Outdoor Heat	Fin Type			Corrugated Fin		Corrugated Fin	
E	changer	Row × Stage × FPI			1 × 24 × 17		1 × 24:12 × 17	
		Size (W × H × L)		mm	18.2 × 504 × 710		36.4 × 504 × 713:684	
,	Air Filter	Material			Polypropelene		Polypropelene	
	All Filler		Туре		One-touch		One-touch	
	Pov	ver Sup	ply		Indoor		Indoor	
	Power	Supply	/ Cord		N	il	N	1
	Th	ermost	at		Electroni	c Contol	Electronic	c Contol
	Prote	ction D	evice		Electroni	c Contol	Electronic	c Contol
					Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb	Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)
Ir	door Ope	ration	Cooling	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)
	Range)	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	30 (86.0)	_	30 (86.0)	_
			Heating	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	_	16 (60.8)	_
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)
Οι	utdoor Ope		Cooling	Minimum °C (°F)	5 (41.0)	_	5 (41.0)	-
	Range)	Hostina	Maximum °C (°F)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)
			Heating	Minimum °C (°F)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)

Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27°C Dry Bulb (80.6°F Dry Bulb), 19.0°C Wet Bulb (66.2°F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35°C Dry Bulb (95°F Dry Bulb), 24°C Wet Bulb (75.2°F Wet Bulb) 1.

- Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C.
- Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
- Standby power consumption ≤ 2.0W (when switched OFF by remote control, except under self-protection control).
- Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement.

 If the EUROVENT Certified models can be operated under the "extra-low" temperature condition, -7°C DB and -8°C WB temperature with rated voltage 230V shall be used.
- 8. The annual consumption is calculated by multiplying the input power by an average of 500 hours per year in cooling mode.
- SEER and SCOP classification is at 230V only in accordance with EN-14825. For heating, SCOP indicates the value of only Average heating season. Other fiche data indicates in an attached sheet.

Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)

	Indoor Model			CS-DZ50VKE				
	(Outdoor	Model	CU-DZ50VKE				
	Performance Test Condition			EUROVENT				
	Power Supply			Single, 50				
	Po	wer Supply	V		230			
				Min.	Mid.	Max.		
			kW	0.98	5.00	5.40		
		Capacity	BTU/h	3340	17100	18400		
			kcal/h	840	4300	4640		
	Rι	inning Current	Α	-	7.60	_		
_		Input Power	W	285	1.68k	1.89k		
_		ual Consumption		-	840	_		
	-	EER CLASS		_	С	_		
			W/W	3.44	2.98	2.86		
Б		EER	BTU/hW	11.72	10.18	9.74		
Cooling		Pdesign	kcal/hW kW	2.95	2.56 5.0	2.46		
0		SEER	(W/W)		6.0			
	ErP	Annual						
		Consumption	kWh		292			
	Class				A+			
	Power Factor Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		%	_	96	_		
			dB-A		44 / 37 / 34			
-		, ,	Power Level dB	60 / - / -				
(Outdoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		dB-A Power Level dB	48 / - / - 63 / - / -				
				0.98	5.40	7.50		
			kW	3340				
		Capacity	BTU/h		18400	25600		
-			kcal/h	840	4640	6450		
-		Inning Current	A	_	7.10	_		
-		Input Power	W	350	1.57k	2.44k		
-	(COP CLASS			В	_		
			W/W	2.80	3.44	3.07		
		COP	BTU/hW	9.54	11.72	10.49		
g_			kcal/hW	2.40	2.96	2.64		
Heating		Pdesign	kW		4.0			
Ĭ		Tbivalent	°C		-10			
	ErP	SCOP	(W/W)		4.1			
		Annual Consumption	kWh		1366			
		Class			A+			
	F	Power Factor	%	_	96	_		
	Indoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A		44 / 37 / 34			
	indoor	Noise (IT/ E/ QEO)	Power Level dB		60 / – / –			
	Outdoo:	: Noise (H / L / OLs)	dB-A		49 / – / –			
	Juluoof	Noise (H / L / QLo)	Power Level dB		64 / – / –			
L	ow Ten	np. : Capacity (kW) / I	.Power (W) / COP		5.43 / 2.16k / 2.51			
Extr	r Low To	emp. : Capacity (kW)	/ I.Power (W) / COP		4.58 / 2.09k / 2.19			
	Max	Current (A) / Max Inp	out Power (W)		10.7 / 2.44k			
		Starting Curren			7.60			
L			• •					

Indoor Mo		Model	CS-DZ50VKE		
Outdoor				Model	CU-DZ50VKE
Туре		уре		Hermetic Motor / Rotary	
Compressor		Motor Type			Brushless (4-poles)
		Outpu	ut Power	W	900
	Туре				Cross-flow Fan
	Material				ASG20K1
	M	lotor Typ	ре		DC (8-poles)
	In	put Pow	er er	W	47.3
	Ou	tput Pov	wer	W	40
		QLo	Cool	rpm	900
-an		QLU	Heat	rpm	960
Indoor Fan		Lo	Cool	rpm	960
Inde		LO	Heat	rpm	1030
	Speed	Me	Cool	rpm	1090
	Speed	ivie	Heat	rpm	1170
		Hi	Cool	rpm	1230
		П	Heat	rpm	1320
		SHi	Cool	rpm	1300
		ЭПІ	Heat	rpm	1370
	Туре			Propeller Fan	
	Material			PP	
Fan	Motor Type			DC (8-poles)	
Outdoor Fan	Input Power		W	_	
Outc	Output Power		W	40	
	Speed	Hi	Cool	rpm	820
	Орсси	111	Heat	rpm	820
	Moistu	ture Removal		L/h (Pt/h)	2.8 (5.9)
		QLo	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.33 (294)
		QLO	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.93 (315)
		Lo	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.93 (315)
			Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	9.63 (340)
	Indoor	Me	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	10.23 (361)
	Airflow		Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.03 (389)
		Hi	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.60 (410)
			Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	12.50 (440)
		SHi	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	12.33 (435)
		5.11	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	13.03 (460)
	Outdoor	Hi	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	32.7 (1155)
	Airflow		Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	32.7 (1155)
ח	ofrigorost		ol Device		Expansion Valve
	efrigerant Cycle		erant Oil	cm ³	FW50S (450)
		Refrige	erant Type	g (oz)	R32, 1.14k (40.2)
				WP	675
	F-Gas		(Precharg	eq (ton) ed Amount / n Amount)	0.770 / 0.845

	I	Indoor		Model	CS-DZ5	OVKE		
	О	utdoo	r	Model	CU-DZ5	OVKE		
			Height (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	290 (11-7/16) /	619 (24-3/8)		
Di	imension	Unit	Width (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	870 (34-9/32) / 8	24 (32-15/32)		
			Depth (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	214 (8-7/16) / 29	99 (11-25/32)		
	Weight	Net	(I/D / O/D)	kg (lb)	9 (20) / 36 (79)			
	Pipe Diar	ameter (Liquid / Gas)		mm (inch)	6.35 (1/4) / 12.70 (1/2)			
	Sta	ndard l	_ength	m (ft)	5.0 (16	5.4)		
Piping	Length F	Range ((min – max)	m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~ 1	5 (49.2)		
Pip	I/D & O/	D Heig	ht Different	m (ft)	15.0 (4	9.2)		
	Additio	nal Ga	s Amount	g/m (oz/ft)	15 (0	2)		
	Length 1	for Add	itional Gas	m (ft)	7.5 (24	1.6)		
Dr	ain Haaa	Inne	Diameter	mm	16.7	7		
Die	ain Hose	Length		mm	650			
		Fin Material			Aluminium (Pre Coat)			
1	Indoor Heat	Fin Type			Slit F	in		
Ex	changer	Row × Stage × FPI			2 × 15	× 21		
		Size (W×H×L)	mm	610 × 315	× 25.4		
		Fin	Material		Aluminium (I	Pre Coat)		
С	Outdoor Heat	Fin Type			Corrugate	ed Fin		
Ex	changer	Row × Stage × FPI			2 × 28	× 17		
		Size (W × H × L)		mm	36.38 × 588 × 856.3:827.7			
Δ	ir Filter	M	laterial		Polyprop	elene		
	iii i iitei		Туре		One-to	uch		
	Pow	ver Sup	ply		Indo	or		
	Power	Supply	/ Cord		Nil			
	Th	ermost	at		Electronic	Contol		
	Prote	ction D	evice		Electronic	Contol		
					Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb		
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)		
In	door Ope		Cooling	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)		
	Range	:	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	30 (86.0)	-		
			Heating	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)			
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)		
Ou	tdoor Ope		Cooling	Minimum °C (°F)	5 (41.0)	-		
	Range	:	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)		
			ricating	Minimum °C (°F)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)		

- Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27° C Dry Bulb (80.6° F Dry Bulb), 19.0° C Wet Bulb (66.2° F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35° C Dry Bulb (95° F Dry Bulb), 24° C Wet Bulb (75.2° F Wet Bulb) 1.
- Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)
- Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C. Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
- 5. Standby power consumption ≤ 2.0W (when switched OFF by remote control, except under self-protection control).
- 6.
- Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement.

 If the EUROVENT Certified models can be operated under the "extra-low" temperature condition, -7°C DB and -8°C WB temperature with rated voltage 230V shall be used.
- The annual consumption is calculated by multiplying the input power by an average of 500 hours per year in cooling mode.
- SEER and SCOP classification is at 230V only in accordance with EN-14825. For heating, SCOP indicates the value of only Average heating 9. season. Other fiche data indicates in an attached sheet.

		Indoor	Model		CS-PZ25VKE			CS-PZ35VKE		
	(Outdoor	Model		CU-PZ25VKE			CU-PZ35VKE		
		Performance Test C	Condition		EUROVENT			EUROVENT		
	_		Phase, Hz		Single, 50			Single, 50		
	Po	wer Supply	V		230		230			
				Min.	Mid.	Max.	Min.	Mid.	Max.	
			kW	0.85	2.50	3.00	0.85	3.40	3.90	
		Capacity	BTU/h	2900	8530	10200	2900	11600	13300	
			kcal/h	730	2150	2580	730	2920	3350	
	Ru	inning Current	Α	-	3.05	-	-	4.90	-	
		Input Power	W	250	690	910	255	1.10k	1.30k	
		ual Consumption		-	345	-	-	550	-	
-		EER CLASS		-	A	-	-	В	-	
			W/W	3.40	3.62	3.30	3.33	3.09	3.00	
Б		EER	BTU/hW kcal/hW	11.60	12.36 3.12	11.21	11.37 2.86	10.55 2.65	10.23	
Cooling		Pdesign	kCai/nvv kW	2.92	2.5	2.84	2.80	3.4	2.58	
	-	SEER	(W/W)		5.8			5.6		
	ErP	Annual	kWh		151					
		Consumption	KVVII					213		
-		Class		A+			A+			
-	F	Power Factor	% 4D.A	_ 98			- 98 - 38 / 30 / 20			
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		dB-A Power Level dB		37 / 26 / 20 53 / – / –			54 / – / –		
-			dB-A		48 / – / –			48 / – / –		
	Outdoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	Power Level dB		64 / – / –			64 / – / –		
			kW	0.80	3.15	3.60	0.80	3.84	4.40	
		Capacity	BTU/h	2730	10700	12300	2730	13100	15000	
	Running Current		kcal/h	690	2710	3100	690	3300	3780	
┢			A	_	3.45	-		4.60	_	
╽┟		Input Power	W	195	770	1.03k	195	1.04k	1.27k	
╽┟		COP CLASS		-	A		_	A	_	
╽┟		301 02,100	W/W	4.10	4.09	3.50	4.10	3.69	3.46	
		COP	BTU/hW	14.00	13.90	11.94	14.00	12.60	11.81	
			kcal/hW	3.54	3.52	3.01	3.54	3.17	2.98	
ing		Pdesign	kW	J.J4	1.9	3.01	0.04	2.4	2.30	
Heating	ŀ	Tbivalent	°C		-10			-10		
-		SCOP	(W/W)		4.1			4.1		
	ErP	Annual								
		Consumption	kWh		649			820		
<u> </u>		Class			A+	T		A+		
<u> </u>	F	Power Factor	%	-	97	-	-	98	-	
	Indoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A		37 / 27 / 24			38 / 33 / 25		
L			Power Level dB		53 / – / –			54 / – / –		
	Outdoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A		49 / – / –			50 / – / –		
Ш	- 4.4001	(117 E7 QEO)	Power Level dB		64 / – / –			65 / – / –		
Lo	ow Tem	np. : Capacity (kW) /	I.Power (W) / COP		2.61 / 910 / 2.87	7	3.19 / 1.12k / 2.85			
Extr	Low Te	emp. : Capacity (kW)	/ I.Power (W) / COP		2.14 / 850 / 2.52	2	2.60 / 1.03k / 2.52			
	Max	Current (A) / Max Inp	put Power (W)		4.8 / 1.03k			7.0 / 1.58k		
		Starting Curren	t (A)		3.45			4.90		
		Otal ting Ourien	(() ()		0.40			4.00		

	Indoor			Model	CS-PZ25VKE	CS-PZ35VKE	
Outdoor				Model	CU-PZ25VKE	CU-PZ35VKE	
		Т	уре		Hermetic Motor / Rotary	Hermetic Motor / Rotary	
Cor	mpressor	Moto	or Type		Brushless (6-poles)	Brushless (6-poles)	
	,	Outpu	ıt Power	W	500	500	
		Туре			Cross-flow Fan	Cross-flow Fan	
		Material			ASG20K1	ASG20K1	
	М	lotor Typ	е		DC (8-poles)	DC (8-poles)	
	In	put Pow	er	W	47.3	47.3	
	Output Power			W	40	40	
		QLo	Cool rpm		580	580	
-an		QLO	Heat	rpm	710	770	
Indoor Fan		Lo	Cool	rpm	730	800	
luq		LO	Heat	rpm	770	950	
	Speed	Mo	Cool	rpm	900	960	
	Speeu	Me	Heat	rpm	950	1050	
		Hi	Cool	rpm	1080	1120	
		- "	Heat	rpm	1140	1160	
		SHi	Cool	rpm	1130	1220	
		ЭПІ	Heat	rpm	1190	1230	
		Туре			Propeller Fan	Propeller Fan	
		Material			PP	PP	
Fan	М	Motor Type			DC (8-poles)	DC (8-poles)	
loor	In	put Pow	er	W	-	-	
Outdoor Fan	Ou	tput Pov	wer	W	40	40	
	Speed	Hi	Cool	rpm	820	860	
	Speeu	1 11	Heat	rpm	820	860	
	Moistu	oisture Removal		L/h (Pt/h)	1.5 (3.2)	2.0 (4.2)	
		QLo	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	4.90 (173)	4.90 (173)	
		QLO	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	6.30 (222)	6.95 (245)	
		Lo	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	6.52 (230)	7.28 (257)	
		LU	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	6.95 (245)	8.90 (314)	
	Indoor	Me	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.41 (297)	9.00 (318)	
P	Airflow	IVIC	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.95 (316)	10.03 (354)	
		Hi	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	10.30 (365)	10.70 (380)	
		- ' ''	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.00 (390)	11.20 (395)	
		SHi	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	10.84 (383)	11.81 (417)	
		5111	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.49 (406)	11.92 (421)	
	Outdoor	Hi	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	30.50 (1075)	31.10 (1100)	
F	Airflow	'''	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	30.50 (1075)	31.10 (1100)	
_		Contro	ol Device		Expansion Valve	Expansion Valve	
	frigerant Cycle	Refrig	erant Oil	cm ³	Ester Oil VG74 (260)	Ester Oil VG74 (260)	
	-	Refrige	rant Type	g (oz)	R32, 580 (20.5)	R32, 670 (23.7)	
			G	WP	675	675	
F	F-Gas		(Precharg	eq (ton) ed Amount / m Amount)	0.392 / 0.442	0.452 / 0.503	

		Indoor		Model	CS-PZ	25VKE	CS-PZ3	5VKE
	C	Outdoo	r	Model	CU-PZ:	25VKE	CU-PZ3	5VKE
			Height (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	290 (11-7/16) /	542 (21-11/32)	290 (11-7/16) /	542 (21-11/32)
D	imension	Unit	Width (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	850 (33-15/32) / 780 (30-23/32)		850 (33-15/32) / 780 (30-23/32)	
			Depth (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	199 (7-27/32) /	289 (11-13/32)	199 (7-27/32) / 3	289 (11-13/32)
	Weight	Net	(I/D / O/D)	kg (lb)	8 (18) /	26 (57)	8 (18) / 2	27 (60)
	Pipe Diar	Diameter (Liquid / Gas)		mm (inch)	6.35 (1/4) /	9.52 (3/8)	6.35 (1/4) /	9.52 (3/8)
	Sta	ındard I	_ength	m (ft)	5.0 (′	16.4)	5.0 (1	6.4)
Piping	Length F	Range ((min – max)	m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~	15 (49.2)	3 (9.8) ~ 1	5 (49.2)
Pip	I/D & O/	'D Heig	ht Different	m (ft)	15.0 (49.2)	15.0 (49.2)
	Additio	onal Ga	s Amount	g/m (oz/ft)	10 (0.1)	10 (0).1)
	Length	for Add	itional Gas	m (ft)	7.5 (2	24.6)	7.5 (2	4.6)
Dr	ain Hose	Inne	Diameter	mm	16	.7	16	7
בֿ	alli i lose	Length		mm	65	50	65	0
		Fin Material			Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Indoor Heat	Fin Type			Slit	Fin	Slit Fin	
Ex	changer	Row × Stage × FPI			2 × 15	5 × 17	2 × 15	× 17
		Size (W×H×L)	mm	610 × 31	5 × 25.4	610 × 31	5 × 25.4
		Fin	Material		Aluminium	(Pre Coat)	Aluminium	(Pre Coat)
(Outdoor Heat	Fin Type			Corruga	nted Fin	Corruga	ted Fin
Ex		Row × Stage × FPI			1 × 24 × 17		1 × 24:12 × 17	
		Size (W × H × L)		mm	18.2 × 504 × 710		36.4 × 504 × 713:684	
^	Air Filter	Material			Polypropelene		Polypropelene	
-	All Filler		Туре		One-touch		One-to	ouch
	Pov	ver Sup	pply		Inde	oor	Indo	oor
	Power	Supply	/ Cord		N	il	N	I
	Th	ermost	at		Electroni	c Contol	Electronic	Contol
	Prote	ction D	evice		Electroni	c Contol	Electronic	Contol
					Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb	Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)
In	idoor Ope		Cooming	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)
	Range	•	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	30 (86.0)	_	30 (86.0)	_
			ricating	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	_	16 (60.8)	_
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)
Οι	utdoor Ope		Cooling	Minimum °C (°F)	5 (41.0)	_	5 (41.0)	_
	Range	;	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)
			ricating	Minimum °C (°F)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)

Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27°C Dry Bulb (80.6°F Dry Bulb), 19.0°C Wet Bulb (66.2°F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35°C Dry Bulb (95°F Dry Bulb), 24°C Wet Bulb (75.2°F Wet Bulb)
 Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb

- 3. Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C.
- 4. Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
- 5. Standby power consumption \leq 2.0W (when switched OFF by remote control, except under self-protection control).
- 6. Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement.
- 7. If the EUROVENT Certified models can be operated under the "extra-low" temperature condition, -7°C DB and -8°C WB temperature with rated voltage 230V shall be used.
- 8. The annual consumption is calculated by multiplying the input power by an average of 500 hours per year in cooling mode.
- 9. SEER and SCOP classification is at 230V only in accordance with EN-14825. For heating, SCOP indicates the value of only Average heating season. Other fiche data indicates in an attached sheet.

Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)

		Indoor	Model		CS-PZ50VKE				
	(Outdoor	Model		CU-PZ50VKE				
		Performance Test C	Condition		EUROVENT				
	-	0 1	Phase, Hz		Single, 50				
	P0	wer Supply	V		230				
		-		Min.	Mid.	Max.			
			kW	0.98	5.00	5.40			
		Capacity	BTU/h	3340	17100	18400			
			kcal/h	840	4300	4640			
	Ru	unning Current	Α		7.60	_			
		Input Power	W	285	1.68k	1.89k			
		ual Consumption		-	840	_			
	I	EER CLASS		-	С	_			
			W/W	3.44	2.98	2.86			
В		EER	BTU/hW	11.72	10.18	9.74			
Cooling		Ddooign	kcal/hW kW	2.95	2.56 5.0	2.46			
0		Pdesign SEER	(W/W)		6.0				
	ErP	Annual							
		Consumption	kWh		292				
		Class			A+				
	F	Power Factor	%	-	96	_			
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		dB-A		44 / 37 / 34				
			Power Level dB		60 / - / -				
	Outdoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A Power Level dB		48 / – / – 63 / – / –				
			kW	0.98	5.40	7.50			
		Canacity	BTU/h	3340	18400	25600			
	Capacity								
	- 1		kcal/h	840	4640	6450			
		Inning Current	Α		7.10	-			
		Input Power	W	350	1.57k	2.44k			
	(COP CLASS		-	В	-			
			W/W	2.80	3.44	3.07			
		COP	BTU/hW	9.54	11.72	10.49			
б			kcal/hW	2.40	2.96	2.64			
Heating		Pdesign	kW		4.0				
Ť		Tbivalent	°C		-10				
	ErP	SCOP	(W/W)		4.1				
		Annual Consumption	kWh		1366				
		Class			A+				
	F	Power Factor	%	-	96	_			
	Indoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A		44 / 37 / 34				
	iiidool	140/36 (117 E / QEO)	Power Level dB		60 / – / –				
	Outdoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A		49 / – / –				
	Juluoof	140196 (H / L / QLO)	Power Level dB		64 / – / –				
	Low Tem	np. : Capacity (kW) /	I.Power (W) / COP		5.43 / 2.16k / 2.51				
Ex	tr Low T	emp. : Capacity (kW)	/ I.Power (W) / COP	4.58 / 2.09k / 2.19					
	Max	Current (A) / Max Inp	out Power (W)	10.7 / 2.44k					
		Starting Curren	t (A)		7.60				

	Oı	utdoor			
	Туре			Model	CU-PZ50VKE
		Т	уре		Hermetic Motor / Rotary
Compressor		Moto	or Type		Brushless (4-poles)
		Output Power		W	900
		Туре			Cross-flow Fan
		Material			ASG20K1
	М	otor Typ	е		DC (8-poles)
	Input Power			W	47.3
	Ou	tput Pov	ver	W	40
		QLo	Cool	rpm	900
-an		QLO	Heat	rpm	960
Indoor Fan		1	Cool	rpm	960
ludc		Lo	Heat	rpm	1030
	0	N.4 -	Cool	rpm	1090
	Speed	Me	Heat	rpm	1170
			Cool	rpm	1230
		Hi	Heat	rpm	1320
			Cool	rpm	1300
		SHi	Heat	rpm	1370
	<u> </u>	Туре			Propeller Fan
		Material			PP
Fan	М	Motor Type			DC (8-poles)
Outdoor Fan	In	put Pow	er	W	-
Outd	Ou	tput Pov	ver	W	40
	0 1	Cool		rpm	820
	Speed	Hi	Heat	rpm	820
	Moistu	Moisture Removal		L/h (Pt/h)	2.8 (5.9)
		01	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.33 (294)
		QLo	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.93 (315)
		1	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.93 (315)
		Lo	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	9.63 (340)
l I	ndoor	N.4 -	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	10.23 (361)
Α	Airflow	Me	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.03 (389)
		111	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.60 (410)
		Hi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	12.50 (440)
		CL !"	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	12.33 (435)
		SHi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	13.03 (460)
О	Outdoor	1.11:	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	32.7 (1155)
	Airflow	Hi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	32.7 (1155)
		Contro	ol Device		Expansion Valve
Ref	frigerant Cycle	Refrig	erant Oil	cm ³	FW50S (450)
<u> </u>	-,0.0	Refrige	rant Type	g (oz)	R32, 1.14k (40.2)
			G	WP	675
F	F-Gas		(Precharg	eq (ton) ed Amount / m Amount)	0.770 / 0.845

		Indoor		Model	CS-PZ50	OVKE		
	C	utdoo	r	Model	CU-PZ50	OVKE		
			Height (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	290 (11-7/16) /	619 (24-3/8)		
Di	mension	Unit	Width (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	870 (34-9/32) / 8	24 (32-15/32)		
			Depth (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	214 (8-7/16) / 29	99 (11-25/32)		
,	Weight	Net	(I/D / O/D)	kg (lb)	9 (20) / 36 (79)			
	Pipe Diar	ameter (Liquid / Gas)		mm (inch)	6.35 (1/4) / 12.70 (1/2)			
	Sta	ndard l	_ength	m (ft)	5.0 (16	5.4)		
Piping	Length F	Range ((min – max)	m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~ 15	5 (49.2)		
Pip	I/D & O/	D Heig	ht Different	m (ft)	15.0 (4	9.2)		
	Additio	nal Ga	s Amount	g/m (oz/ft)	15 (0.	2)		
	Length	for Add	itional Gas	m (ft)	7.5 (24	l.6)		
Dre	ain Hose	Inne	Diameter	mm	16.7	,		
Die	aiii i iose	Length		mm	650	650		
		Fin Material			Aluminium (Pre Coat)			
	ndoor Heat	Fin Type			Slit F	in		
Ex	changer	Row × Stage × FPI			2 × 15 :	< 21		
		Size (W×H×L)	mm	610 × 315	× 25.4		
		Fin	Material		Aluminium (F	Pre Coat)		
	outdoor Heat	Fin Type			Corrugate	ed Fin		
Ex	changer	Row × Stage × FPI			2 × 28 ×	< 17		
		Size (W × H × L)		mm	36.38 × 588 × 856.3:827.7			
_	ir Filter	M	laterial		Polyprop	elene		
	ii i iitei		Туре		One-to	uch		
	Pov	ver Sup	ply		Indoo	or		
	Power	Supply	/ Cord		Nil			
	Th	ermost	at		Electronic	Contol		
	Prote	ction D	evice		Electronic	Contol		
					Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb		
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)		
In	door Ope		Cooling	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)		
	Range	:	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	30 (86.0)	-		
			ricating	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	-		
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)		
Ou	tdoor Ope		Cooling	Minimum °C (°F)	5 (41.0)	-		
	Range	:	Hoating	Maximum °C (°F)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)		
			Heating	Minimum °C (°F)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)		

- Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27° C Dry Bulb (80.6° F Dry Bulb), 19.0° C Wet Bulb (66.2° F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35° C Dry Bulb (95° F Dry Bulb), 24° C Wet Bulb (75.2° F Wet Bulb) 1.
- Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)
- Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C. Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
- 5. Standby power consumption ≤ 2.0W (when switched OFF by remote control, except under self-protection control).
- Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement. 6.
- If the EUROVENT Certified models can be operated under the "extra-low" temperature condition, -7°C DB and -8°C WB temperature with rated voltage 230V shall be used.
- The annual consumption is calculated by multiplying the input power by an average of 500 hours per year in cooling mode.
- SEER and SCOP classification is at 230V only in accordance with EN-14825. For heating, SCOP indicates the value of only Average heating 9. season. Other fiche data indicates in an attached sheet.

		Indoor	Model		CS-UZ25VKE			CS-UZ35VKE		
		Outdoor	Model		CU-UZ25VKE			CU-UZ35VKE		
		Performance Test C	Condition		EUROVENT			EUROVENT		
	_		Phase, Hz		Single, 50			Single, 50		
	Po	wer Supply	V		230		230			
				Min.	Mid.	Max.	Min.	Mid.	Max.	
			kW	0.85	2.50	3.00	0.85	3.30	3.80	
		Capacity	BTU/h	2900	8530	10200	2900	11300	13000	
			kcal/h	730	2150	2580	730	2840	3270	
	Rι	inning Current	Α	-	3.00	-	-	4.60	-	
		Input Power	W	250	680	900	255	1.03k	1.24k	
		ual Consumption		_	340	-	-	515	-	
	-	EER CLASS		_	Α	-	-	В	-	
			W/W	3.40	3.68	3.33	3.33	3.20	3.06	
В		EER	BTU/hW	11.60	12.54	11.33	11.37	10.97	10.48	
Cooling		Ddaoign	kcal/hW	2.92	3.16	2.87	2.86	2.76	2.64	
	-	Pdesign SEER	kW (W/W)		6.2			3.3 6.1		
	ErP	Annual								
		Consumption	kWh		141			189		
		Class		A++				A++		
	F	Power Factor	%	- 99 -			- 97 -			
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		dB-A	37 / 26 / 20			38 / 30 / 20 54 / – / –			
		,	Power Level dB		53 / - / -					
	Outdoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A		48 / - / -			48 / - / -		
			Power Level dB	0.00	64 / - / -	2.50	0.00	64 / – / –	4.20	
			kW	0.80	3.00	3.50	0.80	3.70	4.30	
	Capacity		BTU/h	2730	10200	11900	2730	12600	14700	
			kcal/h	690	2580	3010	690	3180	3700	
		inning Current	A	_	3.30	_	-	4.50	-	
		Input Power	W	195	740	1.01k	195	1.00k	1.25k	
	(COP CLASS		_	Α	-	_	Α	-	
			W/W	4.10	4.05	3.47	4.10	3.70	3.44	
		COP	BTU/hW	14.00	13.78	11.78	14.00	12.60	11.76	
g			kcal/hW	3.54	3.49	2.98	3.54	3.18	2.96	
Heating		Pdesign	kW		1.9			2.4		
ヹ		Tbivalent	°C		-10			-10		
	ErP	SCOP	(W/W)		4.1			4.1		
		Annual Consumption	kWh		649			820		
		Class			A+	T		A+		
	F	Power Factor	%	_	97	_	-	97	_	
	Indoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A		37 / 27 / 24			38 / 33 / 25		
	3001	(= / &E0)	Power Level dB		53 / – / –			54 / – / –		
,	Outdoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A		49 / – / –			50 / – / –		
\bigsqcup		14013C (117 L / QLU)	Power Level dB		64 / – / –			65 / – / –		
L	ow Ten	p. : Capacity (kW) /	I.Power (W) / COP		2.54 / 890 / 2.8	5	3	3.12 / 1.11k / 2.8	1	
Ext	r Low To	emp. : Capacity (kW)	/ I.Power (W) / COP		2.08 / 830 / 2.5	1		2.54 / 1.02k / 2.4	9	
	Max	Current (A) / Max Inp	put Power (W)		4.8 / 1.01k			6.8 / 1.55k		
		Starting Curren	t (A)		3.30			4.60		

	٥					CS-UZ35VKE	
	Outdoor			Model	CU-UZ25VKE	CU-UZ35VKE	
		Т	уре		Hermetic Motor / Rotary	Hermetic Motor / Rotary	
Con	mpressor	Moto	or Type		Brushless (6-poles)	Brushless (6-poles)	
	ĺ	Outpu	ıt Power	W	500	500	
		Туре			Cross-flow Fan	Cross-flow Fan	
		Material			ASG20K1	ASG20K1	
	М	otor Typ	е		DC (8-poles)	DC (8-poles)	
	In	put Pow	er	W	47.3	47.3	
	Output Power			W	40	40	
		QLo	Cool	rpm	580	580	
-an		ğ	Heat	rpm	710	770	
Indoor Fan		Lo	Cool	rpm	730	800	
<u>n</u>		LO	Heat	rpm	770	950	
	Speed	Me	Cool	rpm	900	960	
	Speed	IVIE	Heat	rpm	950	1050	
		Hi	Cool	rpm	1080	1120	
		Ē	Heat	rpm	1140	1160	
	ĺ	SHi	Cool	rpm	1130	1220	
		ЭПІ	Heat	rpm	1190	1230	
		Туре			Propeller Fan	Propeller Fan	
		Material			PP	PP	
Fan	М	Motor Type			DC (8-poles)	DC (8-poles)	
loor	In	put Pow	er	W	_	-	
Outdoor Fan	Ou	tput Pov	ver	W	40	40	
	Spood	Hi Cool		rpm	820	860	
	Speed Hi		Heat	rpm	820	860	
	Moistu	Moisture Removal		L/h (Pt/h)	1.5 (3.2)	1.9 (4.0)	
		Cool		m³/min (ft³/min)	4.90 (173)	4.90 (173)	
		QLo	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	6.30 (222)	6.95 (245)	
		1.0	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	6.52 (230)	7.28 (257)	
		Lo	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	6.95 (245)	8.90 (314)	
	ndoor	Ma	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.41 (297)	9.00 (318)	
Α	Airflow	Me	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.95 (316)	10.03 (354)	
	ĺ	111	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	10.30 (365)	10.70 (380)	
		Hi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.00 (390)	11.20 (395)	
	ĺ	CI.:	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	10.84 (383)	11.81 (417)	
		SHi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.49 (406)	11.92 (421)	
0	outdoor	1.16	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	30.50 (1075)	31.10 (1100)	
_ A	Airflow	Η̈́	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	30.50 (1075)	31.10 (1100)	
		Contro	ol Device		Expansion Valve	Expansion Valve	
	frigerant Cycle	Refrig	erant Oil	cm ³	Ester Oil VG74 (260)	Ester Oil VG74 (260)	
	_,5.5	Refrige	rant Type	g (oz)	R32, 580 (20.5)	R32, 670 (23.7)	
			G	WP	675	675	
F	F-Gas		(Precharg	eq (ton) ed Amount / n Amount)	0.392 / 0.442	0.452 / 0.503	

		Indoor		Model	CS-UZ	25VKE	CS-UZ3	35VKE
	C	Outdoo	r	Model	CU-UZ	25VKE	CU-UZ:	35VKE
			Height (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	290 (11-7/16) /	542 (21-11/32)	290 (11-7/16) /	542 (21-11/32)
D	imension	Unit	Width (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	850 (33-15/32) / 780 (30-23/32)		850 (33-15/32) / 780 (30-23/32)	
			Depth (I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	199 (7-27/32) /	289 (11-13/32)	199 (7-27/32) /	289 (11-13/32)
	Weight	Net	(I/D / O/D)	kg (lb)	8 (18) /	26 (57)	8 (18) /	27 (60)
	Pipe Diar	neter (I	_iquid / Gas)	mm (inch)	6.35 (1/4) /	9.52 (3/8)	6.35 (1/4) /	9.52 (3/8)
	Sta	ındard l	_ength	m (ft)	5.0 (′	16.4)	5.0 (1	6.4)
Piping	Length F	Range ((min – max)	m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~	15 (49.2)	3 (9.8) ~	15 (49.2)
Pip	I/D & O/	'D Heig	ht Different	m (ft)	15.0 (49.2)	15.0 (49.2)
	Additio	onal Ga	s Amount	g/m (oz/ft)	10 (0.1)	10 (0	0.1)
	Length	for Add	itional Gas	m (ft)	7.5 (2	24.6)	7.5 (2	24.6)
Dr	ain Hose	Inne	Diameter	mm	16	.7	16	.7
וט	aiii i iose	Length		mm	65	50	65	0
		Fin Material			Aluminium (Pre Coat)		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
	Indoor Heat	Fin Type			Slit	Fin	Slit Fin	
Ex	changer	Row × Stage × FPI			2 × 15	5 × 17	2 × 15	× 17
		Size (W×H×L)	mm	610 × 31	5 × 25.4	610 × 31	5 × 25.4
		Fin	Material		Aluminium	(Pre Coat)	Aluminium	(Pre Coat)
(Outdoor Heat	Fin Type			Corruga	ated Fin	Corruga	ted Fin
Ex		Row × Stage × FPI			1 × 24 × 17		1 × 24:12 × 17	
		Size (W × H × L)		mm	18.2 × 504 × 710		36.4 × 504 × 713:684	
^	ir Filter	Material			Polypropelene		Polypropelene	
	ui i iitei		Туре		One-touch		One-t	ouch
	Pov	ver Sup	ply		Inde	oor	Indo	oor
	Power	Supply	/ Cord		N	il	N	il
	Th	ermost	at		Electroni	c Contol	Electroni	c Contol
	Prote	ction D	evice		Electroni	c Contol	Electroni	c Contol
					Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb	Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)
In	door Ope		Cooming	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)
	Range)	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	30 (86.0)	-	30 (86.0)	_
			riodanig	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	-	16 (60.8)	-
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)
Οι	ıtdoor Ope		Cooming	Minimum °C (°F)	-10 (14.0)	_	-10 (14.0)	_
	Range	;	Heating	Maximum °C (°F)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)
			ricating	Minimum °C (°F)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)

Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27°C Dry Bulb (80.6°F Dry Bulb), 19.0°C Wet Bulb (66.2°F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35°C Dry Bulb (95°F Dry Bulb), 24°C Wet Bulb (75.2°F Wet Bulb)
 Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb

- 3. Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C.
- 4. Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
- 5. Standby power consumption ≤ 2.0W (when switched OFF by remote control, except under self-protection control).
- 6. Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement.
- 7. If the EUROVENT Certified models can be operated under the "extra-low" temperature condition, -7°C DB and -8°C WB temperature with rated voltage 230V shall be used.
- 8. The annual consumption is calculated by multiplying the input power by an average of 500 hours per year in cooling mode.
- 9. SEER and SCOP classification is at 230V only in accordance with EN-14825. For heating, SCOP indicates the value of only Average heating season. Other fiche data indicates in an attached sheet.

Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)

		Indoor	Model		CS-UZ50VKE		
	(Outdoor	Model		CU-UZ50VKE		
		Performance Test C	Condition		EUROVENT		
	-	0 1	Phase, Hz		Single, 50		
	Po	wer Supply	V		230		
		-		Min.	Mid.	Max.	
			kW	0.98	5.00	5.40	
		Capacity	BTU/h	3340	17100	18400	
			kcal/h	840	4300	4640	
		inning Current	Α	-	7.50	_	
		Input Power	W	285	1.65k	1.86k	
		ual Consumption		_	825	_	
	[EER CLASS		-	В	_	
		550	W/W	3.44	3.03	2.90	
ng		EER	BTU/hW	11.72	10.36	9.89	
Cooling		Ddooign	kcal/hW kW	2.95	2.61 5.0	2.49	
0		Pdesign SEER	(W/W)		6.5		
	ErP	Annual					
		Consumption	kWh		269		
		Class			A++		
	F	Power Factor	%	_	7.7		
	Indoor Noise (H / L / QLo)		dB-A		44 / 37 / 34		
			Power Level dB dB-A		60 / - / - 48 / - / -		
	Outdoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	Power Level dB		63 / – / –		
			kW	0.98	5.40	7.50	
		Capacity	BTU/h	3340	18400	25600	
	Running Current		kcal/h	840	4640	6450	
			A	-	7.20	-	
-		Input Power	W				
-		COP CLASS	VV	350	1.58k B	2.45k	
		COP CLASS	10/00/	2.00		- 2.00	
		000	W/W	2.80	3.42	3.06	
		COP	BTU/hW	9.54	11.65	10.45	
Вu			kcal/hW	2.40	2.94	2.63	
Heating		Pdesign	kW		4.0		
T		Tbivalent	°C		-10		
	ErP	SCOP	(W/W)		3.9		
		Annual Consumption	kWh		1436		
		Class			Α		
	F	Power Factor	%		95	_	
	Indoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A		44 / 37 / 34		
	muooi	Noise (H / L / QLo)	Power Level dB		60 / – / –		
	Outdoor	Noise (H / L / QLo)	dB-A		49 / – / –		
	<u></u>		Power Level dB		64 / – / –		
l	Low Tem	np. : Capacity (kW) /	I.Power (W) / COP		5.43 / 2.17k / 2.50		
Ext	tr Low T	emp. : Capacity (kW)	/ I.Power (W) / COP	4.58 / 2.10k / 2.18			
	Max	Current (A) / Max Inp	put Power (W)		10.7 / 2.45k		
		Starting Curren	t (A)		7.50		

	lr	ndoor		Model	CS-UZ50VKE
	Oı	utdoor		Model	CU-UZ50VKE
		Т	уре		Hermetic Motor / Rotary
Со	mpressor	Moto	or Type		Brushless (4-poles)
		Outpu	ıt Power	W	900
		Туре			Cross-flow Fan
		Material			ASG20K1
	М	lotor Typ	ре		DC (8-poles)
	Input Power			W	47.3
	Ou	tput Pov	wer	W	40
		QLo	Cool	rpm	900
-an		QLO	Heat	rpm	960
Indoor Fan		Lo	Cool	rpm	960
Inde		LO	Heat	rpm	1030
	Space	Me	Cool	rpm	1090
	Speed	ivie	Heat	rpm	1170
			Cool	rpm	1230
		Hi	Heat	rpm	1320
		CI II	Cool	rpm	1300
		SHi	Heat	rpm	1370
		Туре			Propeller Fan
		Material			PP
Fan	М	lotor Typ	ре		DC (8-poles)
Outdoor Fan	In	put Pow	er er	W	-
Outd	Ou	tput Pov	wer	W	40
		Cool		rpm	820
	Speed Hi Heat		Heat	rpm	820
	Moistu	sture Removal		L/h (Pt/h)	2.8 (5.9)
		01	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.33 (294)
		QLo	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.93 (315)
			Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	8.93 (315)
		Lo	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	9.63 (340)
	Indoor		Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	10.23 (361)
	Airflow	Me	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.03 (389)
			Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	11.60 (410)
		Hi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	12.50 (440)
		0	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	12.33 (435)
		SHi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	13.03 (460)
(Outdoor	1.11	Cool	m³/min (ft³/min)	32.7 (1155)
	Airflow	Hi	Heat	m³/min (ft³/min)	32.7 (1155)
		Contro	ol Device		Expansion Valve
Re	efrigerant Cycle	Refrig	erant Oil	cm ³	FW50S (450)
	5,00	Refrige	erant Type	g (oz)	R32, 1.14k (40.2)
			G	:WP	675
	F-Gas		(Precharg	eq (ton) ed Amount / m Amount)	0.770 / 0.845

Indoor				Model	CS-UZ5	CS-UZ50VKE	
Outdoor				Model	CU-UZ5	CU-UZ50VKE	
		(1	Height I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	290 (11-7/16) / 619 (24-3/8)		
Dimension	n U	nit (Width I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	ch) 870 (34-9/32) / 824 (32-15/32)		
		(1	Depth I/D / O/D)	mm (inch)	214 (8-7/16) / 2	214 (8-7/16) / 299 (11-25/32)	
Weight Net (I/D / O/D)			D / O/D)	kg (lb)	9 (20) / 3	9 (20) / 36 (79)	
Pipe Diameter (Liquid			juid / Gas)	mm (inch) 6.35 (1/4) / 12.70 (1/2)		2.70 (1/2)	
S	lard Length		m (ft)	5.0 (1	5.0 (16.4)		
Eugth Length	Rang	Range (min – max)		m (ft)	3 (9.8) ~ 1	3 (9.8) ~ 15 (49.2)	
를 I/D & 0	D/D H	/D Height Different		m (ft)	15.0 (4	15.0 (49.2)	
Addi	tional	onal Gas Amount		g/m (oz/ft)	15 (0	15 (0.2)	
Lengt	h for A	or Additional Gas		m (ft)	7.5 (2·	7.5 (24.6)	
Drain Hose		Inner Diameter		mm	16.	16.7	
Dialii nose		Length		mm	650	650	
		Fin Material			Aluminium (Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
Indoor Heat Exchanger		Fin Type			Slit F	Slit Fin	
	Rov	Row × Stage × FPI			2 × 15	2 × 15 × 21	
	Siz	Size (W × H × L)		mm	610 × 315	610 × 315 × 25.4	
		Fin Material			Aluminium (Aluminium (Pre Coat)	
Outdoor Heat Exchanger		Fin Type			Corrugat	Corrugated Fin	
	Rov	Row × Stage × FPI			2 × 28	2 × 28 × 17	
	Siz	Size (W × H × L)		mm	36.38 × 588 ×	36.38 × 588 × 856.3:827.7	
Air Filter		Material			Polyprop	Polypropelene	
All Filler		Туре			One-to	One-touch	
Power Supply			у		Indo	Indoor	
Power Supply Cord			Cord		Nil	Nil	
Thermostat					Electronic	Electronic Contol	
Protection Device			ice		Electronic	Electronic Contol	
					Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb	
			Cooling	Maximum °C (°F)	32 (89.6)	23 (73.4)	
Indoor Op	eratio			Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	11 (51.8)	
Rang			Hostina	Maximum °C (°F)	30 (86.0)	-	
			Heating -	Minimum °C (°F)	16 (60.8)	-	
Outdoor Operation Range		Cooling -		Maximum °C (°F)	43 (109.4)	26 (78.8)	
				Minimum °C (°F)	-10 (14.0)	-	
			Maximum °C (°F)	24 (75.2)	18 (64.4)		
			Heating	Minimum °C (°F)	-15 (5.0)	-16 (3.2)	

- Cooling capacities are based on indoor temperature of 27°C Dry Bulb (80.6°F Dry Bulb), 19.0°C Wet Bulb (66.2°F Wet Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 35°C Dry Bulb (95°F Dry Bulb), 24°C Wet Bulb (75.2°F Wet Bulb) 1.
- Heating capacities are based on indoor temperature of 20°C Dry Bulb (68°F Dry Bulb) and outdoor air temperature of 7°C Dry Bulb (44.6°F Dry Bulb), 6°C Wet Bulb (42.8°F Wet Bulb)
- Heating low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor 2/1°C.
- Heating extreme low temperature capacity, Input Power and COP measured at 230 V, indoor temperature of 20°C, outdoor -7/-8°C.
- 5. Standby power consumption ≤ 2.0W (when switched OFF by remote control, except under self-protection control).
- 6.
- Specifications are subjected to change without prior notice for further improvement.

 If the EUROVENT Certified models can be operated under the "extra-low" temperature condition, -7°C DB and -8°C WB temperature with 7. rated voltage 230V shall be used.
- The annual consumption is calculated by multiplying the input power by an average of 500 hours per year in cooling mode.
- SEER and SCOP classification is at 230V only in accordance with EN-14825. For heating, SCOP indicates the value of only Average heating 9. season. Other fiche data indicates in an attached sheet.

4. Features

Inverter Technology

- Wider output power range
- Energy saving
- Quick Cooling
- Quick Heating
- More precise temperature control

• Environment Protection

Non-ozone depletion substances refrigerant (R32)

Long Installation Piping

Long piping up to 15 meters

Easy to use remote control

Quality Improvement

- o Random auto restart after power failure for safety restart operation
- Gas leakage protection
- o Prevent compressor reverse cycle
- Inner protector to protect compressor

• Operation Improvement

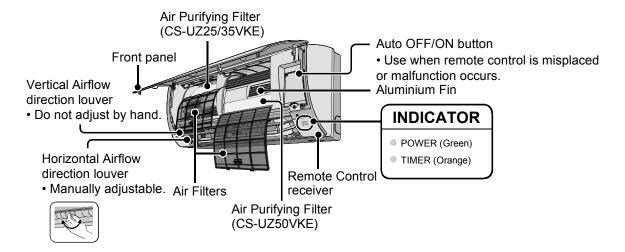
- Quiet mode to reduce the indoor unit operation sound
- Powerful mode to reach the desired room temperature quickly

• Serviceability Improvement

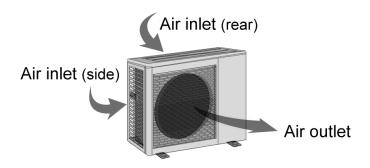
- o Activation and Deactivation Method for Heating Only Mode
- o Breakdown Self Diagnosis function

5. Location of Controls and Components

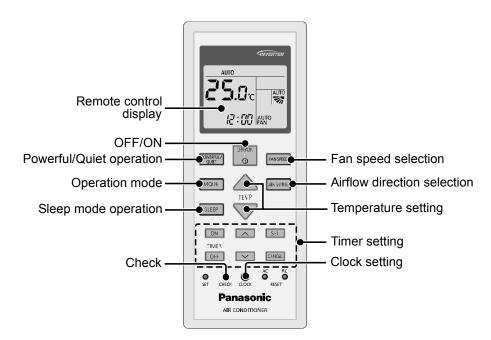
5.1 Indoor Unit



5.2 Outdoor Unit



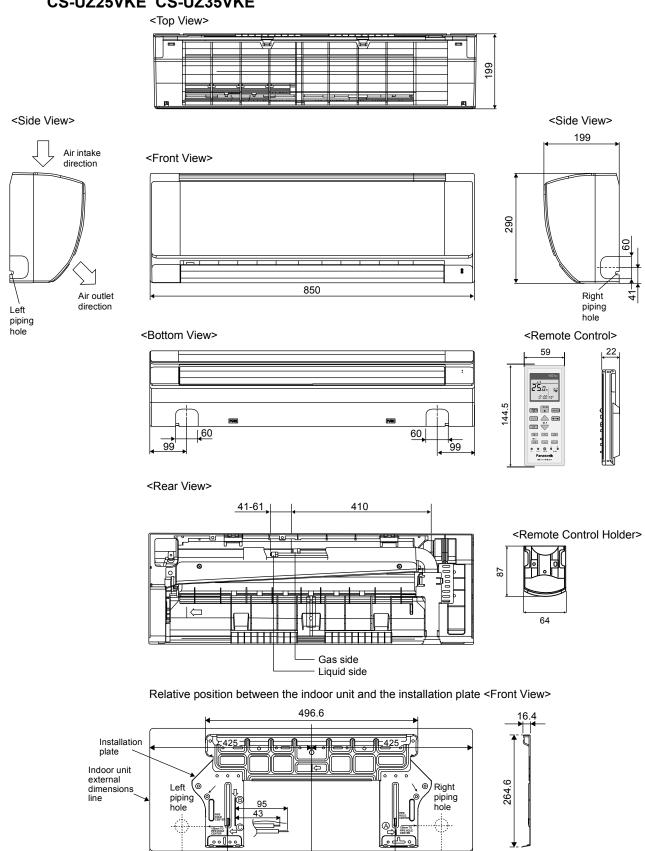
5.3 Remote Control



6. Dimensions

6.1 Indoor Unit & Remote Control

6.1.1 CS-DZ25VKE CS-DZ35VKE CS-PZ25VKE CS-PZ35VKE CS-UZ25VKE CS-UZ35VKE

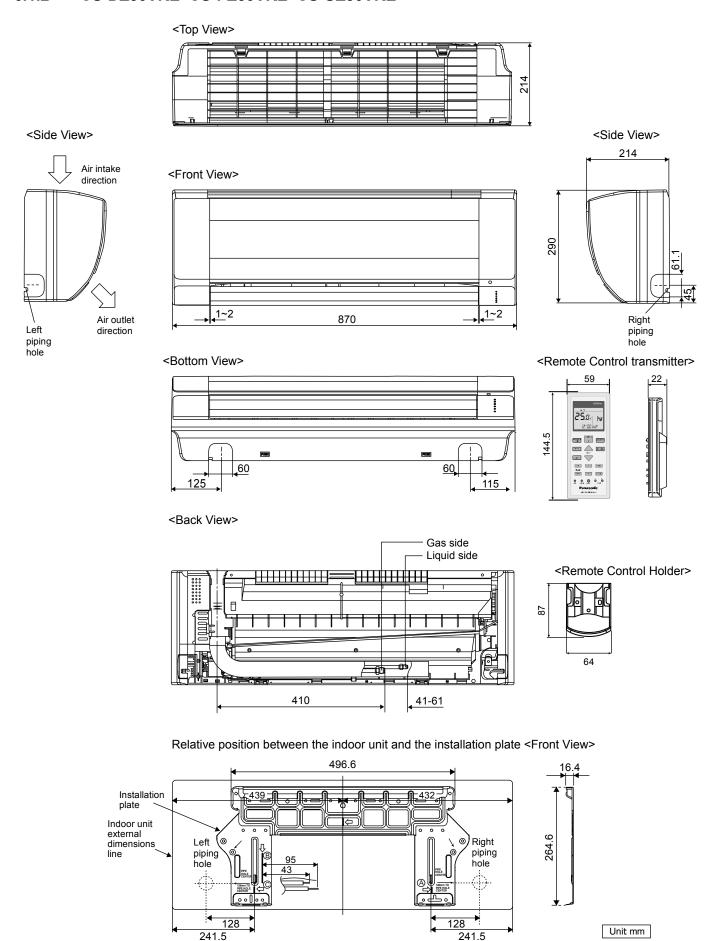


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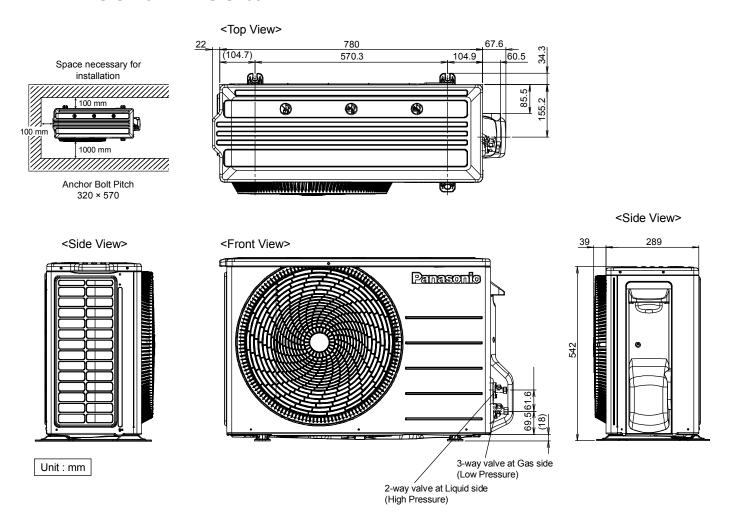
Unit mm

6.1.2 CS-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CS-UZ50VKE

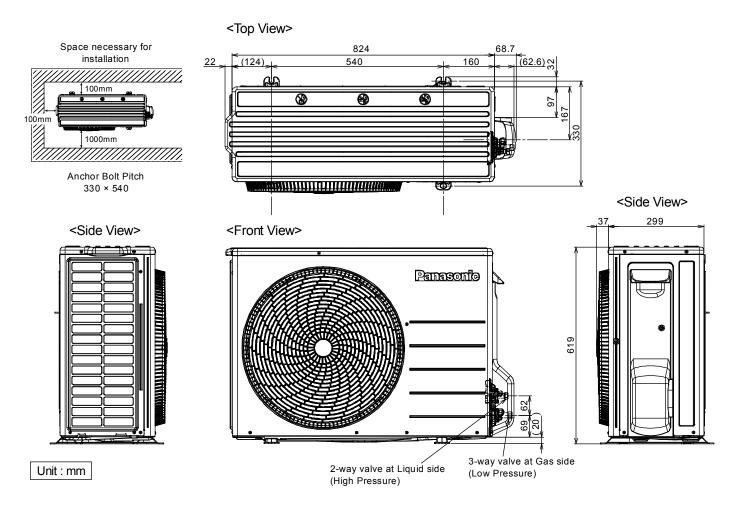


6.2 Outdoor Unit

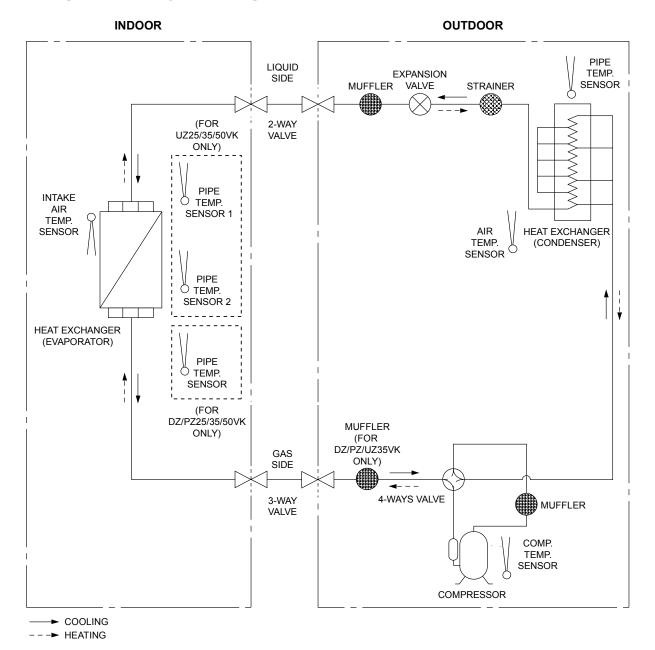
6.2.1 CU-DZ25VKE CU-DZ35VKE CU-PZ25VKE CU-PZ35VKE CU-UZ25VKE CU-UZ35VKE



6.2.2 CU-DZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE

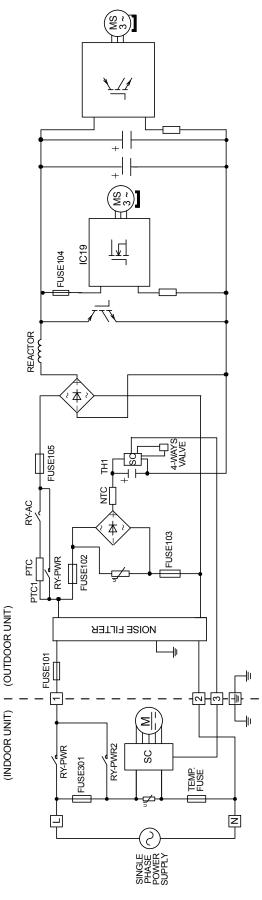


7. Refrigeration Cycle Diagram

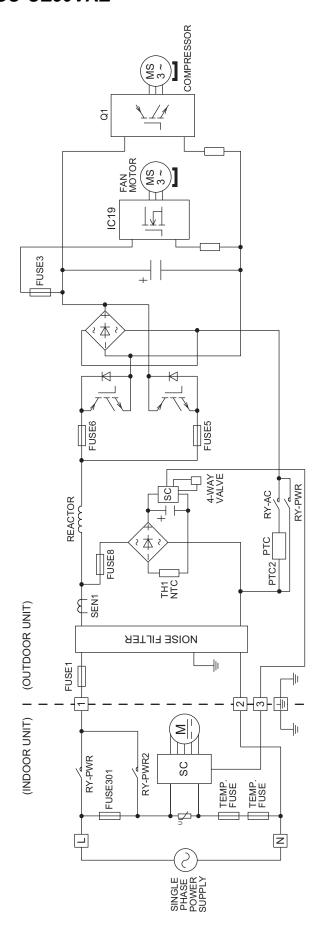


8. Block Diagram

8.1 CS-DZ25VKE CU-DZ25VKE CS-DZ35VKE CU-DZ35VKE CS-PZ25VKE CU-PZ25VKE CS-PZ35VKE CU-PZ35VKE CS-UZ25VKE CU-UZ25VKE CS-UZ35VKE CU-UZ35VKE



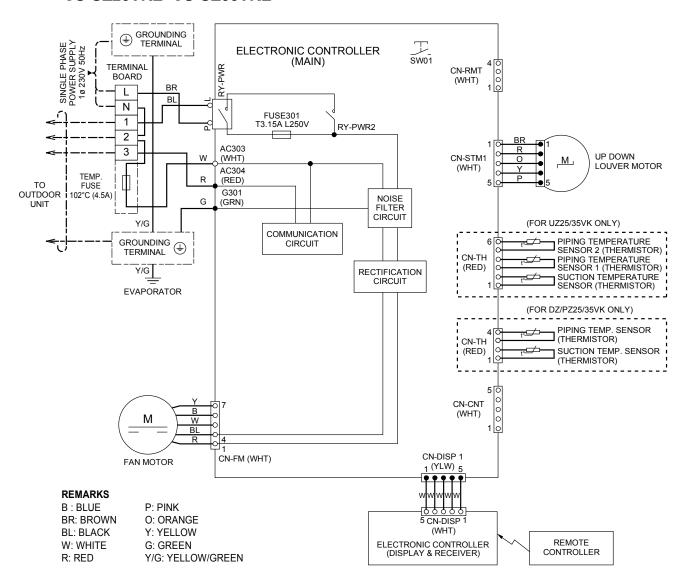
8.2 CS-DZ50VKE CU-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE CS-UZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE



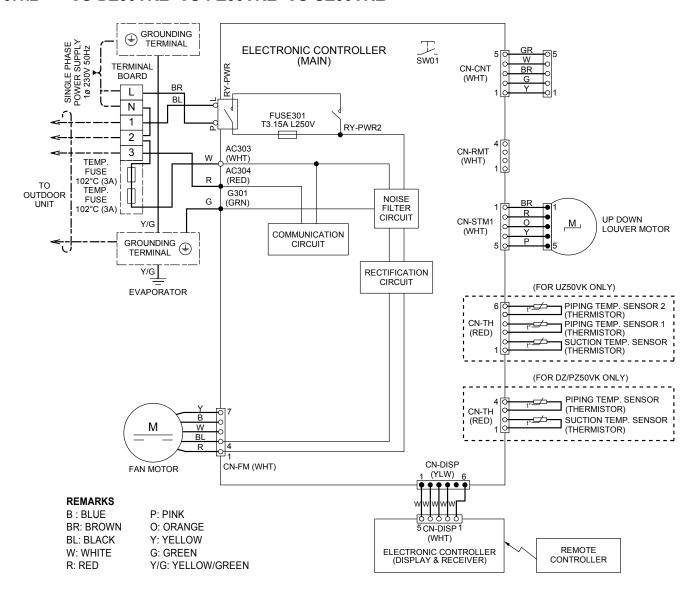
9. Wiring Connection Diagram

9.1 Indoor Unit

9.1.1 CS-DZ25VKE CS-DZ35VKE CS-PZ25VKE CS-PZ35VKE CS-UZ25VKE CS-UZ35VKE

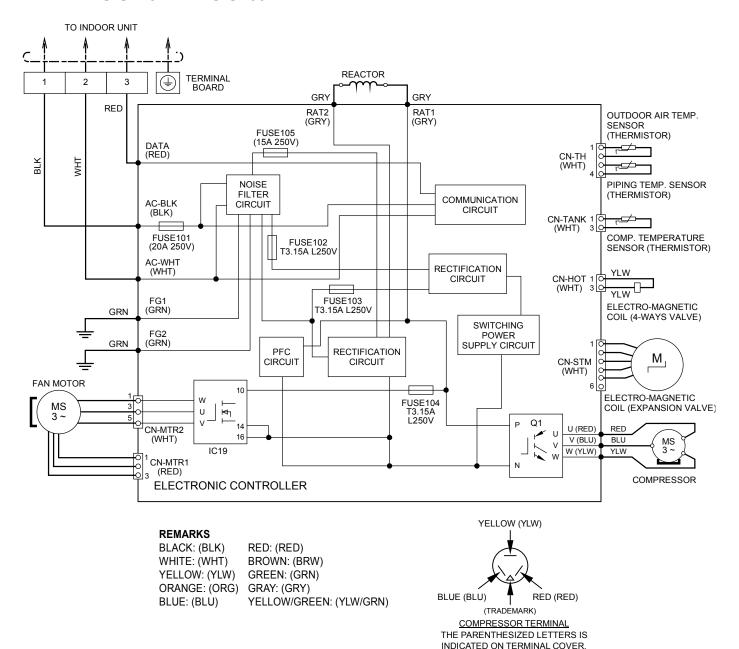


9.1.2 CS-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CS-UZ50VKE



9.2 Outdoor Unit

9.2.1 CU-DZ25VKE CU-DZ35VKE CU-PZ25VKE CU-PZ35VKE CU-UZ25VKE CU-UZ35VKE

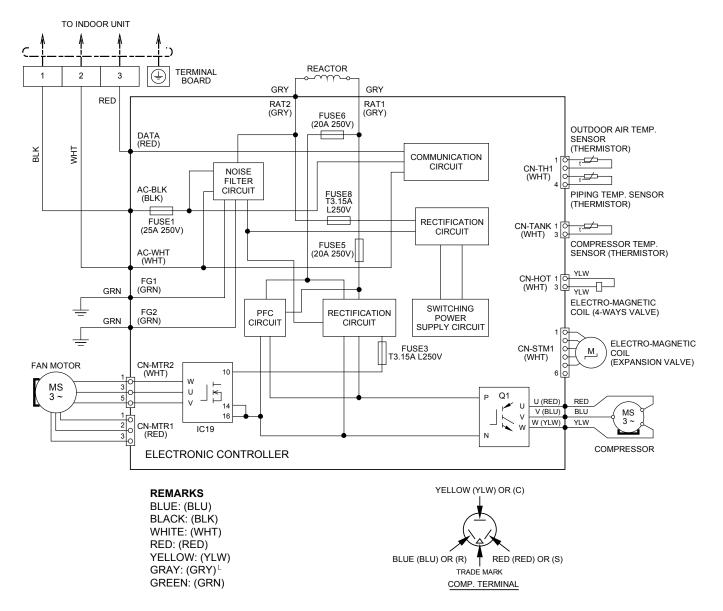


Resistance of Compressor Windings

	=	
MODEL	DZ/PZ/UZ25/35VK	
CONNECTION	KSK75D43UEE	
U-V	2.18 Ω	
U-W	2.18 Ω	
V-W	2.18 Ω	

Note: Resistance at 20°C of ambient temperature.

9.2.2 CU-DZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE



Resistance of Compressor Windings

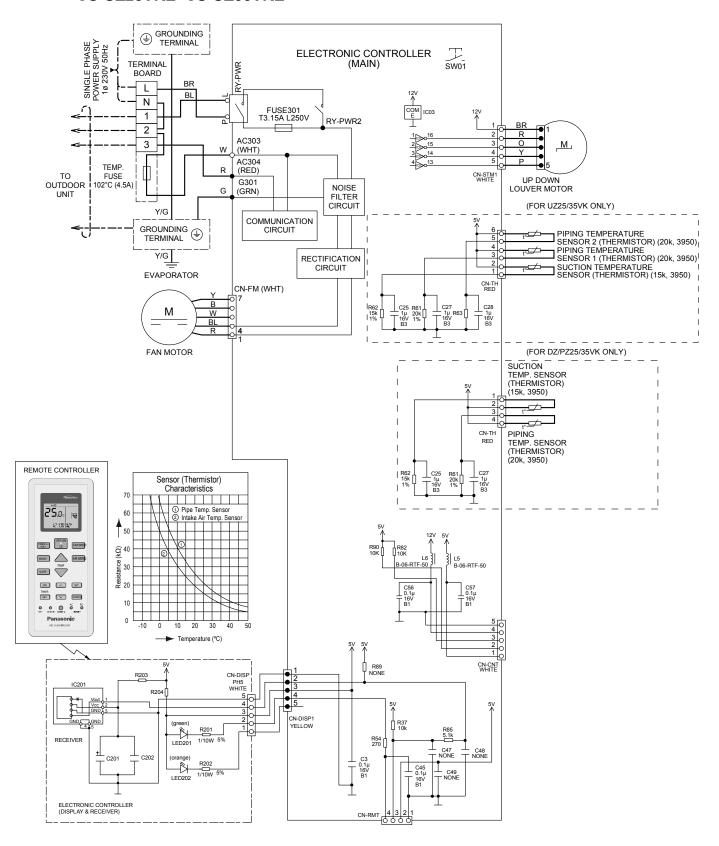
MODEL	DZ/PZ/UZ50VK		
CONNECTION	9RD132XAB21		
U-V	1.897 Ω		
U-W	1.907 Ω		
V-W	1.882 Ω		

Note: Resistance at 20°C of ambient temperature.

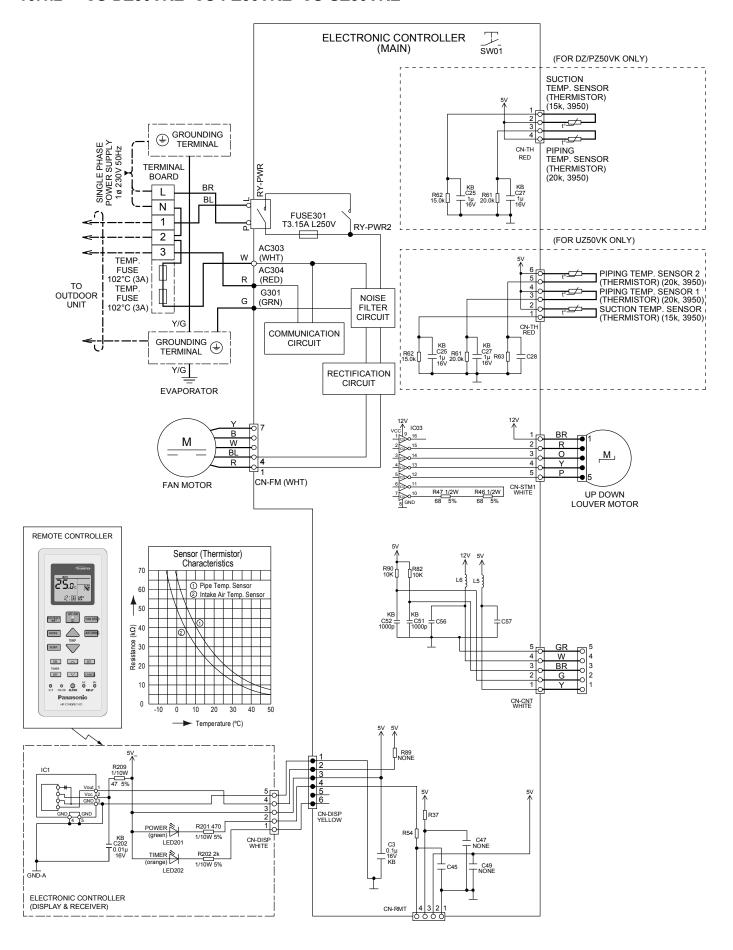
10. Electronic Circuit Diagram

10.1 Indoor Unit

10.1.1 CS-DZ25VKE CS-DZ35VKE CS-PZ25VKE CS-PZ35VKE CS-UZ25VKE CS-UZ35VKE

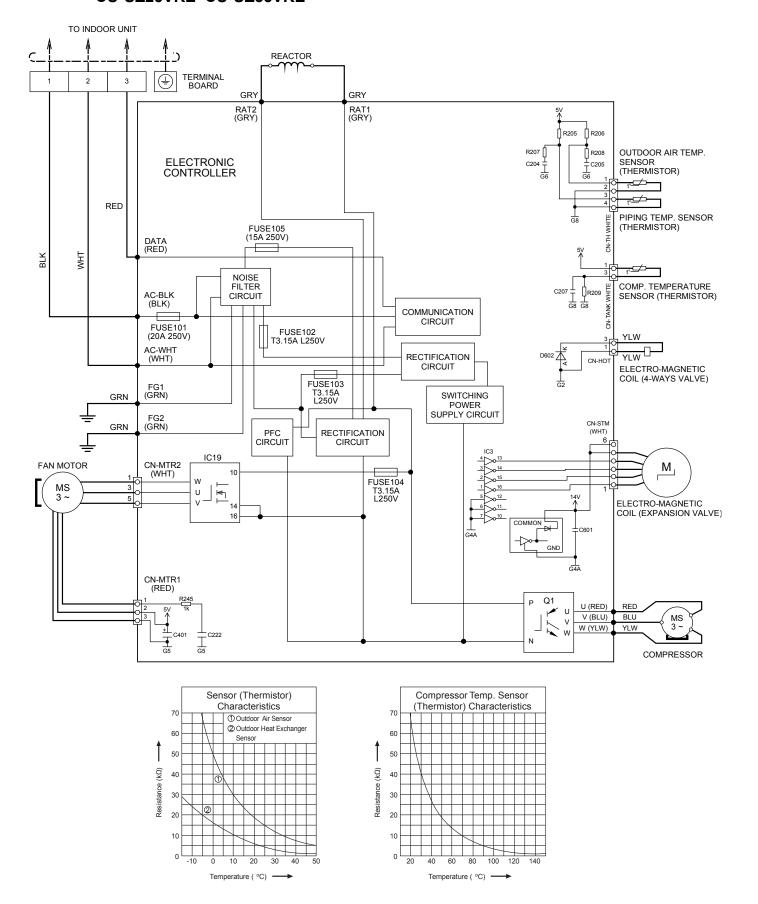


10.1.2 CS-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CS-UZ50VKE

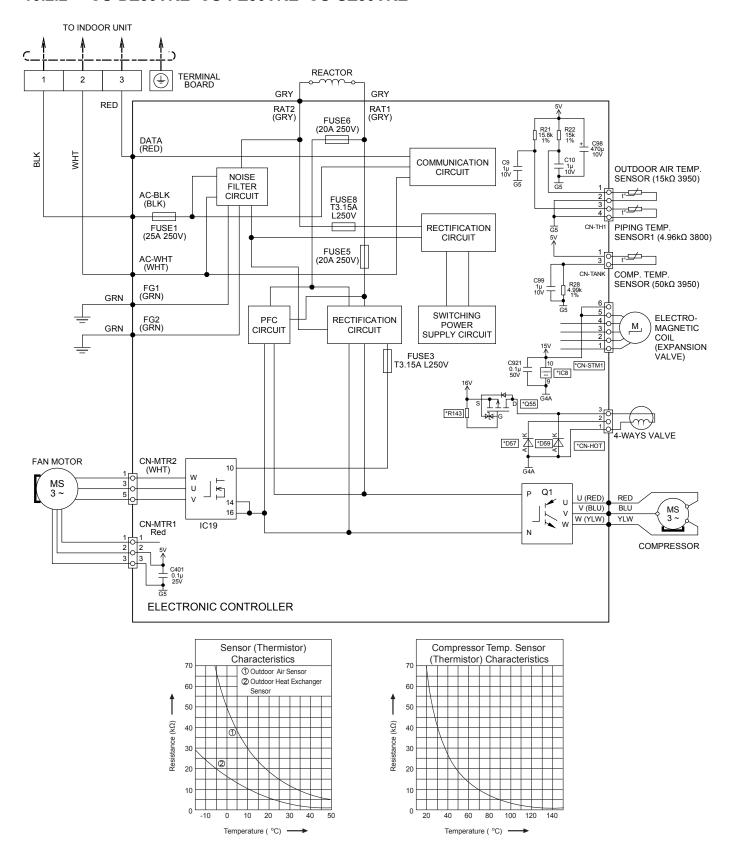


10.2 Outdoor Unit

10.2.1 CU-DZ25VKE CU-DZ35VKE CU-PZ25VKE CU-PZ35VKE CU-UZ25VKE CU-UZ35VKE



10.2.2 CU-DZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE

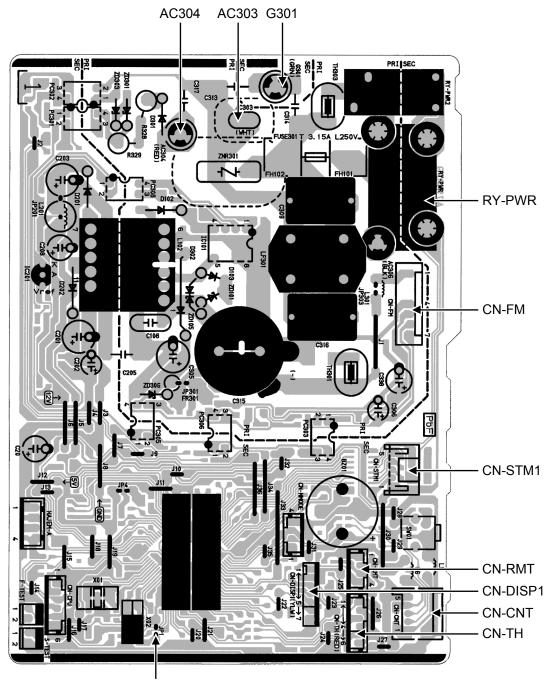


11. Printed Circuit Board

11.1 Indoor Unit

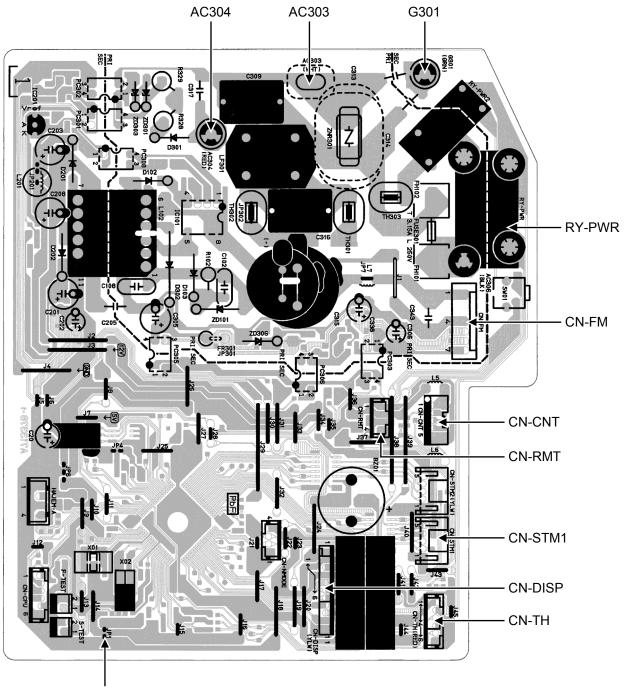
11.1.1 Main Printed Circuit Board

11.1.1.1 CS-DZ25VKE CS-DZ35VKE CS-PZ25VKE CS-PZ35VKE CS-UZ25VKE CS-UZ35VKE



JP1 (Random Auto Restart enable/disable)

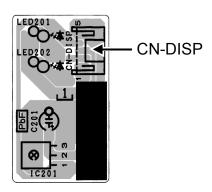
11.1.1.2 CS-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CS-UZ50VKE



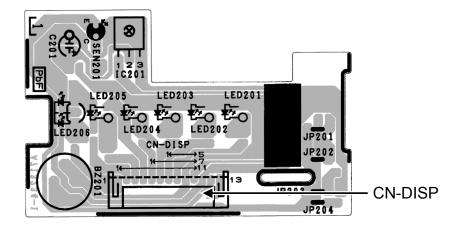
JP1 (Random Auto Restart enable/disable)

11.1.2 Indicator & Receiver Printed Circuit Board

11.1.2.1 CS-DZ25VKE CS-DZ35VKE CS-PZ25VKE CS-PZ35VKE CS-UZ25VKE CS-UZ35VKE



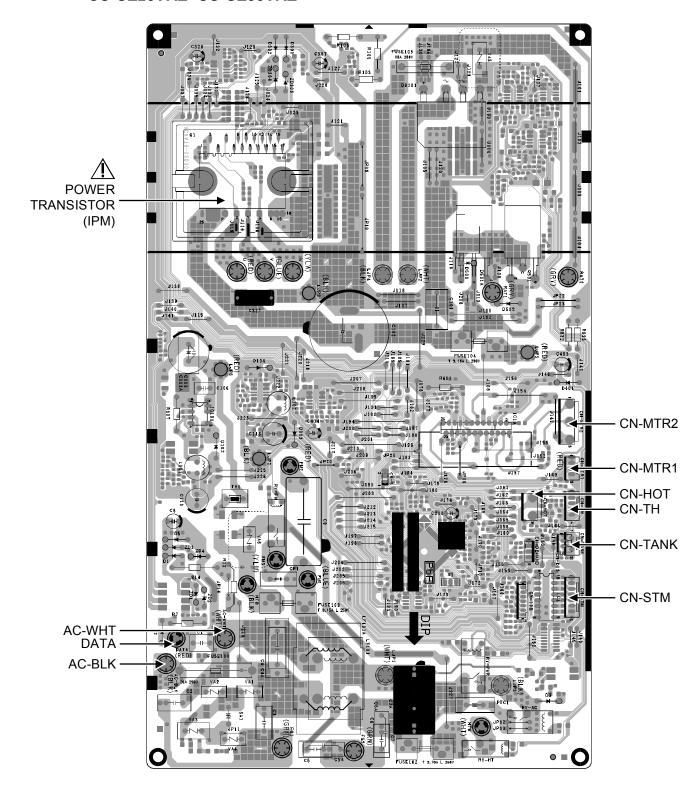
11.1.2.2 CS-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CS-UZ50VKE



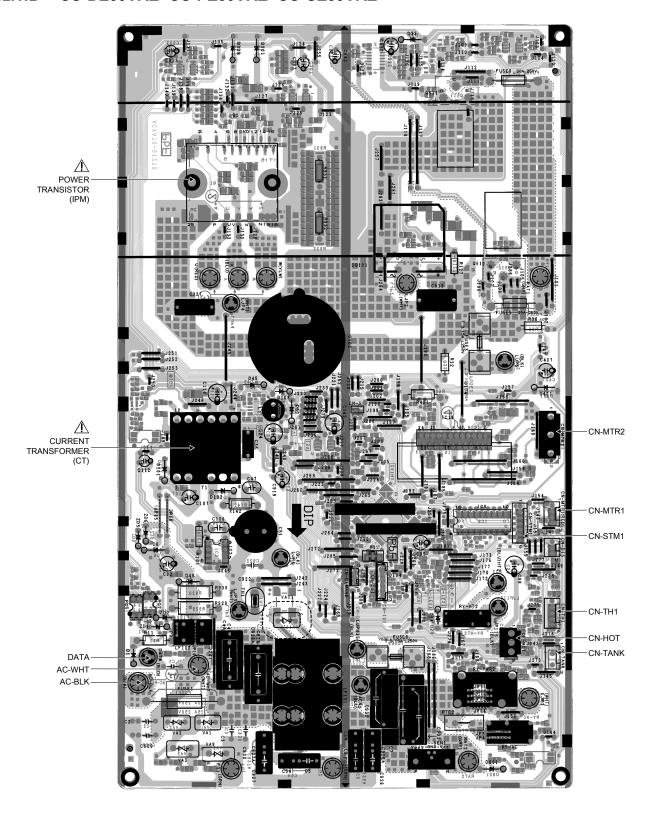
11.2 Outdoor Unit

11.2.1 Main Printed Circuit Board

11.2.1.1 CU-DZ25VKE CU-DZ35VKE CU-PZ25VKE CU-PZ35VKE CU-UZ25VKE CU-UZ35VKE



11.2.1.2 CU-DZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE



12.Installation Instruction

12.1 Select the Best Location

12.1.1 Indoor Unit

- Do not install the unit in excessive oil fume area such as kitchen, workshop and etc.
- There should not be any heat source or steam near the unit.
- There should not be any obstacles blocking the air circulation.
- A place where air circulation in the room is good.
- A place where drainage can be easily done.
- A place where noise prevention is taken into consideration.
- Do not install the unit near the door way.
- Ensure the spaces indicated by arrows from the wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.
- Indoor unit of this air conditioner shall be installed in a height of at least 1.8 m.

12.1.2 Outdoor Unit

- If an awning is built over the unit to prevent direct sunlight or rain, be careful that heat radiation from the condenser is not obstructed.
- There should not be any animal or plant which could be affected by hot air discharged.
- Keep the spaces indicated by arrows from wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.
- Do not place any obstacles which may cause a short circuit of the discharged air.
- If piping length is over the [piping length for additional gas], additional refrigerant should be added as shown in the table.

Table A

Capacity Piping s	size Std.		Max.	Min.	Max.	Additional	Piping Length	Max.			
Model	(HP)	Gas	Liquid		Elevation (m)	Piping Length (m)	Piping Length (m)	Refrigerant (g/m)	for add. gas (m)	Refrigerant Charge (kg)	Indoor A _{min} (m²)
PZ25***, UZ25***, DZ25***	1.0HP				15	3	15	10	7.5	0.66	Not applicable (*)
PZ35***, UZ35***, DZ35***	1.5HP	9.52mm (3/8")	6.35mm (1/4")	5	15	3	15	10	7.5	0.75	Not applicable (*)
PZ50***, UZ50***, DZ50***	2.0HP				15	3	15	15	7.5	1.25	Not applicable (*)

(*) Systems with total refrigerant charge, m_c , lower than 1.84kg are not subjected to any room area requirements.

Example: For PZ25***

If the unit is installed at 10 m distance, the quantity of additional refrigerant should be 25 g (10-7.5) m x 10 g/m = 25 g.

 $A_{min} = (m_c / (2.5 \times (LFL)^{(5/4)} \times h_0))^2$ ** not less than safety factor margin

 A_{min} = Required minimum room area, in m²

 m_c = Refrigerant charge amount in appliance, in kg

LFL = Lower flammability limit (0.307 kg/m³)

h₀ = Installation height of the appliance (1.8 m for wall mounted)

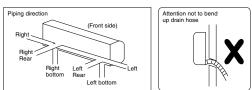
SF = Safety factor with a value of 0.75

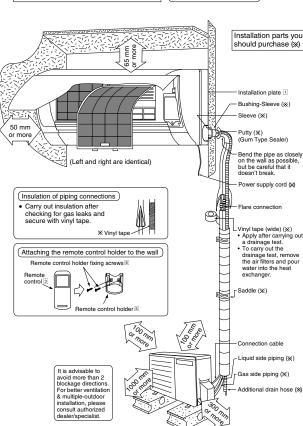
** The required minimum room area, A_{\min} , shall also be governed by the safety factor margin formula below:

 $A_{min} = m_c / (SF \times LFL \times h_0)$

The higher value shall be taken when determining the room area.

12.1.3 Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram



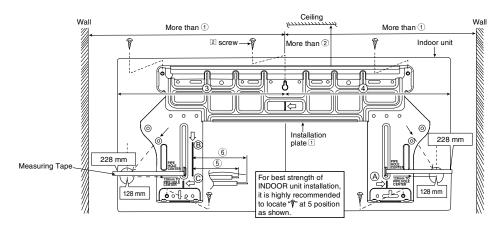


• This illustration is for explanation purposes only. The indoor unit will actually face a different way.

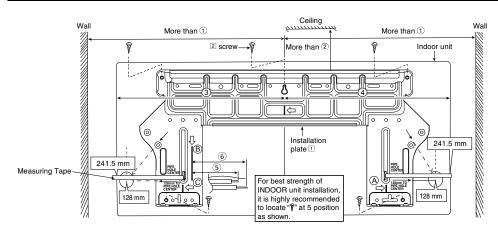
12.2 Indoor Unit

12.2.1 How to Fix Installation Plate

The mounting wall shall be strong and solid enough to prevent it from vibration.



Madal	Dimension					
Model	1	2	3	4	(5)	6
PZ25***, UZ25***, DZ25*** PZ35***, UZ35***, DZ35***	480 mm	90 mm	425 mm	425 mm	43 mm	95 mm



Model	Dimension					
Model	1	2	3	4	5	6
PZ50***, UZ50***,DZ50***	490 mm	85 mm	439 mm	432 mm	43 mm	95 mm

The center of installation plate should be at more than ① at right and left of the wall.

The distance from installation plate edge to ceiling should more than 2.

From installation plate center to unit's left side is 3.

From installation plate center to unit's right side is 4.

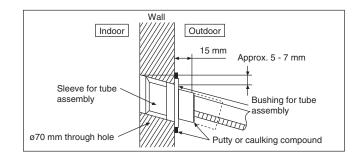
- B : For left side piping, piping connection for liquid should be about 5 from this line.
 - : For left side piping, piping connection for gas should be about 6 from this line.
 - 1 Mount the installation plate on the wall with 5 screws or more (at least 5 screws). (If mounting the unit on the concrete wall, consider using anchor bolts.)
 - Always mount the installation plate horizontally by aligning the marking-off line with the thread and using a level gauge.
 - 2 Drill the piping plate hole with ø70 mm hole-core drill.
 - Line according to the left and right side of the installation plate.
 - The meeting point of the extended line is the center of the hole.
 - Another method is by putting measuring tape at position as shown in the diagram above.
 - The hole center is obtained by measuring the distance namely 128 mm for left and right hole respectively.
 - Drill the piping hole at either the right or the left and the hole should be slightly slanting to the outdoor side.

12.2.2 To Drill a Hole in the Wall and Install a Sleeve of Piping

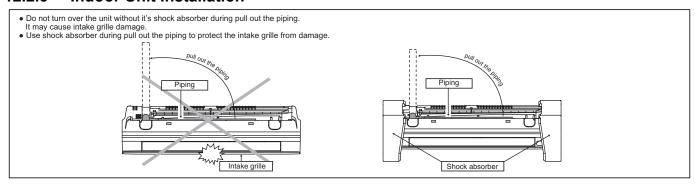
- 1 Insert the piping sleeve to the hole.
- 2 Fix the bushing to the sleeve.
- 3 Cut the sleeve until it extrudes about 15 mm from the wall.

A CAUTION

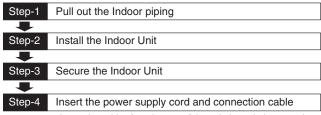
- When the wall is hollow, please be sure to use the sleeve for tube assembly to prevent dangers caused by mice biting the connection cable.
 - 4 Finish by sealing the sleeve with putty or caulking compound at the final stage.



12.2.3 Indoor Unit Installation



12.2.3.1 For the Right Rear Piping



 Insert the cables from bottom of the unit through the control board hole until terminal board area.

12.2.3.2 For the Right and Right Bottom Piping

Step-1	Pull out the Indoor piping
•	
Step-2	Install the Indoor Unit
-	
Step-3	Insert the power supply cord and connection cable
•	 Insert the cables from bottom of the unit through the control board hole until terminal board area.
Step-4	Secure the Indoor Unit

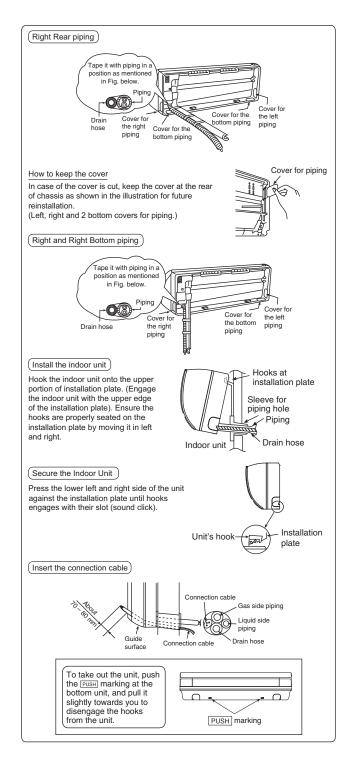
12.2.3	3.3 For the Embedded Piping
Step-1	Replace the drain hose
Step-2	Bend the embedded piping
•	 Use a spring bender or equivalent to bend the piping so that the piping is not crushed.
Step-3	Pull the connection cable into Indoor Unit
•	 The power supply cord and indoor unit and outdoor unit connection cable can be connected without removing the front grille.
Step-4	Cut and flare the embedded piping
•	 When determining the dimensions of the piping, slide the unit all the way to the left on the installation plate. Refer to the section "Cutting and flaring the piping".
Step-5	Install the Indoor Unit
-	
Step-6	Connect the piping
•	Please refer to "Connecting the piping" column in outdoor unit section. (Below steps are done after connecting the outdoor piping and gas-leakage confirmation.)

Please refer to "Insulation of piping connection" column as mentioned in indoor/outdoor unit installation.

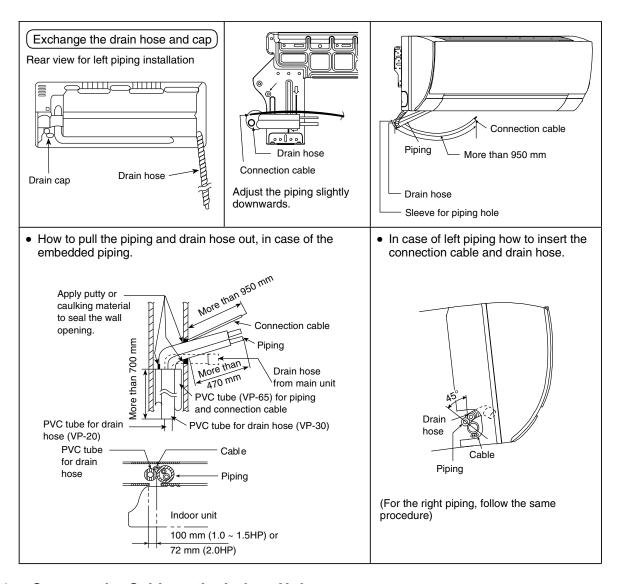
Insulate and finish the piping

Secure the Indoor Unit

Step-8



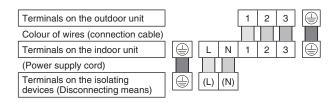
(This can be used for left rear piping and bottom piping also.)

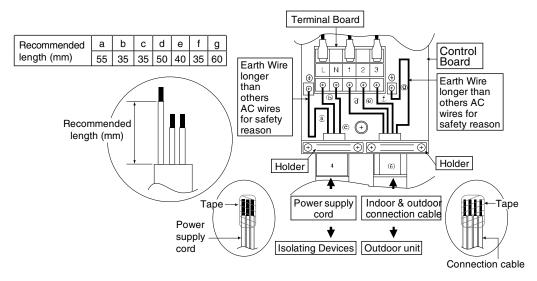


12.2.4 Connect the Cable to the Indoor Unit

The power supply cord, indoor and outdoor unit connection cable can be connected without removing the front grille.

- 1 Install the indoor unit on the installing holder that mounted on the wall.
- 2 Open the front panel and grille door by loosening the screw.
- 3 Cable connection to the power supply through Isolating Devices (Disconnecting means).
 - Connect the approved polychloroprene sheathed **power supply cord** 3 × 1.5 mm² (1.0 ~ 1.5HP) or 3 × 2.5 mm² (2.0HP), type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord to the terminal board, and connect the other end of the cable to Isolating Devices (Disconnecting means).
 - Do not use joint power supply cord. Replace the wire if the existing wire (from concealed wiring, or otherwise) is too short.
 - In unavoidable case, joining of power supply cord between isolating devices and terminal board of air conditioner shall be done by using approved socket and plug rated 15/16A (1.0 ~ 1.5HP) or 16A (2.0HP).
 Wiring work to both socket and plug must follow to national wiring standard.
- Bind all the power supply cord lead wire with tape and route the power supply cord via the left escapement.
- Connection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed $4 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ (1.0 ~ 1.5HP) or $4 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$ (2.0HP) flexible cord, type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord. Allowable connection cable length of each indoor unit shall be 30 m or less
- 6 Bind all the indoor and outdoor connection cable with tape and route the connection cable via the right escapement.
- 7 Remove the tapes and connect the power supply cord and connection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit according to the diagram below.



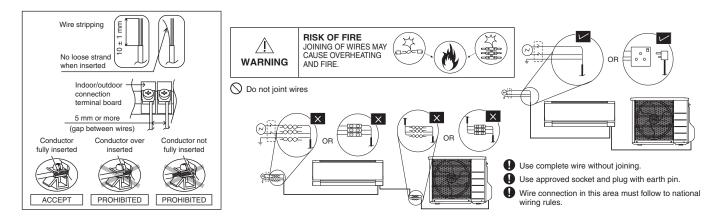




Note:

- Isolating Devices (Disconnecting means) should have minimum 3.0 mm contact gap.
- Ensure the colour of wires of outdoor unit and the terminal Nos. are the same to the indoor's respectively.
- Earth wire shall be Yellow/Green (Y/G) in colour and longer than other AC wires as shown in the figure for the electrical safety in case of the slipping out of the cord from the anchorage.

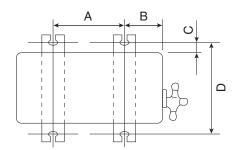
12.2.4.1 Wire Stripping and Connecting Requirement



12.3 Outdoor Unit

12.3.1 Install the Outdoor Unit

- After selecting the best location, start installation to Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram.
 - 1 Fix the unit on concrete or rigid frame firmly and horizontally by bolt nut (ø10 mm).
 - When installing at roof, please consider strong wind and earthquake. Please fasten the installation stand firmly with bolt, screws or nails.



Model	Α	В	С	D
PZ25***, PZ35***, UZ25***, UZ35***, DZ25***, DZ35***	570 mm	105 mm	18.5 mm	320 mm
PZ50***, UZ50***, DZ50***	540 mm	160 mm	18.5 mm	330 mm

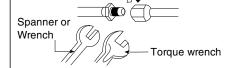
12.3.2 Connect the Piping

12.3.2.1 Connecting the Piping to Indoor

For connection joint location at outside building Please make flare after inserting flare nut (locate at joint portion of tube assembly) onto the copper pipe. (In case of using long piping)

Connect the piping

- Align the center of piping and sufficiently tighten the flare nut with fingers.
- Further tighten the flare but with the torque wrench in specified torque as stated in the table.



For connection joint location at inside building



Ensure to do re-flaring of pipes before connecting to units to avoid leaking.

Seal sufficiently the flare nut (both gas and liquid sides) with neutral cure (Alkoxy type) & ammonia-free silicone sealant and insulation material to avoid the gas leak caused by freezing.

Apply neutral cure (Alkoxy type) and ammonia-free silicone sealant along the

Neutral cure (Alkoxy type) & ammonia-free silicone sealant is only to be applied after pressure testing and cleaning up by following instructions of sealant, only to the outside of the connection. The aim is to prevent moisture from entering the connection joint and possible occurrence of freezing. Curing sealant will take some time. Make sure sealant will not peel off when wrapping the insulation.

12.3.2.2 Connecting the Piping to Outdoor

Decide piping length and then cut by using pipe cutter. Remove burrs from cut edge.

Make flare after inserting the flare nut (locate at valve) onto the copper pipe.

Align center of piping to valve and then tighten with torque wrench to the specified torque as stated in the table.

Do not overtighten, overtightening may cause gas leakage.				
Piping size Torque				
6.35 mm (1/4")	[18 N•m (1.8 kgf•m)]			
9.52 mm (3/8") [42 N•m (4.3 kgf•m)]				
12.7 mm (1/2") [55 N•m (5.6 kgf•m)]				
15.88 mm (5/8") [65 N•m (6.6 kgf•m)]				
19.05 mm (3/4") [100 N•m (10.2 kgf•m)]				

circumference

12.3.1 Air Tightness Test on the Refrigerating System

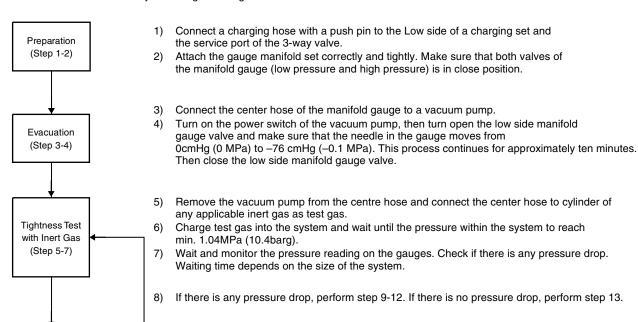


Do not purge the air with refrigerants but use a vacuum pump to vacuum the installation.



There is no extra refrigerant in the outdoor unit for air purging.

- Before system is charged with refrigerant and before the refrigerating system is put into operation, below site test procedure and acceptance criteria shall be vertified by the certified technicians, and/or the installer.
- Be sure to check whole system for gas leakage.



- Use Gas Leak Detector to check for leaks. Must use the detection equipment with a sensitivity of 5 grams per year of test gas or better.
- 10) Move the probe along the air conditioning system to check for leaks, and mark for repair.
- 11) Any leak detected and marked shall be repaired.
- 12) After repair, repeat evacuation steps 3-4 and tightness test steps 5-7. Check the pressure drop as in step 8.

Recovery of Test Gas (Step 13) Evacuation (Step 3-4) Open 2 and 3 valves (Step 14-18)

YES

Pressure drop

(Step 8)

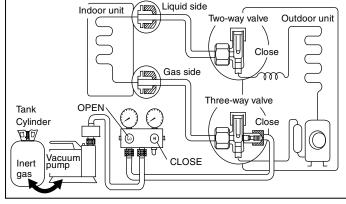
NO

Leak detection

and repair

(Step 9-12)

13) If no leak, Recover the test gas. Perform evacuation of steps 3-4. Then proceed to step 14.



- 14) Disconnect the charging hose from the service port of the 3-way valve.
- 15) Tighten the service port caps of the 3-way valve at a torque of 18 Nem with a torque wrench.
- 16) Remove the valve caps of both of the 2-way valve and 3-way valve.
- 17) Open both of the valves, using a hexagonal wrench (4mm).
- 18) Mount back the valve caps onto the 2-way valve and the 3-way valve to complete this process.

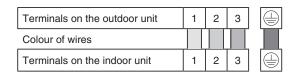
Complete Notes:

Recommended use of any of the following leak detector,

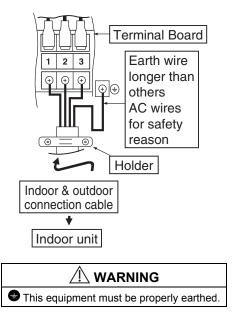
- I) Universal Sniffer leak detector
- II) Electronic halogen leak detector
- III) Ultrasonic Leak Detector

12.3.2 Connect the Cable to the Outdoor Unit

- 1 Remove the control board cover from the unit by loosening the screw.
- 2 Connection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed 4 × 1.5 mm² (1.0 ~ 1.5HP) or 4 × 2.5 mm² (2.0HP) flexible cord, type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord. Do not use joint connection cable. Replace the wire if the existing wire (from concealed wiring, or otherwise) is too short. Allowable connection cable length of each indoor unit shall be 30 m or less.



- 3 Secure the cable onto the control board with the holder.
- 4 Attach the control board cover back to the original position with screw.
- 5 For wire stripping and connection requirement, refer to instruction 12.2.4 of indoor unit.



 Earth wire shall be Yellow/Green (Y/G) in colour and longer than other AC wires for safety reason.

12.3.3 Piping Insulation

- 1 Please carry out insulation at pipe connection portion as mentioned in Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram. Please wrap the insulated piping end to prevent water from going inside the piping.
- 2 If drain hose or connecting piping is in the room (where dew may form), please increase the insulation by using POLY-E FOAM with thickness 6 mm or above.

12.3.4 Cutting and Flaring the Piping

- 1 Please cut using pipe cutter and then remove the burrs.
- 2 Remove the burrs by using reamer. If burrs is not removed, gas leakage may be caused. Turn the piping end down to avoid the metal powder entering the pipe.

0 - 0.5 mm

Copper pipe

3 Please make flare after inserting the flare nut onto the copper pipes.



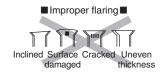
1. To cut



2. To remove burrs



3. To flare



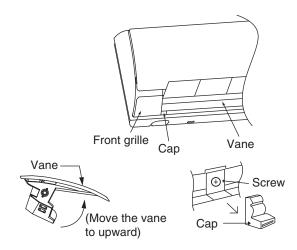
When properly flared, the internal surface of the flare will evenly shine and be of even thickness. Since the flare part comes into contact with the connections, carefully check the flare finish.

12.3.5 **How to Take Out Front Grille**

Please follow the steps below to take out front grille if necessary such as when servicing.

- Set the vertical airflow direction louvers to the horizontal position.
- Slide down the 2 caps (1.0 ~ 2.0HP) on the front grille as shown in the illustration at right, and then remove the 2 (1.0 ~ 2.0HP) mounting screws.
- Pull the lower section of the front grille towards you to remove the front grille.

When reinstalling the front grille, first set the vertical airflow direction louver to the horizontal position and then carry out above step 2 - 3 in the reverse order.

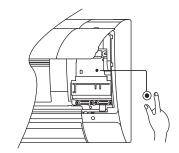


12.3.6 **Auto Switch Operation**

The below operations will be performed by pressing the "AUTO" switch.

- **AUTO OPERATION MODE**
 - The Auto operation will be activated immediately once the Auto Switch is pressed and release before 5 sec...
- TEST RUN OPERATION (FOR PUMP DOWN/SERVICING PURPOSE)

The Test Run operation will be activated if the Auto Switch is pressed continuously for more than 5 sec. to below 8 sec.. A "pep" sound will occur at the fifth sec., in order to identify the starting of Test Run operation.



HEATING TRIAL OPERATION

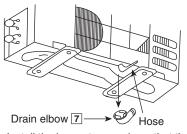
Press the "AUTO" switch continuously for more than 8 sec. to below 11 sec. and release when a "pep pep" sound is occured at eight sec. (However, a "pep" sound is occurred at fifth sec..) Then press Remote controller "A/C Reset" button once.

Remote controller signal will activate operation to force heating mode.

- REMOTE CONTROLLER RECEIVING SOUND ON/OFF
 - The ON/OFF of Remote controller receiving sound can be change over by the following steps:
 - a) Press "AUTO" switch continuously for more than 16 sec. to below 21 sec...
 - A "pep", "pep", "pep" sound will occur at the sixteenth sec..
 b) Press the "A/C Reset" button once. Remote controller signal will activate the Remote controller sound setting mode.
 - c) Press the "AUTO" switch once to select Remote controller receiving sound ON/OFF. A "peep" sound indicates receiving sound ON, and a "pep" sound indicates receiving sound OFF.
- **HEATING ONLY OPERATION**
 - Press the "AUTO" switch continuously for more than 8 sec. to below 11 sec. and release when the "pep pep" sound is occurred at eight sec. (however, a "pep" sound is occurred at fifth sec.). Then press Remote controller "Check" button once. Remote controller signal will activate heating only operation mode.

12.3.7 **Disposal of Outdoor Unit Drain Water**

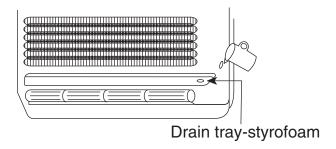
- If a drain elbow is used, the unit should be placed on a stand which is taller than 3 cm.
- If the unit is used in an area where temperature falls below 0°C for 2 or 3 days in succession, it is recommended not to use a drain elbow, for the drain water freezes and the fan will not rotate.



Install the hose at an angle so that the water smoothly flows out.

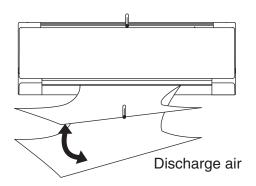
12.3.8 Check the Drainage

- Open front panel and remove air filters. (Drainage checking can be carried out without removing the front grille.)
- Pour a glass of water into the drain tray-styrofoam.
- Ensure that water flows out from drain hose of the indoor unit.



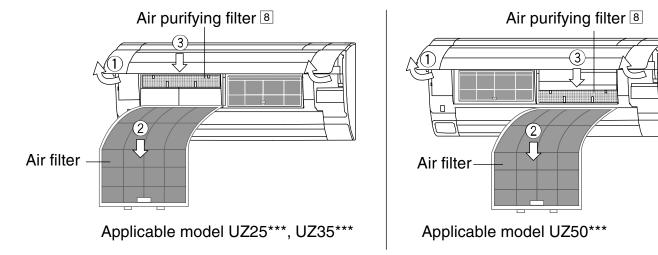
12.3.9 Evaluation of the Performance

- Operate the unit at cooling/heating operation mode for fifteen minutes or more.
- Measure the temperature of the intake and discharge air.
- Ensure the difference between the intake temperature and the discharge is more than 8°C during Cooling operation or more than 14°C during Heating operation.



12.3.10 Installation of Air Purifying Filter

- 1. Open the front panel.
- 2. Remove the air filters.
- 3. Put the Air purifying filter into place as shown in illustration at right.



13. Installation and Servicing Air Conditioner using R32

13.1 About R32 Refrigerant

For air conditioning refrigerants such as R410A, the refrigerants were collected back in order to prevent their air dissipation, to curbe the global warming impact, in case they were released into the atmosphere. In the "4th Environmental Basic Plan", 80% reduction of greenhouse gas emissions by 2050 is required, and due to this requirement, further reduction in the emission of high greenhouse effect gas, such as CFCs, is required. Therefore, the conversion of air conditioning refrigerant into the ones who has smaller greenhouse effect, even if it is dissipated into the atmosphere, became our responsibility.

Nevertheless, in case of air conditioning refrigerant, it would be the best if there is a refrigerant which has smaller impact on global warming, but ensures good energy efficiency and performance, and is safe; however, there is no such refrigerant which satisfies all these conditions. As a result, we have been considering the practical usage, within the safety frame-work, of R32 refrigerant which has short lifetime in the atmosphere, and has smaller effect of global warming, but is slightly flammable.

In 2004, due to the revision of air conditioner safety standards by the International Electro-safety Commission (IEC), the safety standards of air conditioners using slightly flammable refrigerant was issued. In 2010, the regulations of American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers in the United States (ANSI/ASHRAE34) was issued adopting the grades for refrigerants which are difficult to inflame due to their slow burning rates, and as a result have smaller damages in cases of fire. The burning rate of R32 is lower by 10cm / per second, and safety standardization for various usage is now being processed.

13.2 Characteristics of R32 Refrigerant

1. Chemical Characteristics

R32 is one of the refrigerants used in R410A, has almost no toxicity, and chemically stable compound formed by hydrogen, carbon and fluorine.

R32 has short lifetime of 4 to 9 years in case of being released into the atmosphere; therefore, it has smaller greenhouse gas effect but has slight inflammability because of the large proportion of hydrogen.

Chemical Characteristic Table of R32, R410A and R22.

	R32	R410A	R22
Chemical Formula	CH2F2	CH2F2 / CHF2CF3	CHCLF2
Composition	Single Composition	R32 / R125A	Single Composition
(mixture ratio wt.%)	Single Composition	(50 / 50 wt.%)	Single Composition
Boiling Point (°C)	-51.7	-51.5	-40.8
Pressure (physical) *1	3.14	3.07	1.94
Capacity (physical) *2	160	141	100
COP (physical) *3	95	91	100
Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP)	0	0	0.055
Global Warming Potential (GWP) *4	675	2090	1810
Inflammability *5	Slightly Inflammable (A2L)	Non-inflammable (A1)	Non-inflammable (A1)
Toxicity	None	None	None

*1 : Physical property of temperature condition 50°C

*2 : Relative value of temperature condition 0/50°C, providing R22=100

*3: Te/Tc/SC/SH=5/50/3/0°C

*4 : GWP=Global Warming Potential, each figure is based on "4th IPCC4 Report"

*5: Based on ANSI / ASHRAE std. 34-2010

2. Characteristic of Pressure

As shown in Table 2, R32 does not have much difference in vapor pressure at the same refrigerant temperature comparing to R410A, but comparing to R22, it is higher at 1.6 times more. Thus, the same as in case of R410A, it is necessary to do installation and service using high-pressure tools and components.

Table 2. Saturated vapor pressure comparison table

(Unit: MPa)

Tomporatura	Refrigerant				
Temperature	R32	R410A	R22		
-20	0.30	0.30	0.14		
0	0.71	0.70	0.40		
20	1.37	1.35	0.81		
40	2.38	2.32	1.43		
60	3.84	3.73	2.33		
65	4.29	4.17	2.60		

Reference : Thermal properties table of Japan Society of Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers (60, 65°C) NIST REFPROP V8.0 ($-20 \sim 40$ °C)

13.3 Refrigerant piping installation • Tools used in services

13.3.1 Required Tools

R32 refrigerant air conditioners use the common parts as R410A air conditioners for two-way valves and three-way valves (diameters of service ports); thus, they maintain commonality in the maintenance of the compressive strength, the size of pipe flaring, and the size of flare nuts as R410A. Therefore, for refrigerant pipe installation and services, you can use tools for R410A.

However, mixing of refrigerants is not allowed, so that you have to separate the cylinders for the recovery of refrigerants.

Tools used for installation • relocation • replacement of air conditioning units

Works	R32	R410A	R22				
Flaring	Flare tools for R410A (clutch type)		Flare tools for R410A (clutch type)		Flare tools for R410A (clutch type) Flare tools for R22 (clutch t		Flare tools for R22 (clutch type)
Connection of pipes	Torque wrench (diameter 1/4 3/8)						
Connection of pipes	Torque wrench (di	Toque wrench (diameter 1/2 5/8)					
Manifold gauge charging hose	R32 & R410A Common (As at November 2013)		R22 Only				
Air purging	Vacuum pump + Reducer / expander		Vacuum pump				
Gas leakage test	Detection liquid or soup water, HFC detector						

^{*1.} Nut diameters of 1/2 5/8, the size of torque wrench common with R410A

For other installation, you can use general tools such as screw drivers (+, -), metal saws, electric drills, long-nose pliers, hole core drills (ø70 or ø65), linen tape, levels, temperature gauges, clamp meters, electric knives, nippers, pipe cutters, reamers or scrapers, spring benders, (diameters 1/4 3/8 1/2 5/8), monkey wrenches, fixing wrenches (17 or 12 mm), feeler gauges, hexagon wrenches (4 mm), testers, megohm testers, etc.

Tools used for services

Works	R32	R410A	R22
Insertion of refrigerant	Digital scale for refrigerant charging, refrigerant cylinders, cylinder adopters and packing *a		
Recovery of refrigerant	Refrigerant recovery devices, refrigerant cylinders, manifold gauges, charging hoses *b		

^{*}a. Use cylinder for each refrigerant, cylinder adopter and packing.

13.3.2 Tools for R32 (common with R410A)

1. Flare gauges

Use flare gauges when you perform flaring with flare tools (crutch type). Flare gauges are used to set the pipe ends at $0.5 \sim 1.5$ mm from clump bars of flare tools.

Flare gauges



2. Flare tools (clutch type)

Flare tools have larger holes of clump bars in order to set the pipe end at $0 \sim 0.5$ mm, and have stronger springs inside to ensure solid flaring torques. These flare tools can be used commonly for R22.

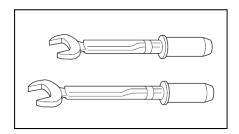
Flare tools (clutch type)



^{*}b. Use refrigerant recovery cylinder separately for each refrigerant (no mixture of refrigerant allowed). <u>Please be</u> aware that there are some refrigerant collection devices which do not have self-certification.

3. Torque wrenches (diameters 1/2, 5/8) In order to strengthen the compressive strength, the diameters of wrenches change depending on the flare nut sizes.

Torque wrenches



Differences in torque wrenches

	R32 (common R410A)	R22
1/2	26 mm × 55 N•m	24 mm × 55 N•m
(diameter × torque)	(550 kgf•cm)	(550 kgf•cm)
5/8	29 mm × 65 N•m	27 mm × 65 N•m
(diameter × torque)	(650 kgf•cm)	(650 kgf•cm)

4. Manifold gauges

R22 gauges cannot be used because of the high pressures.

Each port of manifold has different shapes in order to prevent inserting wrong refrigerant.

*However, the port shape for R410A and R32 is the same; therefore, attention need to be paid not to insert wrong refrigerant.

Differences in high/low pressure gauges

	R32 (common R410A)	R22
High pressure gauges (red)	-0.1 ~ 5.3 MPa -76 cmHg ~ 53 kgf / cm 2	-76 cmHg ~ 35 kgf / cm ²
Low pressure gauges (blue)	-0.1 ~ 3.8 MPa -76 cmHg ~ 38 kgf / cm 2	-76 cmHg \sim 17 kgf / cm ²

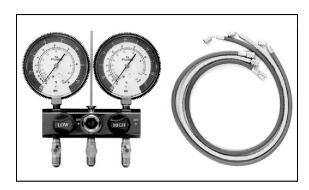
Difference in manifold port sizes

	R32 (common R410A)	R22
Port sizes	1/2 UNF20	7/16 UNF20

5. Charging hoses

The pressure resistance of charge hoses is increased. At the same time, the material is changed to HFC resistant, and the size of each manifold adopter is changed, as the port size of manifold gauge itself. Further, some hoses are with anti-gas pressure backflow valves placed near the adopters. (hoses with the valves recommended)

Manifold gauges / Charging hoses



Differences in charging hoses

		R32 (common R410A)	R22
Pressure	Normal operation pressure	5.1 MPa (52 kgf / cm²)	3.4 MPa (35 kgf / cm²)
Resistance	Burst pressure	27.4 MPa (280 kgf / cm²)	17.2 MPa (175 kgf / cm²)
Material		HNBR rubber Internal nylon coating	NBR rubber

6. Vacuum pump and Vacuum pump adopter When using a vacuum pump, it is necessary to set a solenoid valve in order to prevent backflow of vacuum pump oil into the charge hoses, and use a vacuum pump with oil backflow prevention function, or use the vacuum pump with vacuum pump adopter. If vacuum pump oil (mineral oil-based) mixes with R410A (R32), it may cause damage to the machine.

Vacuum pump



Vacuum pump adopter



7. HFC refrigerant_Electric gas leakage tester R32 refrigerant is often used for other mixed refrigerant (R410A, R404A, R407C etc.). Therefore, the usage of existing HFC detectors is possible, but in order to detect more accurately, we recommend to use detectors specially set and adjusted for R32 detection.

HFC refrigerant Electric gas leakage tester



8. Digital scale for refrigerant charging R32 and R410A have high pressure level and their evaporation speed is high.

Thus, if you recover the refrigerant by cylinder charging method, the refrigerant evaporates within the weighing scale glass, which makes reading the scale difficult, rather than liquidating the refrigerant into the cylinder. (Charging cylinders for R22 have different pressure resistance, scale, connection port size; therefore, they are not usable) At the same time, the digital scale for refrigerant charging is strengthened by receiving the weight of the refrigerant cylinders with four pillars at the corners. The connection ports of charging hoses have two separate ports for R22 (7/16 UNF20) and R32/R410A (1/2 UNF20) therefore, they can be used for the insertion of the existing refrigerants.

Digital scale for refrigerant charging



9. Refrigerant cylinders

Refrigerant cylinders for R410A are painted in pink, and the ones for R32 are painted in other colors that might subject to change according to the international standards. R32 is a single refrigerant, so that both liquid and gas insertion are possible. Additional charging is also possible.

(R410A is a mixed refrigerant, so only liquid insertion is possible)

Refrigerant cylinders



Connection ports of refrigerant cylinders and packing

Charging ports which fit to the charging hose connection port size (1/2 UNF20) is needed. At the same time, the packing has to be of HFC resistant materials.

Connection ports and packing



11. Tools used for refrigerant piping installations and services

	Tools for R410A	Common with R32	Possibility of usage for R22
1.	Pipe cutters, reamers or scrapers	0	0
2.	Flare tools (clutch type)	0	0
3.	Torque wrench (1/4, 3/8)	0	0
4.	Torque wrench (1/2, 5/8)	0	×
5.	Manifold gauges ⋅ charging hoses	0	×
6.	Vacuum pumps, vacuum pump adopters	Oconnection 5/16	Connection1/4
7.	Electric gas leakage testers for HFC *1	0	Δ
8.	Digital scale for refrigerant charging	0	0
9.	HCF recovery devices (connection port 5/16) *2	○ Connection 5/16	○ Connection 1/4
10.	Refrigerant cylinders (pressure resistant: FC3)	Same specs ×	×
11.	Refrigerant cylinders (pink)	Other (colors that might subject to change according to the international standards).	×
12.	Refrigerant cylinder connection ports and packing	0	×
13.	Allen wrench (4 mm) Electric knives	0	0

- *1 Those testers only for HCFC22 (R22), but not for HCF32 (R32) and HCF410A (R410A) cannot be for common use.
- *2 Recovery devices which are self-certified for each HCF type can be used.

[Knowledge for the common usage of tools for R410A & R32]

- R410A and R32 machines use different compressor oils.
- If unregulated compressor oil gets mixed into, it may cause damage to the machine function.
- Careful pump down will ensure the recovery of compressor oil, and it will minimize the remaining amount of the oil in the manifold gauge and charging hose.
- If you only perform the recovery of refrigerant and not be able to perform pump down, you have to dispose the compressor oil in the charging hose.

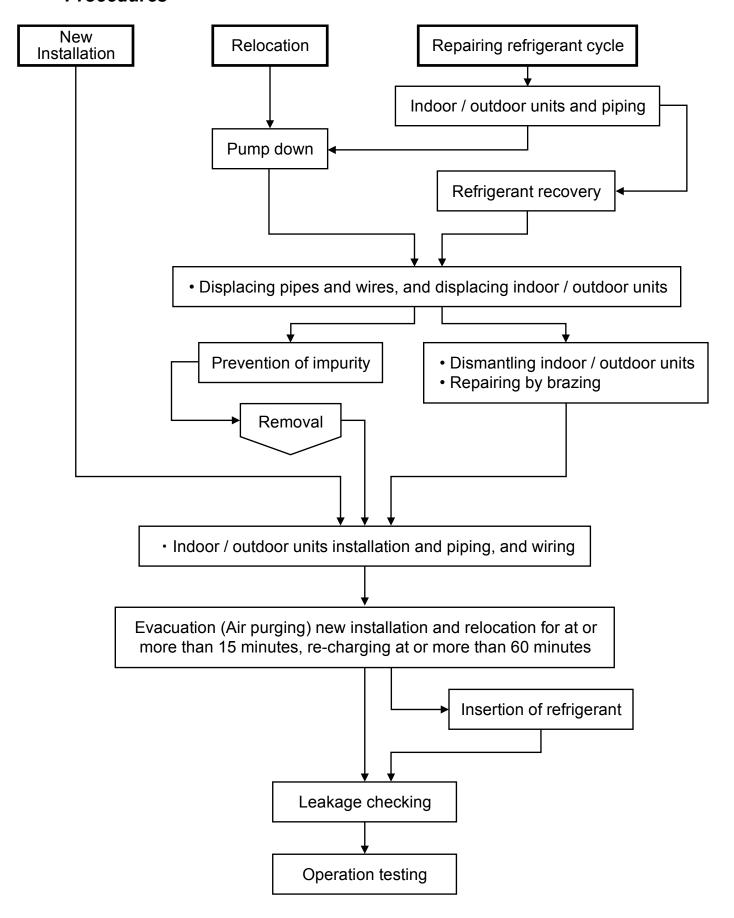
[Precaution of repairing refrigerant cycle]

- In the brazing, open 2-way and 3-way valves, and make sure the refrigerant is completely recovered back and not remaining the system.
- When repairing outside, make sure no refrigerant is in the air, ensure good air flow, and perform the brazing.

[Inserting wrong refrigerant]

- It may cause "not cooling" and "not heating" customer claims because each component (expansion valve, compressor, PCB) of the refrigeration cycle is specially adjusted for R32.
- At the same time, it is not subject to product warranty, if wrong refrigerant was inserted into the system.

13.4 New installation, Relocation, Repairing of Refrigerant Cycle System The Procedures



13.5 Piping installation of R32

13.5.1 Pipe materials used and flaring

Copper pipes are used for refrigerant piping. Pipes which comply with JIS Regulations need to be used. Room air conditioners which use R410A and R32 have higher pressure; thus, using pipes which comply with the Regulations is important.

The pipe thickness is regulated by revised JIS B 8607 "Flaring and brazing fittings for refrigerant" and the pipe thickness for R410A, R32 is shown in the table.

Pipe thickness

O and OL materials		Thickness (mm)		
Diameter	Diameter (mm)	R410A R32		R22
1/4	6.35	0.80		
3/8	9.52	0.80		
1/2	12.70	0.80		
5/8	15.88	1.00		

Caution

- For connection piping, use copper phosphate seamless pipes (1220T) as regulated in "JIS H 3300" and the pipe thickness is 0.8 mm.
- In the market, there are some pipes of 0.7 mm thickness, but do not use these pipes (0.8 mm thickness has to be strictly followed).
- It is recommended to use pipes whose adhesion amount of oil is at or less than 40 mg / 10 m. At the same time, do not use pipes with dent, de-shape, and color change (especially inside).

13.5.2 Processing and connection of pipes

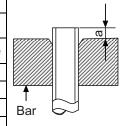
For refrigerant pipe installation, be aware of moisture and dirt do not get into the pipes, and make sure of no refrigerant leakage.

- The procedure of flaring and precautions
- a) Cutting of pipes: use pipe cutter and cut the pipe slowly not to de-shape the pipe.
- b) Removal of burrs on the edge of pipe (reamer or scraper)
 If the condition of pipe edge after the deburring is no good or if burrs attaches on the flaring, it may cause refrigerant leakage. Turn the pipe end down and perform deburring carefully.
- c) Insert the flare nut (use the nut which is a part of the CZ parts)
- d) Flaring

Ensure the cleanliness of clump bar and pipe, and perform flaring carefully.

Use the existing flare tools or flare tools for R410A. Be aware that the sizes and dimensions of flaring is different in each flaring tool. If you use the existing flaring tools, use flaring gauge to measure the length of the flaring part.

Dining	Dimensions "a" (n R22		mm)	Dimensions "a" (mm) R410A/R32		mm)
Piping size (mm)	Flare	tools	Flare tools for R410A	Flare	tools	Flare tools for R410A
(111111)	Clutch type	Wing nut type	Clutch type	Clutch type	Wing nut type	Clutch type
6.35 (1/4")	0.5 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.5	0 ~ 0.5	1.0 ~ 1.5	1.5 ~ 2.0	0 ~ 0.5
9.52 (3/8")	0.5 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.5	0 ~ 0.5	1.0 ~ 1.5	1.5 ~ 2.0	0 ~ 0.5
12.70 (1/2")	0.5 ~ 1.0	1.5 ~ 2.0	0 ~ 0.5	1.0 ~ 1.5	2.0 ~ 2.5	0 ~ 0.5
15.88 (5/8")	0.5 ~ 1.0	1.5 ~ 2.0	0 ~ 0.5	1.0 ~ 1.5	2.0 ~ 2.5	0 ~ 0.5



	Nut outer diameter (mm)		
	17	R410A	
		R32	
		17	
4		22	
	24	26	
	27	29	

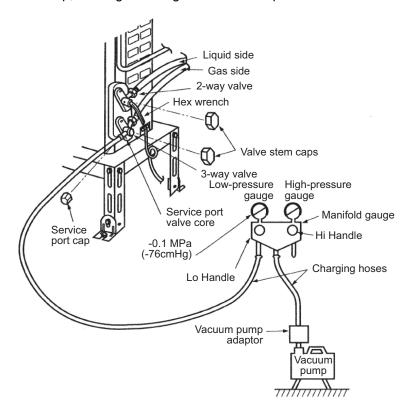
13.6 Installation, Relocation, and Service

13.6.1 Air purge and gas leak test for new installation (using new refrigerant pipes) using vacuum pump

(From the point of view of global environment protection, do not release CFCs into the atmosphere during installation work)

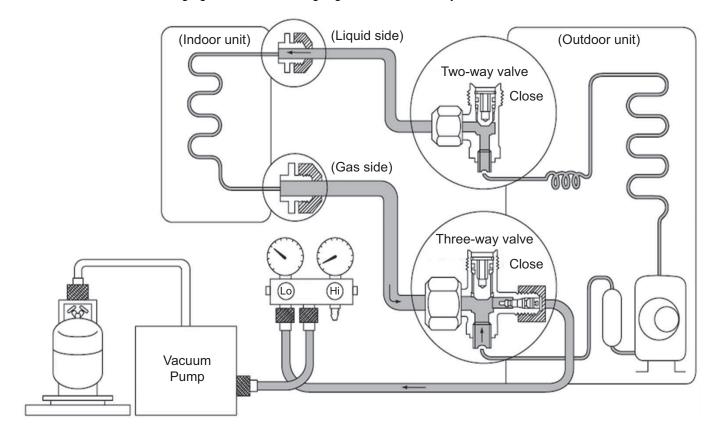
- 1. Connect the charging hose of manifold gauge to the service port of 3-way valve (pushing insect pin).
- 2. Fully open the handle Lo of manifold gauge and operate vacuum pump.

 (If the needle of the low-pressure gauge reaches the vacuum immediately, check 1 procedure again)
- 3. Perform vacuuming 15 minutes or more, and make sure low pressure gauge reaches to -0.1 MPa (-76cmHg). When the vacuuming completes, fully open the handle Lo of manifold gauge and stop the operation of vacuum pump, and leave it for $1 \sim 2$ minutes. Then, remove the connection side of the charging hose of vacuum pump adopter after checking the needle of manifold gauge does not turn back.
- 4. Open the stem of 2-way valve to 90° in anti-clock wise, and close the 2-way valve after 10 seconds, and perform gas leakage test.
- 5. Remove the charge hose from the service port of 3-way valve, and open the stems of 2-way and 3-way valves (open the valves to anti-clock wise carefully, do not use full strength to open)
- 6. Tighten the service port cap with torque wrench 18 N•m (1.8 kgf•m)
 Tighten the caps of 2-way and 3-way valves with torque wrench 18 N•m (1.8kg f•m)
- 7. After the tightening of each cap, check gas leakage around the cap.



13.6.2 Process of refrigerant recovery

- 1. Connect the center charging hose of manifold gauge to the in-let side of recovery device.
- 2. Connect the valves of the discharge side of recovery device and liquid side of refrigerant cylinder with red hose (charging hose).
- 3. Connect the yellow float switch cable of the recovery device to the refrigerant cylinder.
- 4. Open the low pressure side valve of manifold gauge.
- 5. Slightly loosen the charging hose of in-let connecting side of recovery device and perform air purge.
- 6. Open the liquid valve of refrigerant cylinder and slightly loosen the charging hose in discharging side of recovery device, and perform air purge (the recovery cylinder needs slight inside pressure).
- 7. Insert electric plug of recovery device into electrical outlet (the fan operation starts).
- 8. Turn the valve 1 and 2 of recovery device to pressure equalization point.
- 9. After a few seconds, turn back the valve 1 and 2 to the original position.
- 10. Turn the switch of the recovery device to "ON". (the compressor operation starts)
- 11. When the low pressure of manifold gauge is close to "0", close the low pressure side valve, turn "OFF" the recovery device switch.
- 12. Remove the center charging hose of manifold gauge from the recovery device.



13.6.3 Relocation

- 1. Removing the air conditioning unit
 - a) Recovery of outdoor unit refrigerant by pumping down
 Press "forced cooling button" (as a general rule, since 1998 the name of cooling testing button is changed,
 and this name is unified within the air conditioning industry), and then you are able to start cooling operation
 in which the room temperature is low, and you can recover the refrigerant from the outdoor unit.
 - 1. Check the valve stems of two-way and three-way valves are open by being turned to anti-clockwise (Remove the caps, and confirm the bars are fully open. Use hexagon wrench <4 mm> to open and close the valves).
 - 2. Press the "Emergency Operation" button of the indoor units for five seconds and release [Forced cooling operation] (for old models, press "forced cooling" button). Then, operate the air conditioning unit for about 10 minutes
 - 3. Turn the stem of the two-way valve to the clock-wise and close the valve.
 - 4. After about 2 ~ 3 minutes, turn the stem of the three-way valve quickly to the clock-wise, and stop the operation.

Caution: In the pump down operation, stop the compressor before removing the refrigerant pipes.

If you do not stop the compressor operation, and if the valve is open and remove the refrigerant pipes, the air may be sucked into the system and causes extreme high temperature in the refrigerant cycle. This may result in rupture or injury, etc.

- 5. Attach and tighten the caps of two-way and three-way valves with torque wrench.
- 6. Remove the connecting pipes (liquid side and gas side).
- b) Removal of indoor and outdoor units
 - Remove the connecting pipes and wires between the indoor and outdoor units.
 - 2. Attach capping flare nuts on the edges of the pipes, connecting the indoor and outdoor units, in order to prevent dust and moisture get into the pipes.
 - 3. Remove the indoor and outdoor units.

2. Unit installation

Use new refrigerant pipes for the installation, and perform air purging using vacuum pump and gas leakage testing stated in 14.5.1.

13.6.4 Replacement of air conditioning units and evacuation (when re-using the existing pipes)

When replacing the air conditioning units, you might use the existing pipes, but it is recommended to perform flaring again. In case of unit replacement, even if the unit is new refrigerant air conditioner, if the refrigerant oil is different, it may cause problem. Further, when re-using the existing refrigerant pipes, it is recommended to evacuate the pipes as much as possible, due to the reason that much refrigerant oil may be attached on the surface of the pipes. If the pipes are used without evacuation, the remaining refrigerant oil may cause under-performance and abnormal refrigerant cycle caused by non-compatibility of those oils.

13.6.5 Inter-changeability of refrigerant

Do not operate air conditioning units inserting wrong (or mixed) refrigerant (R22, R410A, R32). It may cause malfunction of the units, and at the same time, <u>may cause serious incident such as rupture of the refrigerant cycle.</u>

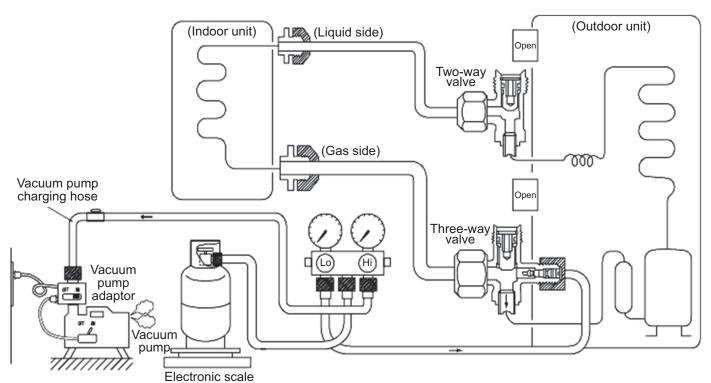
13.6.6 Re-insertion of refrigerant in service

When re-insertion is needed, follow the procedures to ensure the insertion of new refrigerant at correct amount.

- 1. Attach charging hose (blue) to the service port of the outdoor unit.
- 2. Attach charging hose (red) to the vacuum pump. Fully open the 2-way and 3-way valves.
- 3. Place the refrigerant cylinder on the digital scale for refrigerant charging and connect the charge hose (yellow) to the connection port of the vacuum pump and the digital scale. Leave the cylinder valve fully open.
- 4. Fully open the handles Lo and Hi of the manifold gauge, and switch on the vacuum pump, and then perform evacuation for at or more than one hour.
- 5. Confirm the compound gauge of -0.1 MPa (-76cmHg) and fully open the handles of Lo and Hi, and switch off the vacuum pump. Leave it for about 1 ~ 2 minutes and confirm the needle of the compound gauge does not turn back.
 - Refer to the picture below to follow the procedures below.
- 6. Remove the charging hose (red) of the manifold gauge from the vacuum pump adopter.
- 7. After adjusting the digital scale to zero, open the cylinder valve and the valve Lo of the manifold gauge, and insert the refrigerant.
- 8. If it is not possible to insert the refrigerant at regulated amount at once, operate the cooling mode and gradually insert the refrigerant (recommended amount approx. 150 g / 1 time)
 *Do not insert much refrigerant at once.
- 9. Close the open/close valve and insert the refrigerant in the charging hose to the outdoor unit.

 *Perform this procedure during operating cooling operation. Close the stem of the two-way valve, and when the pressure of the manifold gauge becomes zero (0), quickly remove the charging hose (blue). Immediately open the 2-way valve, and stop the cooling operation.
- 10. Final checking • Confirm the 2-way and 3-way valves are fully open.

 Attach the caps of the service port and control valve, and then check the gas leakage around the caps.



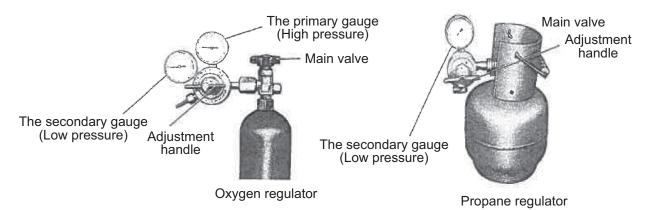
13.7 Repairing of refrigerant cycle / Brazing point

13.7.1 Preparation for repairing of refrigerant cycle / brazing

Brazing which is a technique needed for repairing refrigerant cycle requires advanced technique and experience, and this brazing procedure can only be performed by the workers who completed "Gas Welding Skill Training" regulated by the Occupational Safety and Health Act, and went through the training programs of refrigerant operations. Dismantling and re-connecting (assembling) refrigerant system requires working space, and the space has to ensure good air flow and fire prevention (water bucket and fire extinguisher). Moreover, the worker has to ensure the wearing of goggles, grabs, safety shoes, and long sleeve shirts, and be aware of work safety and attempt to prevent secondary defect (quality assurance of products). For brazing the indoor / outdoor unit structural components (heat exchangers, compressors, expansion valves, four-way valve blocks), after the recovery of all refrigerant, confirm that no refrigerant remains in the system, and fully open the 2-way and 3-way valves. When the brazing is conducted outside, check and make sure no refrigerant is contained in the air (be careful with vaporized refrigerant). Furthermore, protect the compressor terminal with metal plates, and heat but use wet clothes to cool down (releasing the heat) the expansion valves, and four way valves (prevent destruction of parts). In brazing, it is important to pour the brazing material without melting the base metal based on capillary action principle. In case of holes and oxidizing caused by overheating, do not perform re-brazing or alteration but replace the parts.

13.7.2 Adjustment of vacuum pump pressure

- 1. Cylinder with adjustment handle
 - 1. Check and confirm the adjustment handle of the 1st pressure adjuster is loosen (anticlockwise). If cylinder valve is opened when the 1st gauge pressure adjust handle is closed, the 2nd gauge might get broken.



- 2. Open the cylinder valve, and check the remaining amount with the first t side pressure gauge.
- 3. Check the pressure of 2nd gauge and turn the adjustment handle to clock-wise direction to adjust the pressure.
 - Oxygen 2nd side gauge pressure · · · · · · · · · 0.5 MPa (5.0 kgf / cm²)

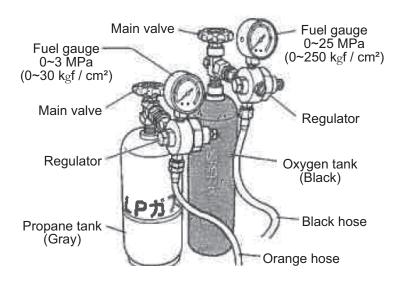
2. Cylinder without adjustment valve

2nd side gauge pressure is adjusted by the adjuster.

Check the both side valves of the torch and open the cylinder valve to check the remaining refrigerant in the cylinder.

Caution: Do not attach oil component on the connection port of the adjuster.

Especially, use an oxygen cylinder adjuster which is no oil substance type. Do not dismantle or repair the adjuster and pressure gauge.



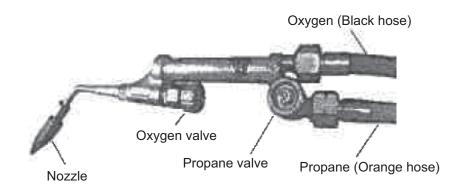
13.7.3 Checking of gas provision

Checking there is no fire around the torch, and then confirm the provision of gas.

- 1. Slightly open the "propane valve" of the torch, and make sure the gas comes out from the torch crater and then close the "propane valve".
- 2. Slightly open the "oxygen valve" of the torch and make sure the gas comes out from the torch crater and then close the "oxygen valve".
 - Check there is no gas leakage around the hose connection.

13.7.4 Adjustment of flame

- 1. Slightly open the "propane valve" of the torch and lit with spark lighter. This moment, the flame is only by propane and the color is red.
- 2. Gradually open the "oxygen valve" of the torch to mix oxygen, and adjust the amount of propane and oxygen with the valve to make the flame suitable for brazing work.
 - If the white core flame splits into two, the torch crater might be clogged. In this case, remove the crater from the torch and check.



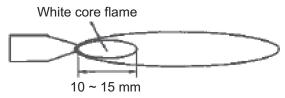
13.7.5 Types of flame

Types of flame change based on the proportion of propane and oxygen.

[Neutral Flame]

Perform brazing with this flame

(This is a flame when oxygen and propane are mixed at proper proportion, and has lesser effect on the brazed metals)

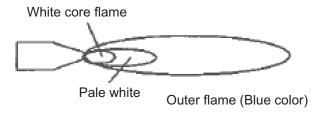


Outer flame (Light orange color)

[Carbide Flame]

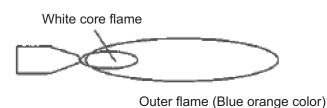
When propane is excessive, the flame has white color flame in between the white core flame and outer flame. (This is due to the lack of oxygen and the proportion of unburned propane is excessive.

The black carbon created during the brazing work may contaminate the surface of the brazed metal).



[Oxidizing Flame]

Oxygen is more compared to the neutral flame. Although the flame size is small, this has the highest flame heat. However, due to the excessive oxygen contained in the flame, the brazing point gets oxidized. (This flame may cause holes, due to the high heat. The pipe may get melt)



13.7.6 Closing the flame

[In case of short break]

- 1. Close the "propane valve" of the torch.
- 2. Close the "oxygen valve" of the torch.

[In case of finishing work]

- 1. As above, close the flame following the procedure of "In case of short break".
- 2. Completely close the valves of oxygen and propane cylinders.
- 3. Release the remaining gas inside the hose by opening the "oxygen valve" and "propane valve" of the torch. Confirm the 1st and 2nd side gauge pressures of "oxygen" and "propane" cylinder pressure adopter are "zero".

13.7.7 Selection of brazing material

Use BAg brazing material (silver solder) to increase the welding performance.

	JIS		Compo	sition of	ingredie	nts (%)		Ten	nperature	(°C)	Tensile :		Characteristics
Category	Standard Number	Ag	Cu	Zu	Cd	Ni	Р	Solidus	Liquidus	Brazing temp	Kgf•cm²	Base material	and applications
	BAg•1A	49.0 ~ 51.0	14.5 ~ 16.5	14.5 ~ 18.5	17.0 ~ 19.0	_	_	approx. 625	approx. 635	635 ~ 760	45.5	S20C	Liquidity is good at low temperature, it is preferable to a small junction of the gap in the universal form.
	BAg•1	44.0 ~ 56.0	14.0 ~ 16.0	14.0 ~ 18.0	23.0 ~ 25.0	-	_	approx. 605	approx. 620	620 ~ 760	45.5	S20C	It has similar performance to the BAg • 1A, and suitable for every base material except the light weight metal.
BAg	BAg∙2	34.0 ~ 36.0	25.0 ~ 27.0	19.0 ~ 23.0	17.0 ~ 19.0	_	_	approx. 605	approx. 700	700 ~ 845	45.5	S20C	It is a brazing filler metal in universal form, suitable for a slightly larger gap junction.
	BAg•3	48.0 ~ 51.0	14.5 ~ 16.5	13.5 ~ 17.5	15.0 ~ 17.0	2.5 ~ 3.5	_	approx. 630	approx. 690	690 ~ 815	35 ~ 70	SS ~ SUS	It has good corrosion resistance in stainless steel-based brazing, suitable for brazing tungsten carbide, aluminum bronze and copper.
	BCuP-2		remain	_			6.8 ~ 7.5	approx. 710	approx. 785	690 ~ 815	21 ~ 24.5	Cu	Good liquidity, suitable for brazing copper tube.
BCuP	BCuP-3	4.8 ~ 5.2	remain	_	_	_	5.8 ~ 6.7	approx. 645	approx. 815	720 ~ 815	21 ~ 24.5	Cu	Suitable for brazing when the joint spacing is not constant
	BCuP-5	14.5 ~ 15.5	remain	_	_	_	4.8 ~ 5.3	approx. 645	approx. 800	705 ~ 815	21 ~ 24.5	Cu	When brazing of copper and copper, it is used without a flux, but not possible for brazing basic materials

Caution

BCuP (phosphorus copper wax) is easy to react with sulfur, and makes a brittle compound water soluble, and causes gas leakage. In hot spring areas, use other brazing materials or paint the surface for protection.

13.7.8 Need of flux

Use flux to protect the base materials.

- 1. Remove impurity and oxide film on the metal base, and improve the flow of the brazing material.
- 2. Prevent oxidation of the metal surface in brazing.
- 3. Reduce the surface tension of the brazing material.

13.7.9 Need of nitrogen gas

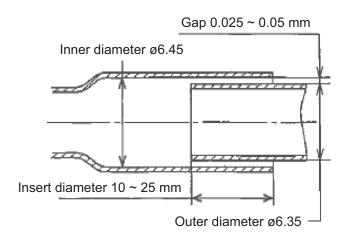
In order to prevent oxidation in the pipe, perform the brazing operation in nitrogen gas flow. Flow rate 0.05 m^3 / h, or pressure reducing valve at 0.02 MPa (0.2 kgf / cm^2) below.

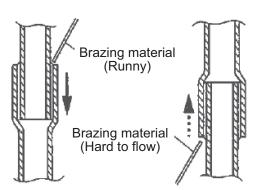
13.7.10 Checking of brazing (insert) points

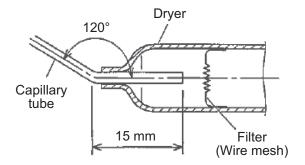
- 1. No impurity on the brazing point If dirt or oil is attached on the brazing point, the brazing filler metal does not reach to junction, and it may cause poor welding.
- 2. Adequate gap space in the brazing point
 The advantage of capillary current situation is
 used in brazing. If the gap space is too large, this
 phenomenon may not occur and it may cause
 poor welding because brazing filler metal does not
 flow to join the front part.
- Appropriate size for insertion
 The guideline for pipe insertion dimensions is to three times the diameter of the base material, but you need to decide the insertion size in consideration of the clogging of the brazing material. Generally, for thin pipes, you need to increase the insert size, and for thick pipe vice versa.
- 4. Brazing material to flow from top to bottom Brazing filler metal will easily flow to the connecting portion by capillary action. Further, by bending the brazing portion of [dryer side] of the capillary tube at 15 mm from the tube top to the angle of about 120°, you can prevent the damage of dryer inside and the clogging of brazing material caused by the excessive insertion of capillary tube.

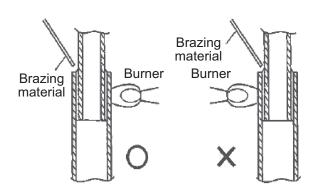


 Place the flame to a pipe which has more heat capacity in order to let the brazing material melt by the pipe heat. Heat the pipe up to the melting temperature of the brazing material, but when it is overheating, assess the temperature by pipe color in order not to melt the pipe.









The pre-heating is to heat the base material until the melting temperature, and requires certain training to distinguish the color of the heated base material in order not to melt the material.

The color and temperature of copper tube

- Becoming red color • • • 480°C
- Dull red • • 650°C
- Cherish red • • 760°C
- Brightening cherish red • • • 870°C

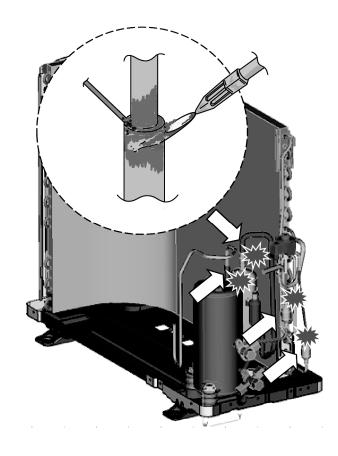
(Reference)

Melting temperature of copper • • • • • Approx. 1083°C

Maximum temperature obtained in propane and oxygen • • • • • • Approx. 1083°C

The important point is to heat the bonding part uniformly within a short period of time until reaching to the brazing temperature in the following manner.

- 2. Apply the flame on to the side with better heat transmission. If the pipe thickness is consistent, by heating like 30% iron and 70% copper, the copper pipe inside reaches to brazing temperature. Iron pipes have low heat transmission and only the part the flame is applied get high temperature, and this causes oxidization of the pipe. The flow of the brazing filler is affected negatively.
- Apply the flame on to the side of larger heat capacity.
 When brazing a thin tubes such as capillary tube and dryer, etc., caution has to be taken to apply the flame to the dryer side (thick pipe side), in order to prevent burn out by the heat.
- 4. When brazing the compressor connection pipes (suction and discharge), remove the sound insulation plate and the fan, and place the compressor stand vertically (to prevent the leakage of compressor refrigerating machine oil), and apply the flame from the compressor body side.



13.7.12 Terminologies of brazing

Pin holes → Small holes are generated on the surface of the brazing metal.

Wet temperature → Liquidus temperature at which the brazing material starts flowing out by heating, generally it is the liquidus-line temperature.

Blow holes \rightarrow Hollows made by gas in the brazing material of brazing portion (gas reservoirs).

Pits → As a result of blow holes, small dents generated on the outside surface of welding.

Voids → The blazing material does not reach completely to the brazing part. It cannot be identified from outside.

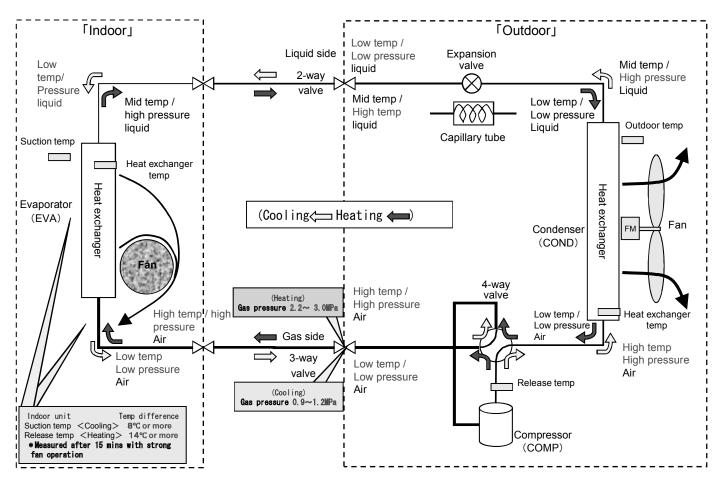
13.8 <Reference> Analysis method for no error code, no cooling / no warming

13.8.1 Preparation for appropriate diagnosis

In order to obtain appropriate operation characteristics, minimum 15 minutes or more operation time [testing operation (rated operation)] is required.

- 1. Method of rated operation (rated operation)
 - For the models which have two buttons of "emergency operation and forced cooling operation", press forced cooling button once. For the models which have only emergency operation button, press the button once for 5 seconds and when hear "beep" sound, release the button. Then, cooling operation starts.
- 2. Checking the mal-functions of indoor / outdoor units
 - Any obstacles against heat release and air suction? (short circuit)
 (Forget to remove the outdoor unit cover or fallen leaves blocking the outdoor unit)
 - 2) Are the indoor unit air filters clean? (obstructing heat suction)
 - 3) Is the setting temperature on the remote controller correct? (is the setting temperature set at lower/higher than the room temperature?)

13.8.2 Understanding and verification of refrigerant cycle



- 1. Measuring temperature
 - 1) Indoor unit suction temperature, release temperature, temperature difference, → Measure by thermometer
 - 2) 2-way valve pipe temperature in cooling mode is low temperature (benchmark : 5 ~ 10°C), in heating mode is medium temperature (benchmark : 25 ~ 35°C).
 - 3) 3-way valve pipe temperature in cooling mode is low temperature (benchmark : $7 \sim 15^{\circ}$ C) in heating mode is high temperature (benchmark : $38 \sim 50^{\circ}$ C).
- 2. Measuring electric current
 - Measuring electric current in operation → check by clump meter (refer to table of technical characteristic guideline)
- 3. Meauring pressure
 - Measuring gas pressure → check the pressure by manifold gauge (refer to table of technical characteristic guideline)
- 4. Any sound from the expansion valve? (when starting the operation and the outdoor unit is turned on, the expansion valve is re-set, check if there is any edged sound or clack sound)

13.8.3 Guidance for diagnosis of refrigerant cycle

Comparison with	Coolin	g mode		
normal operation	High	Low		
	Excess insertion of refrigerant	Clogged capillary, expansion valve malfunction		
Refrigerant	Heat releasing obstruction	Clog by moisture		
pressure	Dirty condenser, attachment of impurity	Lack of refrigerant gas		
	Compressor malfunction			
	Excess insertion of refrigerant	Lack of refrigerant gas		
Operation electric	Heat releasing obstruction	Compressor malfunction		
current	Dirty condenser, impurity	Mixture of air		
		(Insufficient evacuation)		
2-way valve	Excess insertion of refrigerant	Clogged capillary, expansion valve malfunction		
temperature	Compressor malfunction	Lack of refrigerant gas		
3-way valve	Lack of refrigerant gas • Compressor malfunction	Excess insertion of refrigerant		
temperature	Clogged capillary, expansion valve malfunction			

0 "	Temperature di	fference at or less than 8°C in cooling op	eration • • • Causes
Suction temperature	Heat releasing obstruction	Dirty condenser	 Attachment of impurity
. &	Lack of refrigerant gas	 Excess insertion of refrigerant 	
Release air temperature	Mixture of air	Mixture of moisture	
temperature	Clogged capillary	 Expansion valve malfunction 	 Compressor malfunction

 Above all are based on the condition that the installation work is properly performed (no issues in indoor / outdoor pipe connections, etc.)

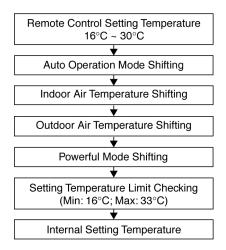
14. Operation Control

14.1 Basic Function

Inverter control, which equipped with a microcomputer in determining the most suitable operating mode as time passes, automatically adjusts output power for maximum comfort always. In order to achieve the suitable operating mode, the microcomputer maintains the set temperature by measuring the temperature of the environment and performing temperature shifting. The compressor at outdoor unit is operating following the frequency instructed by the microcomputer at indoor unit that judging the condition according to internal setting temperature and intake air temperature.

14.1.1 Internal Setting Temperature

Once the operation starts, remote control setting temperature will be taken as base value for temperature shifting processes. These shifting processes are depending on the air conditioner settings and the operation environment. The final shifted value will be used as internal setting temperature and it is updated continuously whenever the electrical power is supplied to the unit.



14.1.2 Cooling Operation

14.1.2.1 Thermostat control

- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature Internal Setting Temperature < -1.5°C continue for 3 minutes.
- When compressor is OFF (Thermostat OFF) and AUTO FAN is set, the fan will stop periodically.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature Internal Setting Temperature > Compressor OFF point.

14.1.3 Soft Dry Operation

14.1.3.1 Thermostat control

- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature Internal Setting Temperature < -2.0°C continue for 3 minutes.
- When compressor is OFF (Thermostat OFF) and AUTO FAN is set, the fan will stop periodically.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature Internal Setting Temperature > Compressor OFF point.

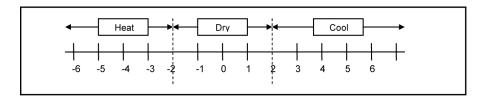
14.1.4 Heating Operation

14.1.4.1 Thermostat control

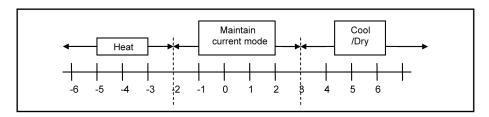
- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature Internal Setting Temperature > +2.0°C continue for 3 minutes.
- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature Internal Setting Temperature < Compressor OFF point.

14.1.5 Automatic Operation

- This mode can be set using remote control and the operation is decided by remote control setting temperature, remote control operation mode and indoor intake air temperature.
- During operation mode judgment, indoor fan motor (with speed of Lo-) is running for 30 seconds to detect the indoor intake air temperature.
- Every 10 minutes, the indoor temperature is judged.
- For the 1st judgment
 - o If indoor intake temperature remote control setting temperature ≥ 2°C, COOL mode is decided.
 - o If -2°C ≤ indoor intake temperature remote control setting temperature < 2°C, DRY mode is decided.
 - o If indoor intake temperature remote control setting temperature < -2°C, HEAT mode is decided.



- For the 2nd judgment onwards
 - o If indoor intake temperature remote control setting temperature ≥ 3°C, if previous operate in DRY mode, then continue in DRY mode, otherwise COOL mode is decided.
 - If -2°C ≤ indoor intake temperature remote control setting temperature < 3°C, maintain with previous mode
 - If indoor intake temperature remote control setting temperature < -2°C, HEAT mode is decided.



14.2 Indoor Fan Motor Operation

14.2.1 Basic Rotation Speed (rpm)

A. Basic Rotation Speed (rpm)

i. Manual Fan Speed

[Cooling, Dry]

Fan motor's number of rotation is determined according to remote control setting.

Remote control	0	0	0	0	0
Tab	Hi	Me+	Me	Me-	Lo

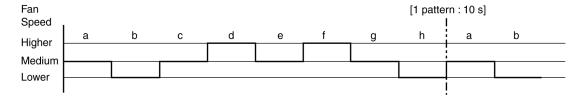
[Heating]

Fan motor's number of rotation is determined according to remote control setting.

Remote control	0	0	0	0	0
Tab	SHi	Me+	Me	Me-	Lo

ii Auto Fan Speed [Cooling, Dry]

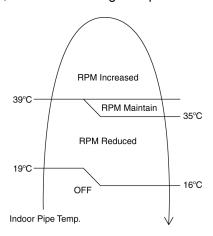
- According to room temperature and setting temperature, indoor fan speed is determined automatically.
- When set temperature is not achieved, the indoor fan will operate according to pattern below.



• When set temperature achieved, the indoor fan speed will be fixed. When thermostat off, the fan stop periodically.

[Heating]

• According to indoor pipe temperature, automatic heating fan speed is determined as follows.

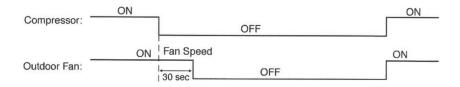


B. Feedback control

- Immediately after the fan motor started, feedback control is performed once every second.
- During fan motor on, if fan motor feedback ≥ 2550 rpm or < 50 rpm continue for 10 seconds, then fan motor error counter increase, fan motor is then stop and restart. If the fan motor counter becomes 7 times, then H19 - fan motor error is detected. Operation stops and cannot on back.

14.3 Outdoor Fan Motor Operation

Outdoor fan motor is operated with one fan speed only. It starts when compressor starts operation and it stops 30 seconds after compressor stops operation.



14.4 Airflow Direction

- There are two types of airflow, vertical airflow (directed by horizontal vane) and horizontal airflow (directed by vertical vanes).
- Control of airflow direction can be automatic (angles of direction is determined by operation mode, heat exchanger temperature and intake air temperature) and manual (angles of direction can be adjusted using remote control).

14.4.1 Vertical Airflow

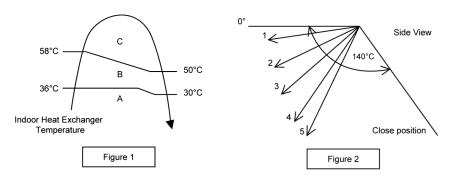
	Operation	Modo		Va	ane Angle	(°)		
	Auto Control with dev Usual (Ventilation Control with dev Usual Control with dev Usual Control with dev Usual Control with dev Manual Usual Control with dev Auto Auto A			2	3	4	5	
	Auto	Usual (Ventilation)			10 ~ 40			
	Auto	Control with dew			10 ~ 40			
Cooming	Manual	Usual (Ventilation)	10	17.5	25	32.5	40	
	Mariuai	Control with dew	10	17.5	25	3 4 0 ~ 40 25 32.5 25 32.5 0 ~ 40 25 32.5 25 32.5 25 32.5 32.5 43.8 10	40	
	Auto	Usual	10 ~ 40					
Dny	Auto	Control with dew	10 ~ 40					
Ыу	Manual	Usual	10	17.5	25	32.5	40	
	Mariuai	Control with dew	10	17.5	25	32.5	40	
	Manual	Usual	10	21.2	32.5	43.8	55	
Hooting		Α	10					
Heating	Auto	В	43.8					
		С			21.2			

CS-DZ/PZ/UZ25/35VK

	Operation	Modo		Va	ane Angle	(°)		
	Operation	i Mode	1	2	3	4	5	
	Auto	Usual (Ventilation)			5 ~ 35			
Cooling	Auto	Control with dew			5 ~ 35			
Cooling	Manual	Usual (Ventilation)	5	12.5	20	27.5	35	
	Mariuai	Control with dew	5	12.5 20 27.5		35		
	Auto	Usual	5 ~ 35					
Dny	Auto	Control with dew 5 ~ 35						
Dry	Manual	Usual	5	12.5	20	27.5	35	
	Mariuai	Control with dew	5	12.5	20	27.5	35	
	Manual	Usual	5	17.5	30	42.5	55	
l la atima		Α	5					
Heating	Auto	В			42.5			
		С		•	17.5		·	

CS-DZ/PZ/UZ50VK

- Automatic vertical airflow direction can be set using remote control; the vane swings up and down within the angles as stated above. For heating mode operation, the angle of the vane depends on the indoor heat exchanger temperature as Figure 1 below. It does not swing during fan motor stop. When the air conditioner is stopped using remote control, the vane will shift to close position.
- 2 Manual vertical airflow direction can be set using remote control; the angles of the vane are as stated above and the positions of the vane are as Figure 2 below. When the air conditioner is stopped using remote control, the vane will shift to close position.



14.4.2 Horizontal Airflow

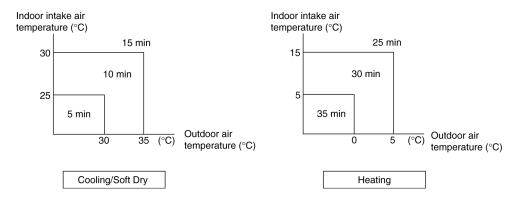
• The horizontal airflow direction louver can be adjusted manually by hand.

14.5 Timer Control

- There are 2 sets of ON and OFF timer available to turn the unit ON or OFF at different preset time.
- If more than one timer had been set, the upcoming timer will be displayed and will activate in sequence.

14.5.1 ON Timer Control

- ON timer 1 and ON timer 2 can be set using remote control, the unit with timer set will start operate earlier than the setting time.
 - This is to provide a comfortable environment when reaching the set ON time.
- 60 minutes before the set time, indoor (at fan speed of Lo-) and outdoor fan motor start operate for 30 seconds to determine the indoor intake air temperature and outdoor air temperature in order to judge the operation starting time.
- From the above judgment, the decided operation will start operate earlier than the set time as shown below.



14.5.2 OFF Timer Control

OFF timer 1 and OFF timer 2 can be set using remote control, the unit with timer set will stop operate at set time.

14.6 Sleep Mode Operation

This operation provide comfortable environment while sleeping. It will automatically adjust the sleep pattern temperature during the activation period.

SLEEP
$$0.5h \rightarrow 1.0h \cdots 9.0h \rightarrow 0.0h$$
 (Cancel)

This operation is incorporated with the activation timer (0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 hours).

Start Condition:

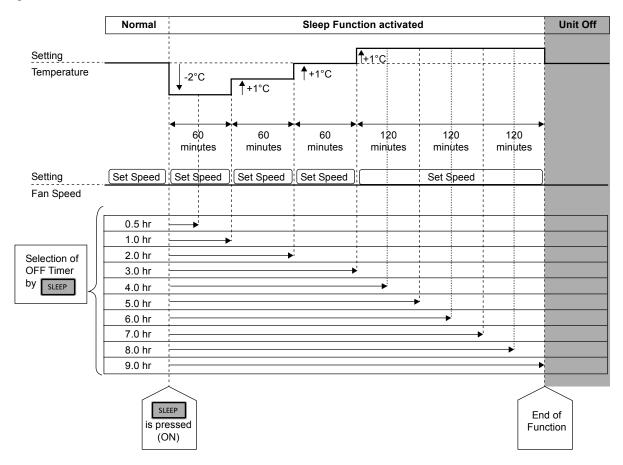
- Sleep button on remote controller is pressed.
- Select OFF timer: 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 hours.

Control content:

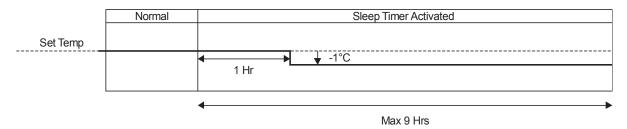
- Sleep function maximum running hour is 9 hours.
- When Sleep off timer running out, unit will automatically OFF.
- When unit resume from power failure, Sleep function will not resume.
- Sleep operation can be set together with Timer operation. Sleep operation has priority over OFF Timer.
- Indicator shall be dimmed when this operation is activated.

Control pattern:

Cooling mode



Heating mode



- Sleep operation will not undergo temperature shift when it collaborate with below operation. However, it will
 execute the delay timer.
 - Powerful mode operation
 - Auto mode operation

Stop Condition:

- When sleep operation is cancel by pressing respective button until sleep timer reaches 0.0h.
- ON/OFF button is pressed.
- When sleep operation ends.

14.7 Random Auto Restart Control

- When the power supply is cut off during the operation of air conditioner, the compressor will re-operate within
 three to four minutes (there are 10 patterns between 2 minutes 58 seconds and 3 minutes 52 seconds to be
 selected randomly) after power supply resumes.
- This type of control is not applicable during ON/OFF Timer setting.
- This control can be omitted by open the circuit of JP1 at indoor unit printed circuit board.

14.8 Indication Panel

LED	POWER	TIMER
Color	Green	Orange
Light ON	Operation ON	Timer Setting ON
Light OFF	Operation OFF	Timer Setting OFF

Note:

- If POWER LED is blinking, the possible operation of the unit are Hot Start, during Deice operation, operation mode judgment, or ON timer sampling.
- If Timer LED is blinking, there is an abnormality operation occurs.

14.9 Quiet Operation (Cooling Mode/Cooling Area of Dry Mode)

A. Purpose

To provide quiet cooling operation compare to normal operation.

B. Control condition

- a. Quiet operation start condition
 - When "POWERFUL/QUIET" button at remote control is pressed twice. QUIET will be shown on remote control display.
- b. Quiet operation stop condition
- 1 When one of the following conditions is satisfied, quiet operation stops:
 - a. POWERFUL/QUIET button is pressed again.
 - b. Stop by OFF/ON switch.
 - c. Timer "off" activates.
 - d. When FAN SPEED button is pressed.
- When guiet operation is stopped, operation is shifted to normal operation with previous setting.
- When operation mode is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new mode.
- 4 During quiet operation, if timer "on" activates, quiet operation maintains.
- After off, when on back, quiet operation is not memorized.

C. Control contents

1 Fan speed is changed to Lo-.

14.10 Quiet Operation (Heating)

A. Purpose

To provide quiet heating operation compare to normal operation.

B. Control condition

- a. Quiet operation start condition
 - When "POWERFUL/QUIET" button at remote control is pressed twice. QUIET will be shown on remote control display.
- b. Quiet operation stop condition
- 1 When one of the following conditions is satisfied, quiet operation stops:
 - a. POWERFUL/QUIET button is pressed again.
 - b. Stop by OFF/ON switch.
 - c. Timer "off" activates.
 - d. When FAN SPEED button is pressed.
- 2 When quiet operation is stopped, operation is shifted to normal operation with previous setting.
- 3 When operation mode is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new mode.
- 4 During quiet operation, if timer "on" activates, quiet operation maintains.
- 5 After off, when on back, quiet operation is not memorized.

C. Control contents

- a. Fan Speed manual
 - 1 Fan speed is changed to Lo-.
- b. Fan Speed Auto
 - 1 Fan speed is changed to Lo-.

14.11 Powerful Mode Operation

• When the powerful mode is selected, the internal setting temperature will shift lower up to 2°C (for Cooling/Soft Dry) or higher up to 3.5°C (for Heating) than remote control setting temperature for 20 minutes to achieve the setting temperature quickly.

15. Protection Control

15.1 Protection Control for All Operations

15.1.1 Restart Control (Time Delay Safety Control)

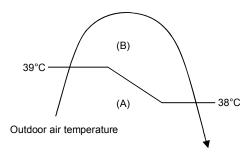
- The Compressor will not turn on within 3 minutes from the moment operation stops, although the unit is turned on again by pressing OFF/ON button at remote control within this period.
- This control is not applicable if the power supply is cut off and on again.
- This phenomenon is to balance the pressure inside the refrigerant cycle.

15.1.2 Total Running Current

- 1 When the outdoor unit total running current (AC) exceeds X value, the frequency instructed for compressor operation will be decreased.
- 2 If the running current does not exceed X value for 5 seconds, the frequency instructed will be increased.
- 3 However, if total outdoor unit running current exceeds Y value, compressor will be stopped immediately for 3 minutes.

Model	DZ/PZ	Z25VK	DZ/PZ	Z35VK	DZ/PZ	Z50VK	UZ2	5VK	UZ3	5VK	UZ5	0VK
Operation Mode	X (A)	Y (A)										
Cooling / Soft Dry (A)	4.69		6.89		9.69		4.69		6.89		9.69	
Cooling / Soft Dry (B)	4.25	15.03	6.38	15.03	9.23	14.66	4.25	15.03	6.38	15.03	9.23	14.66
Cooling / Soft Dry (C)	4.25	15.03	6.38	15.03	9.23	14.00	4.25	15.03	6.38	15.03	9.23	14.00
Heating	4.55		5.43		9.87		4.40		5.21		9.87	

4 The first 30 minutes of cooling operation, (A) will be applied.

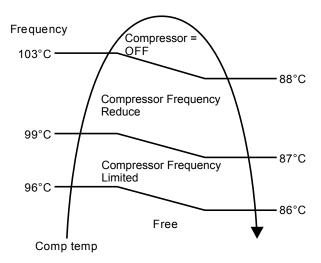


15.1.3 IPM (Power transistor) Prevention Control

- Overheating Prevention Control
 - 1 When the IPM temperature rises to 120°C, compressor operation will stop immediately.
 - 2 Compressor operation restarts after 3 minutes the temperature decreases to 110°C.
 - 3 If this condition repeats continuously 4 times within 20 minutes, timer LED will be blinking ("F96" is indicated).
- DC Peak Current Control
 - When electric current to IPM exceeds set value of 16.0 ± 2.0A (DZ/PZ/UZ25/35VK) and 20.2 ± 2.7A (DZ/PZ/UZ50VK), the compressor will stop operate. Then, operation will restart after 3 minutes.
 - 2 If the set value is exceeded again more than 30 seconds after the compressor starts, the operation will restart after 3 minute.
 - 3 If the set value exceeded again within 30 seconds after the compressor starts, the operation will restart after 1 minute. If this condition repeats continuously for 7 times, all indoor and outdoor relays will be cut off, timer LED will be blinking ("F99" is indicated).

15.1.4 Compressor Overheating Prevention Control

- Instructed frequency for compressor operation will be regulated by compressor discharge temperature. The changes of frequency are as below.
- If compressor discharge temperature exceeds 103°C, compressor will be stopped, occurs 4 times per 20 minutes, timer LED will be blinking. ("F97" is indicated.)



15.1.5 Low Pressure Prevention Control (Gas Leakage Detection)

- · Control start conditions
 - For 5 minutes, the compressor continuously operates and outdoor total current is between 1.22A and 1.38 A (DZ/PZ/UZ25/35VK), between 0.75A and 0.95A (DZ/PZ/UZ50VK).
 - During Cooling and Soft Dry operations:
 Indoor suction temperature indoor piping temperature is below 4°C.
 - During Heating operations : Indoor piping temperature - indoor suction is under 5°C.
- Control contents
 - Compressor stops (and restart after 3 minutes).
 - o If the conditions above happen 2 times within 20 minutes, the unit will:
 - Stop operation
 - Timer LED blinks and "F91" indicated.

15.1.6 Low Frequency Protection Control 1

• When the compressor operate at frequency lower than 24 Hz continued for 20 minutes, the operation frequency will be changed to 23 Hz for 2 minutes.

15.1.7 Low Frequency Protection Control 2

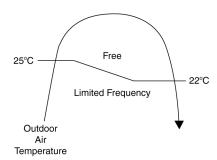
When all the below conditions comply, the compressor frequency will change to lower frequency.

Temperature, T, for:	Cooling/Soft Dry	Heating
Indoor intake air (°C)	T < 14 or T ≥ 30	T < 14 or T ≥ 28
Outdoor air (°C)	T < 13 or T ≥ 38	T < 4 or T ≥ 24
Indoor heat exchanger (°C)	T < 30	T ≥ 0

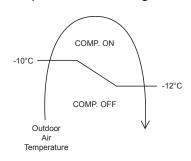
15.2 Protection Control for Cooling & Soft Dry Operation

15.2.1 Outdoor Air Temperature Control

- The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to the outdoor air temperature as shown in the diagram below.
- This control will begin 1 minute after the compressor starts.
- Compressor frequency will adjust base on outdoor air temperature.



The compressor will be stopped to avoid compressor overloading.



(FOR UZ25/35/50VK ONLY)

15.2.2 Cooling Overload Control

- Detects the Outdoor pipe temperature and carry out below restriction/limitation (Limit the compressor Operation frequency).
- The compressor stop if outdoor pipe temperature exceeds 61°C.
- If the compressor stops 4 times in 20 minutes, Timer LED blinking (F95 indicated: outdoor high pressure rise protection).

15.2.3 Freeze Prevention Control 1

- When indoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than 0°C continuously for 6 minutes, compressor will stop operating.
- Compressor will resume its operation 3 minutes after the indoor heat exchanger is higher than 5°C.
- At the same time, indoor fan speed will be higher than during its normal operation.
- If indoor heat exchanger temperature is higher than 5°C for 5 minutes, the fan speed will return to its normal operation.

15.2.4 Freeze Prevention Control 2

- Control start conditions
 - During Cooling operation and soft dry operation
 - During thermo OFF condition, indoor intake temperature is less than 10°C or
 - Compressor stops for freeze prevention control
 - Either one of the conditions above occurs 5 times in 60 minutes.
- Control contents
 - Operation stops
 - o Timer LED blinks and "H99" indicated

15.2.5 Dew Prevention Control 1

- To prevent dew formation at indoor unit discharge area.
- This control will be activated if:
 - Outdoor air temperature and Indoor pipe temperature judgment by microcontroller is fulfilled.
 - When Cooling or Dry mode is operated more than 20 minutes or more.
- This control stopped if:
 - o Compressor stopped.
 - o Remote control setting changed (fan speed / temperature).
 - o Outdoor air temperature and indoor intake temperature changed.
- Fan speed will be adjusted accordingly in this control.

15.2.6 Odor Cut Control

- To reduce the odor released from the unit.
 - Start Condition
 - AUTO FAN Speed is selected during COOL or DRY operation.
 - During freeze prevention control and timer preliminary operation, this control is not applicable.
 - Control content
 - Depends on compressor conditions:
 - 1. Compressor OFF \rightarrow Compressor ON.
 - The indoor unit fan stops temporarily and then starts to blow at minimum airflow for 30 seconds.
 - 2. Compressor ON → Compressor OFF.
 - The indoor unit fan stops for 90 seconds and then blows at minimum airflow for 20 seconds.

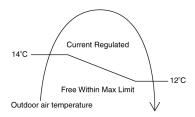
15.3 Protection Control for Heating Operation

15.3.1 Intake Air Temperature Control

Compressor will operate at limited freq., if indoor intake air temperature is 30°C or above.

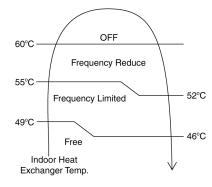
15.3.2 Outdoor Air Temperature Control

 The Max current value is regulated when the outdoor air temperature rise above 14°C in order to avoid compressor overloading.



15.3.3 Overload Protection Control

- The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to indoor heat exchanger temperature as shown below.
- If the heat exchanger temperature exceeds 60°C, compressor will stop.



15.3.4 Low Temperature Compressor Oil Return Control

 In heating operation, if the outdoor temperature falls below -10°C when compressor starts, the compressor frequency will be regulated up to 600 seconds.

15.3.5 Cold Draught Prevention Control

• When indoor pipe temperature is low, cold draught operation starts where indoor fan speed will be reduced.

15.3.6 Deice Operation

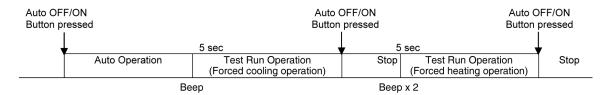
• When outdoor pipe temperature and outdoor air temperature is low, deice operation start where indoor fan motor and outdoor fan motor stop and operation LED blinks.

15.3.7 Low Pressure Protection Control

- During low ambient heating operation (below -15°C), if the pipe temperature drops below -16°C, the max frequency will be reduced and limited.
- If it drops below -20°C and does not arise after 3 minutes, the compressor will stop.
- The compressor will start again if the pipe temperature rises above -18°C.

16. Servicing Mode

16.1 Auto OFF/ON Button



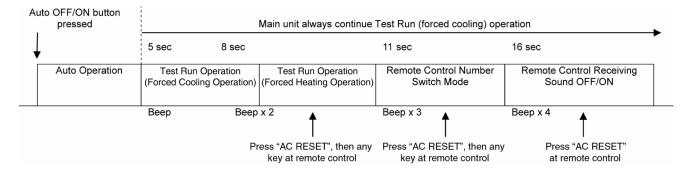
1 AUTO OPERATION MODE

The Auto operation will be activated immediately once the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed. This operation can be used to operate air conditioner with limited function if remote control is misplaced or malfunction.

2 TEST RUN OPERATION (FOR PUMP DOWN/SERVICING PURPOSE)

The Test Run operation will be activated if the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed continuously for more than 5 seconds. A "beep" sound will heard at the fifth seconds, in order to identify the starting of Test Run operation (Forced cooling operation). Within 5 minutes after Forced cooling operation start, the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed for more than 5 seconds. A 2 "beep" sounds will heard at the fifth seconds, in order to identify the starting of Forced heating operation.

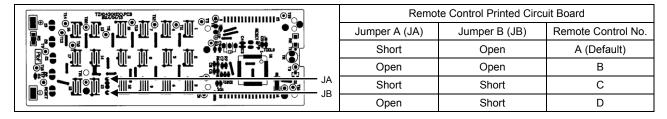
The Auto OFF/ON button may be used together with remote control to set / change the advance setting of air conditioner operation.



3 REMOTE CONTROL NUMBER SWITCH MODE

The Remote Control Number Switch Mode will be activated if the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed continuously for more than 11 seconds (3 "beep" sounds will occur at 11th seconds to identify the Remote Control Number Switch Mode is in standby condition) and press "AC RESET" button and then press any button at remote control to transmit and store the desired transmission code to the EEPROM.

There are 4 types of remote control transmission code could be selected and stored in EEPROM of indoor unit. The indoor unit will only operate when received signal with same transmission code from remote control. This could prevent signal interference when there are 2 or more indoor units installed nearby together. To change remote control transmission code, short or open jumpers at the remote control printed circuit board.



 During Remote Control Number Switch Mode, press any button at remote control to transmit and store the transmission code to the EEPROM.

4 REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVING SOUND OFF/ON MODE

The Remote Control Receiving Sound OFF/ON Mode will be activated if the Auto OFF/ON button is pressed continuously for more than 16 seconds (4 "beep" sounds will occur at 16th seconds to identify the Remote Control Receiving Sound Off/On Mode is in standby condition) and press "AC Reset" button at remote control.

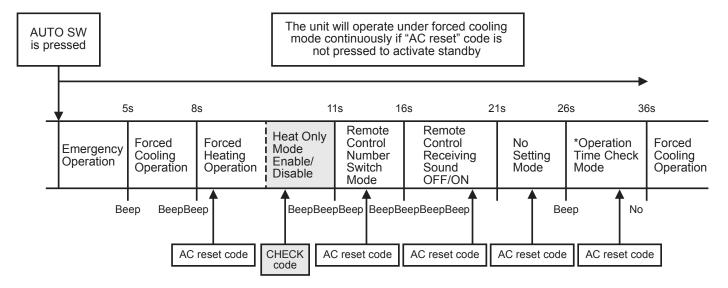
Press "Auto OFF/ON button" to toggle remote control receiving sound.

- Short "beep": Turn OFF remote control receiving sound.
- Long "beep": Turn ON remote control receiving sound.

After Auto OFF/ON Button is pressed, the 20 seconds counter for Remote Control Receiving Sound OFF/ON Mode is restarted.

16.2 Heat Only Operation

16.2.1 How to Activate/Deactivate Heat only Operation



- To enable the "Heat Only" mode, press the AUTO OFF/ON SW for more than 8s and less than 11s, "Beep Beep" sound will be heard, then release the AUTO OFF/ON SW and press remote controller CHECK button. A short "Beep" sound will be heard. "Heat Only" mode is now enable.
- To disable the "Heat Only" mode, press the AUTO OFF/ON SW for more than 8s and less than 11s, "Beep Beep" sound will be heard, then release the AUTO OFF/ON SW and press remote controller CHECK button. A long "Beep" sound will be heard. "Heat Only" mode is now disable.
- To pump down the unit during Heat Only Operation press AUTO switch for 5 seconds.

16.2.2 Operation mode during Heating only Operation

 The table below shows the operation mode comparison when Heating Only Operation Mode Activated and Deactivated.

Operation Mode	Heating Only Operation Mode Activated	Heating Only Operation Mode Deactivated
AUTO	After 30s sampling, regardless of the indoor intake or outdoor intake temperature judgment, the unit will run Heating operation.	After 30s sampling, the unit will judge the operation mode base on remote controller temperature setting and Indoor Intake Sensor (New Auto Mode) or Outdoor Intake Sensor (Old Auto Mode).
HEAT	The unit will run Heating operation.	The unit will run Heating operation.
COOL	The unit will stop and Power LED blinking.	The unit will run Cooling operation.
DRY	The unit will stop and Power LED blinking.	The unit will run Cooling Dry operation.
NANOE-G Stand-alone	The unit will stop and Power LED blinking.	The unit will run Nanoe-G Stand-alone operation.
Force Cooling	The unit will run Force Cooling Operation for X_CTRYTM [15] minutes	The unit will run Force Cooling operation.
Force Heating	The unit will run Force Heating operation.	The unit will run Force Heating operation.
AUTO (with Timer)	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Auto Operation. After 30s sampling, regardless of the indoor intake or outdoor intake temperature judgment, the unit will run Heating operation.	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Auto Operation. After 30s sampling, the unit will judge the operation mode base on remote controller temperature setting and Indoor Intake Sensor (New Auto Mode) or Outdoor Intake Sensor (Old Auto Mode).
HEAT (with Timer)	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Heating Operation.	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Heating Operation.
COOL (with Timer)	The unit will not turn ON by the timer. Power LED blinking.	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Cooling Operation.
DRY (with Timer)	The unit will not turn ON by the timer. Power LED blinking.	The unit will turn ON by the timer and run Cooling Dry Operation.
Cooling Test Mode	The unit will stop and Power LED blinking.	The unit will operate according to specify Cooling test mode operation parameter.
Heating Test Mode	The unit will operate according to specify Heating test mode operation parameter.	The unit will operate according to specify Heating test mode operation parameter.

16.3 Remote Control Button

16.3.1 **SET Button**

- To check remote control transmission code and store the transmission code to EEPROM:
 - o Press "Set" button by using pointer.
 - o Press "Timer Set" button until a "beep" sound is heard as confirmation of transmission code changed.
- To limit set temperature range for COOL & DRY, HEAT mode.
 - o Press "Set" button by using pointer.
 - o Press TEMP increment or decrement button to choose No. 3.
 - Press Timer increment or decrement button to select desired temperature low limit of set temperature for COOL & DRY mode.
 - Press Timer Set button to confirm low limit selection.
 - o Press TEMP increment or decrement button to choose No. 4.
 - Press Timer decrement or increment button to select desired temperature high limit of set temperature for COOL & DRY mode.
 - Press Timer Set button to confirm high limit selection.
 - Press TEMP increment or decrement button to choose No. 5.
 - Press Timer increment or decrement button to select desired temperature low limit of set temperature for HEAT mode.
 - Press Timer Set button to confirm low limit selection.
 - o Press TEMP increment or decrement button to choose No. 6.
 - Press Timer decrement or increment button to select desired temperature high limit of set temperature for HEAT mode.
 - Press Timer Set button to confirm high limit selection.
 - LCD returns to original display if remote control does not operate for 30 seconds or press Timer Cancel button.

16.3.2 RESET (RC)

- To clear and restore the remote control setting to factory default.
 - o Press once to clear the memory.

16.3.3 RESET (AC)

- To restore the unit's setting to factory default.
 - o Press once to restore the unit's setting.

16.3.4 TIMER ▲

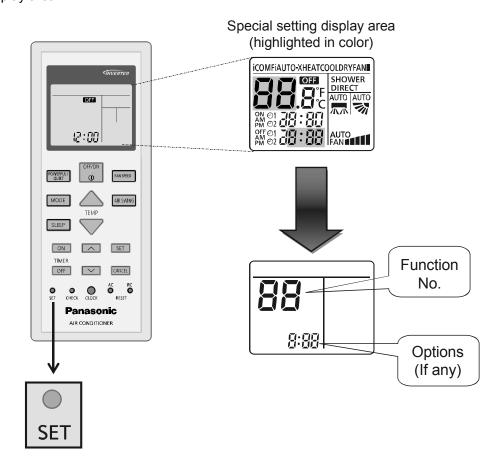
- To change indoor unit indicator's LED intensity.
 - o Press continuously for 5 seconds.

16.3.5 TIMER ▼

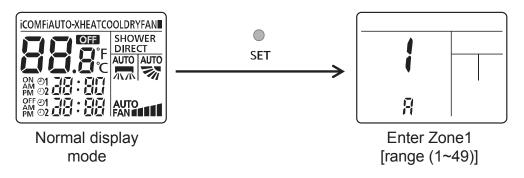
- To change remote control display from Degree Celsius (°C) to Degree Fahrenheit (°F).
 - o Press continuously for 10 seconds.

16.3.6 Special Setting mode

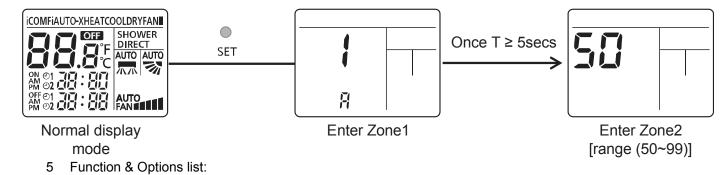
1 LCD display area:



- 2 Cannot enter this special setting mode under the following conditions:
 - 1 Operation ON.
 - 2 Under [Real/ON/OFF] time setting mode.
- 3 To enter zone 1 area:



4 To enter zone 2 area: (Press SET continuosly for T ≥ 5 secs)



Note: The functions described in the table may not be applicable to the model and may subject to change without further notice.

		Function	Options	Damadi
	No	Name	Options	Remark
	1	Remote control number selection	A, B, C, D	
	2	Solar radiation sensitivity level adjustment	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	
	3	[iAUTO-X/iAUTO/iCOMF, Cool & Dry] mode set temperature [Low2] selection	16°C ~ [High2]	
	4	[iAUTO-X/iAUTO/iCOMF, Cool & Dry] mode set temperature [High2] selection	[Low2] ~ 30°C	
	5	Heat mode set temperature Low1 selection	16°C ~ [High1]	
Zone 1	6	Heat mode set temperature High1 selection	[Low1] ~ 30°C	
	7	Filter cleaning enable/disable selection	00 / 01	
	8	nanoe-G default ON enable/disable selection	00 / 01	
	9	Dust sensor monitoring & LED enable/disable selection	00 / 01	
	10	Auto restart enable/disable selection	00 / 01	
	11	Dust sensor sensitivity level adjustment	1, 2, 3	
	12 ~ 49	Reserve		
	50	ECO demo ON	None (No display)	
	51	Light sensor check	None (No display)	
	52	nanoe-G / ECO sensor check	None (No display)	
	53	DOA check	None (No display)	
	54	Odor cut control selection [Enable (01) / Disable (00)]	00 / 01	
	55	Frequency tolerance selection [±3Hz (03) / ±7Hz (07)]	03 / 07	
	56	Fixed fan speed selection during heat mode compressor OFF	00 / 01	
	57	nanoe check	None (No display)	
Zone 2	58	Heat mode thermo shift adjustment	-3°C ~ 3°C	
	59	Others (Cool & Dry) mode thermo shift adjustment	-3°C ~ 3°C	
	60	Deice start determination judgment temperature switching	00 / 01	
	61	Cool mode disable selection [Yes (01) / No (00)]	00 / 01	
	62	Heat mode disable selection [Yes (01) / No (00)]	00 / 01	
	63	Base pan heater selection [A/ b]	A/b	
	64	Fan Speed reduction during cool mode thermo-Off [Enable (01) / Disable (00)]	00 / 01	
	65 ~ 99	Reserve		

17. Troubleshooting Guide

17.1 Refrigeration Cycle System

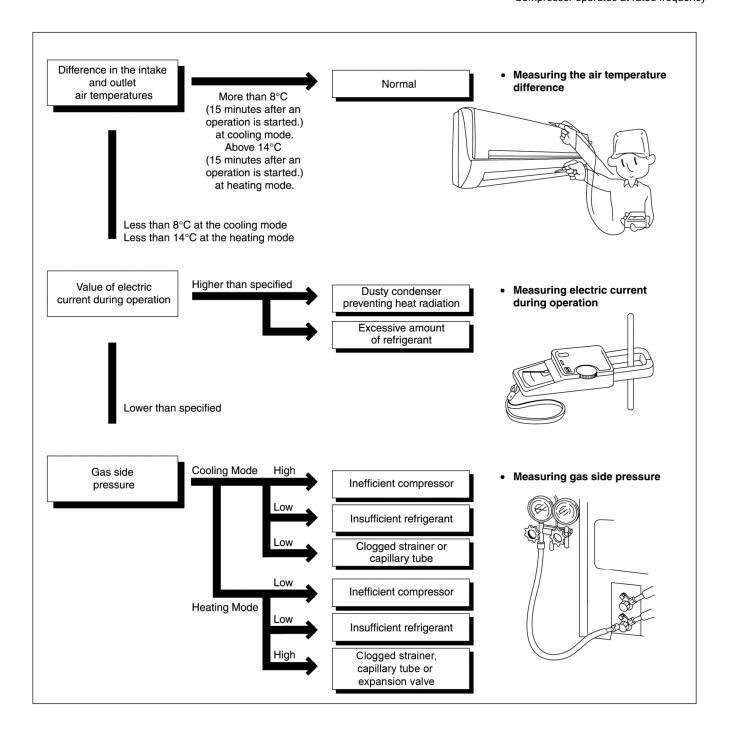
In order to diagnose malfunctions, make sure that there are no electrical problems before inspecting the refrigeration cycle. Such problems include insufficient insulation, problem with the power source, malfunction of a compressor and a fan.

The normal outlet air temperature and pressure of the refrigeration cycle depends on various conditions, the standard values for them are shown in the table on the right.

Normal Pressure and Outlet Air Temperature (Standard)

	Gas pressure MPa (kg/cm²G)	Outlet air temperature (°C)	
Cooling Mode	0.9 ~ 1.2 (9 ~ 12)	13 ~ 17	
Heating Mode	2.0 ~ 2.7 (20 ~ 27)	32 ~ 42	

- *Condition: Indoor fan speed = High
 - Outdoor temperature 35°C at the cooling mode and 7°C at the heating mode
 - · Compressor operates at rated frequency



17.2 Relationship Between the Condition of the Air Conditioner and Pressure and Electric Current

Condition of the	Cooling Mode			Heating Mode		
air conditioner	Low Pressure	High Pressure	Electric current during operation	Low Pressure	High Pressure	Electric current during operation
Insufficient refrigerant (gas leakage)	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä
Clogged capillary tube or Strainer			Ä	7	Я	Я
Short circuit in the indoor unit		'n	Ä	7	7	71
Heat radiation deficiency of the outdoor unit	7	7	Я	Ä	Ä	Ä
Inefficient compression	7	Ä	'n	7	y .	Ä

[•] Carry out the measurements of pressure, electric current, and temperature fifteen minutes after an operation is started.

17.3 Breakdown Self Diagnosis Function

17.3.1 Self Diagnosis Function (Three Digits Alphanumeric Code)

- Once abnormality has occurred during operation, the unit will stop its operation, and Timer LEDs blink
- Although Timer LED goes off when power supply is turned off, if the unit is operated under a breakdown condition, the LED will light up again.
- In operation after breakdown repair, the Timer LED will no more blink. The last error code (abnormality) will be stored in IC memory.

17.3.2 To Make a Diagnosis

- 1 Timer LED start to blink and the unit automatically stops the operation.
- 2 Press the CHECK button on the remote controller continuously for 5 seconds.
- 3 "--" will be displayed on the remote controller display.

 Note: Display only for " " (No transmitting
 - Note: Display only for "--". (No transmitting signal, no receiving sound and no Power LED blinking.)
- 4 Press the "TIMER" ▲ or ▼ button on the remote controller. The code "H00" (no abnormality) will be displayed and signal will be transmitted to the main unit.
- 5 Every press of the button (up or down) will increase abnormality numbers and transmit abnormality code signal to the main unit.
- When the latest abnormality code on the main unit and code transmitted from the remote controller are matched, power LED will light up for 30 seconds and a beep sound (continuously for 4 seconds) will be heard. If no codes are matched, power LED will light up for 0.5 seconds and no sound will be heard.
- 7 The breakdown diagnosis mode will be canceled by pressing the CHECK button continuously for 5 seconds or without any operation the remote control for 30 seconds.
- 8 The LED will be off if the unit is turned off or the RESET button on the main unit is pressed.

17.3.3 To Display Memorized Error Code (Protective Operation) status:

- 1 Turn power on.
- 2 Press the CHECK button on the remote controller continuously for 5 seconds.
- 3 "--" will be displayed on the remote controller display.
 - Note: Display only for "- -". (No transmitting signal, no receiving sound and no Power LED blinking.)
- 4 Press the "TIMER" ▲ or ▼ button on the remote controller. The code "H00" (no abnormality) will be displayed and signal will be transmitted to the main unit. The power LED lights up. If no abnormality is stored in the memory, three beeps sound will be heard.

- 5 Every press of the button (up or down) will increase abnormality numbers and transmit abnormality code signal to the main unit.
- 6 When the latest abnormality code on the main unit and code transmitted from the remote controller are matched, power LED will light up for 30 seconds and a beep sound (continuously for 4 seconds) will be heard. If no codes are matched, power LED will light up for 0.5 seconds and no sound will be heard.
- 7 The breakdown diagnosis mode will be canceled unless pressing the CHECK button continuously for 5 seconds or operating the unit for 30 seconds.
- 8 The same diagnosis can be repeated by turning power on again.



17.3.4 To Clear Memorized Error (Protective Operation) Status after Repair:

- 1 Turn power on (in standby condition).
- 2 Press the AUTO button for 5 seconds (A beep receiving sound) on the main unit to operate the unit at Forced Cooling Operation mode.
- 3 Press the CHECK button on the remote controller for about 1 second with a pointed object to transmit signal to main unit. A beep sound is heard from main unit and the data is cleared.

17.3.5 Temporary Operation (Depending On Breakdown Status)

- Press the AUTO button (A beep receiving sound) on the main unit to operate the unit. (Remote control will become possible.)
- 2 The unit can temporarily be used until repaired.

Error Code	Operation	Temporary items	
H23	Cooling	Emergency	
H27, H28	Cooling, Heating	Operation with	
H26	Cooling, Heating	limited power	

17.4 Error Codes Table

Diagnosis display	Abnormality / Protection control	Abnormality Judgment	Protection Operation	Problem Check location	
H00	No memory of failure	<u> </u>	Normal operation	_	_
H11	Indoor/outdoor abnormal communication	After operation for 1 minute	Indoor fan only operation can start by entering into force cooling operation	Indoor/outdoor communication not establish	Indoor/outdoor wire terminal Indoor/outdoor PCB Indoor/outdoor connection wire
H12	Indoor unit capacity unmatched	90s after power supply	_	Total indoor capability more than maximum limit or less than minimum limit, or number of indoor unit less than two	Indoor/outdoor connection wire Indoor/outdoor PCB Specification and combination table in catalogue
H14	Indoor intake air temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	_	Indoor intake air temperature sensor open or short circuit	Indoor intake air temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H15	Compressor temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	_	Compressor temperature sensor open or short circuit	Compressor temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H16	Outdoor current transformer (CT) abnormality	_	_	Current transformer faulty or compressor faulty	Outdoor PCB faulty or compressor faulty
H19	Indoor fan motor merchanism lock	Continuous happen for 7 times	_	Indoor fan motor lock or feedback abnormal	 Fan motor lead wire and connector Fan motor lock or block
H23	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	I	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor open or short circuit	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H24	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 abnormality	Continuous for 5s	1	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 open or short circuit	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 lead wire and connector
H25	Indoor ion device abnormality	Port is ON for 10s during ion device off	_	_	• ion device PCB
H27	Outdoor air temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	1	Outdoor air temperature sensor open or short circuit	Outdoor air temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H28	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 1 abnormality	Continuous for 5s	_	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 1 open or short circuit	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 1 lead wire and connector
H30	Outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s		Outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor open or short circuit	Outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H32	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 abnormality	Continuous for 5s	I	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 open or short circuit	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor 2 lead wire and connector
H33	Indoor / outdoor misconnection abnormality	_	_	Indoor and outdoor rated voltage different	Indoor and outdoor units check
H34	Outdoor heat sink temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 2s	_	Outdoor heat sink temperature sensor open or short circuit	Outdoor heat sink sensor
H36	Outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	Heating protection operation only	Outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor open or short circuit	Outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H37	Outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor abnormality	Continuous for 5s	Cooling protection operation only	Outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor open or short circuit	Outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor lead wire and connector
H38	Indoor/Outdoor mismatch (brand code)	_	_	Brand code not match	Check indoor unit and outdoor unit
H39	Abnormal indoor operating unit or standby units	3 times happen within 40 minutes	_	Wrong wiring and connecting pipe, expansion valve abnormality, indoor heat exchanger sensor open circuit	Check indoor/outdoor connection wire and connection pipe Indoor heat exchanger sensor lead wire and connector Expansion valve and lead wire and connector

Diagnosis display	Abnormality / Protection control	Abnormality Judgment	Protection Operation	Problem	Check location
H41	Abnormal wiring or piping connection	-	_	Wrong wiring and connecting pipe, expansion valve abnormality	Check indoor/outdoor connection wire and connection pipe Expansion valve and lead wire and connector
H59	ECONAVI sensor abnormality	Continuous for 25s	_	ECONAVI sensor open or short circuit	ECONAVI sensor (defective or disconnected) ECONAVI PCB
H64	Outdoor high pressure sensor abnormality	Continuous for 1 minutes	_	High pressure sensor open circuit during compressor stop	High pressure sensor Lead wire and connector
H70	Light sensor abnormality	Continuous for 24 hours, 15days	_	Light sensor open or short circuit	Light sensor (defective or disconnected)
H97	Outdoor fan motor mechanism lock	2 times happen within 30 minutes	_	Outdoor fan motor lock or feedback abnormal	Outdoor fan motor lead wire and connector Fan motor lock or block
H98	Indoor high pressure protection	_	_	Indoor high pressure protection (Heating)	Check indoor heat exchanger Air filter dirty Air circulation short circuit
H99	Indoor operating unit freeze protection	_	_	Indoor freeze protection (Cooling)	Check indoor heat exchanger Air filter dirty Air circulation short circuit
F11	4-way valve switching abnormality	4 times happen within 30 minutes	_	4-way valve switching abnormal	4-way valve Lead wire and connector
F17	Indoor standby units freezing abnormality	3 times happen within 40 minutes	_	Wrong wiring and connecting pipe, expansion valve leakage, indoor heat exchanger sensor open circuit	Check indoor/outdoor connection wire and pipe Indoor heat exchanger sensor lead wire and connector Expansion valve lead wire and connector
F90	Power factor correction (PFC) circuit protection	4 times happen within 10 minutes	_	Power factor correction circuit abnormal	Outdoor PCB faulty
F91	Refrigeration cycle abnormality	2 times happen within 20 minutes	_	Refrigeration cycle abnormal	Insufficient refrigerant or valve close
F93	Compressor abnormal revolution	4 times happen within 20 minutes	_	Compressor abnormal revolution	Power transistor module faulty or compressor lock
F94	Compressor discharge overshoot protection	4 times happen within 30 minutes	_	Compressor discharge pressure overshoot	Check refrigeration system
F95	Outdoor cooling high pressure protection	4 times happen within 20 minutes	_	Cooling high pressure protection	Check refrigeration system Outdoor air circuit
F96	Power transistor module overheating protection	4 times happen within 30 minutes	_	Power transistor module overheat	PCB faulty Outdoor air circuit (fan motor)
F97	Compressor overheating protection	3 times happen within 30 minutes	_	Compressor overheat	Insufficient refrigerant
F98	Total running current protection	3 times happen within 20 minutes	_	Total current protection	Check refrigeration system Power source or compressor lock
F99	Outdoor direct current (DC) peak detection	Continuous happen for 7 times	_	Power transistor module current protection	Power transistor module faulty or compressor lock

17.5 Self-diagnosis Method

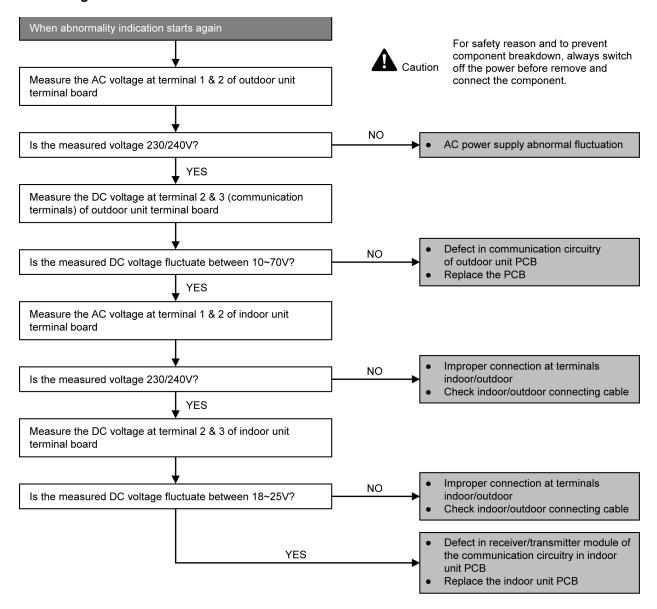
17.5.1 H11 (Indoor/Outdoor Abnormal Communication)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the data received from outdoor unit in indoor unit signal transmission is checked whether it is normal.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty indoor unit PCB.
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB.
- Indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to wiring error.
- Indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to breaking of wire in the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units.



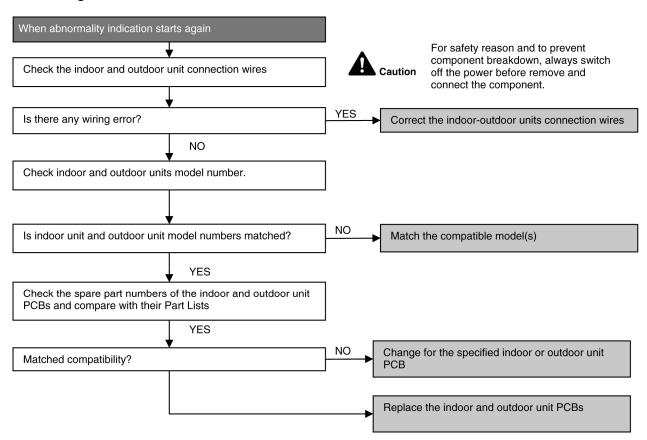
17.5.2 H12 (Indoor/Outdoor Capacity Rank Mismatched)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During startup, error code appears when different types of indoor and outdoor units are interconnected.

Malfunction Caused

- Wrong models interconnected.
- Wrong indoor unit or outdoor unit PCBs mounted.
- Indoor unit or outdoor unit PCBs defective.
- Indoor-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to wrong wiring.
- Indoor-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to breaking of wire 3 in the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units.



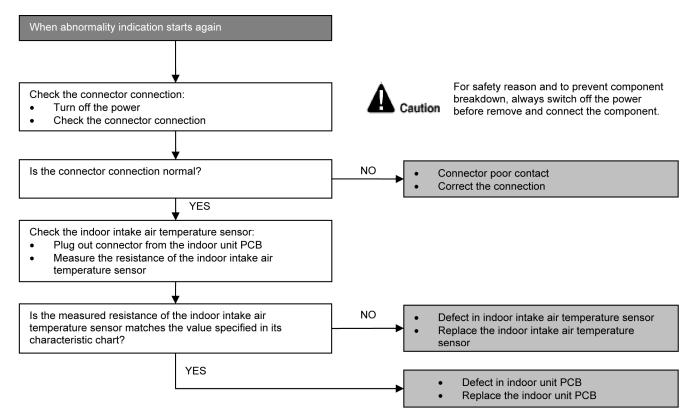
17.5.3 H14 (Indoor Intake Air Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

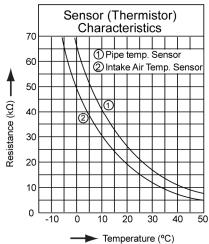
Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the indoor intake air temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.





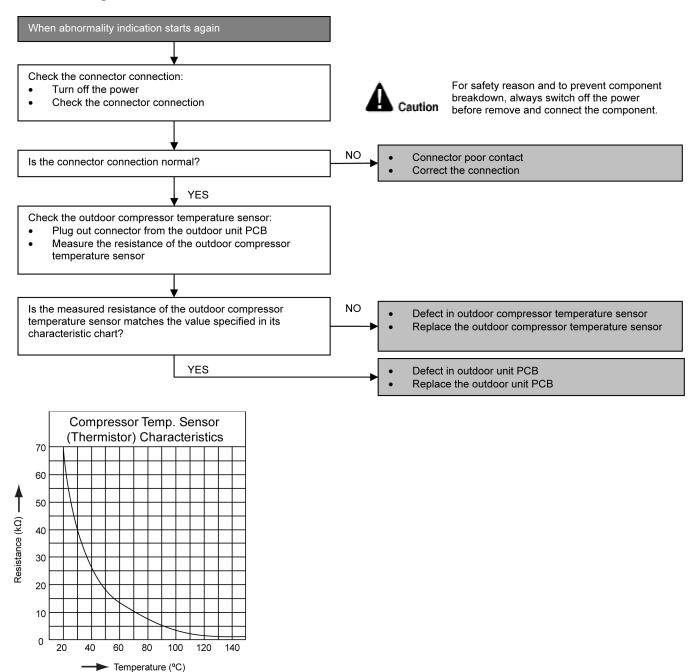
17.5.4 H15 (Compressor Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor compressor temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- · Faulty PCB.



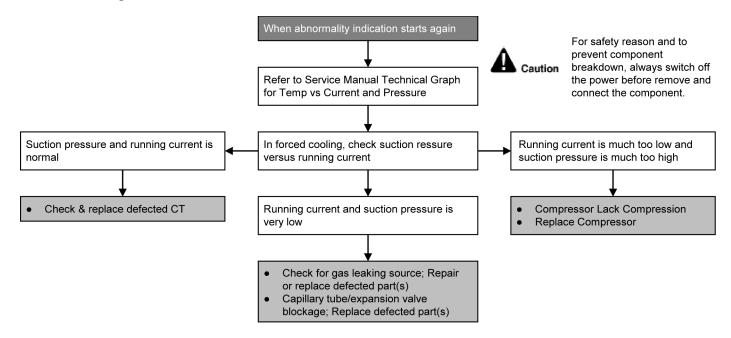
17.5.5 H16 (Outdoor Current Transformer)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• An input current, detected by Current Transformer CT, is below threshold value when the compressor is operating at certain frequency value for 3 minutes.

Malfunction Caused

- Lack of gas
- Broken CT (current transformer)
- Broken Outdoor PCB



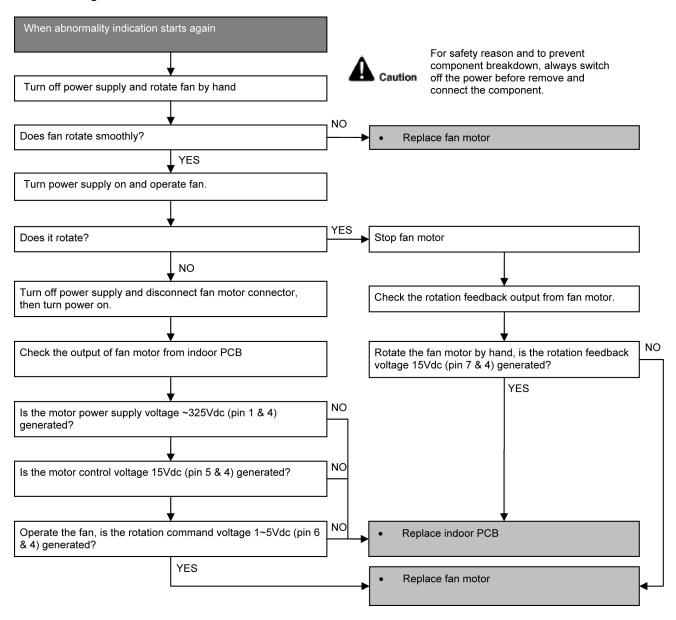
17.5.6 H19 (Indoor Fan Motor – DC Motor Mechanism Locked)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• The rotation speed detected by the Hall IC during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor (feedback of rotation > 2550rpm or < 50rpm).

Malfunction Caused

- Operation stops due to short circuit inside the fan motor winding.
- Operation stops due to breaking of wire inside the fan motor.
- Operation stops due to breaking of fan motor lead wires.
- Operation stops due to Hall IC malfunction.
- Operation error due to faulty indoor unit PCB.



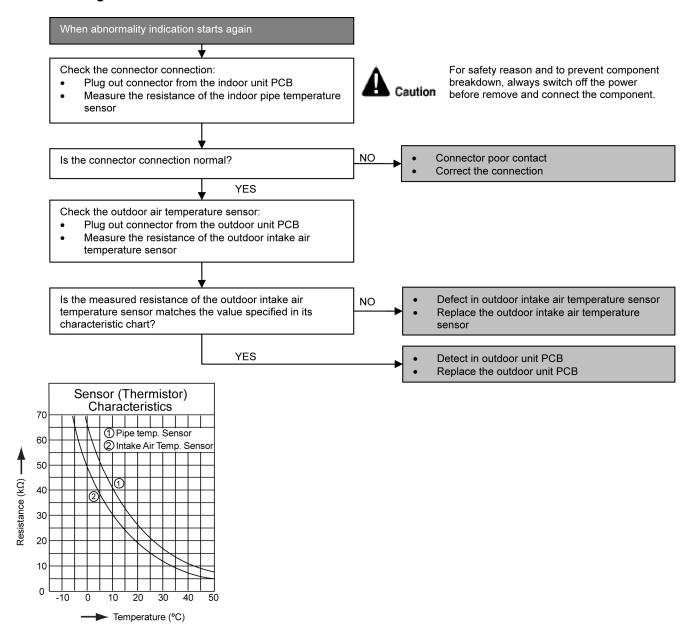
17.5.7 H23 (Indoor Pipe Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.



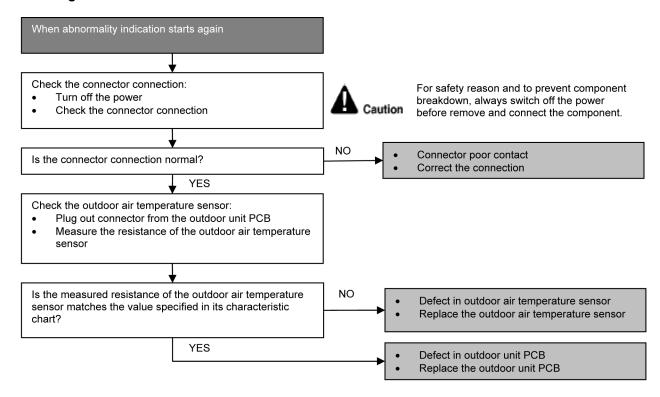
17.5.8 H27 (Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

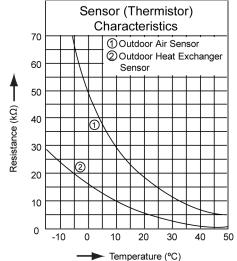
Malfunction Decision Conditions

 During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor air temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- · Faulty PCB.





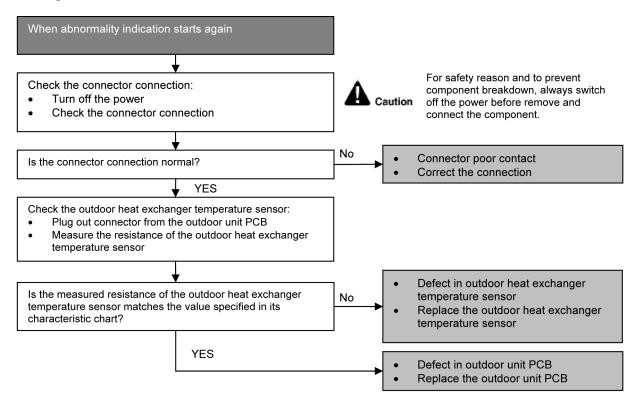
17.5.9 H28 (Outdoor Pipe Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

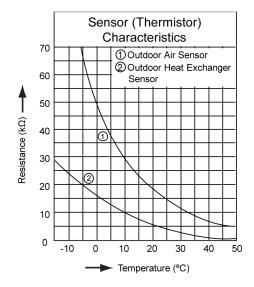
Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.





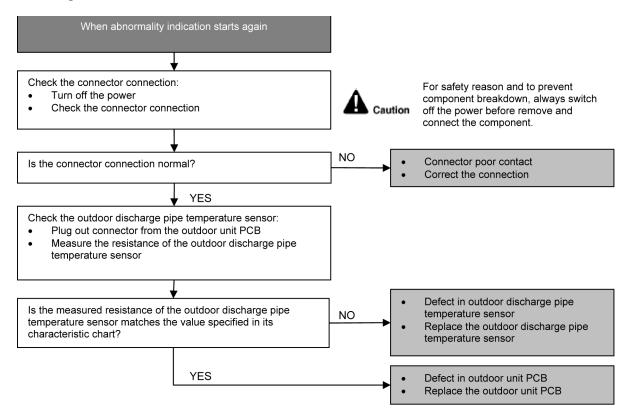
17.5.10 H30 (Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

 During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor discharge pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.



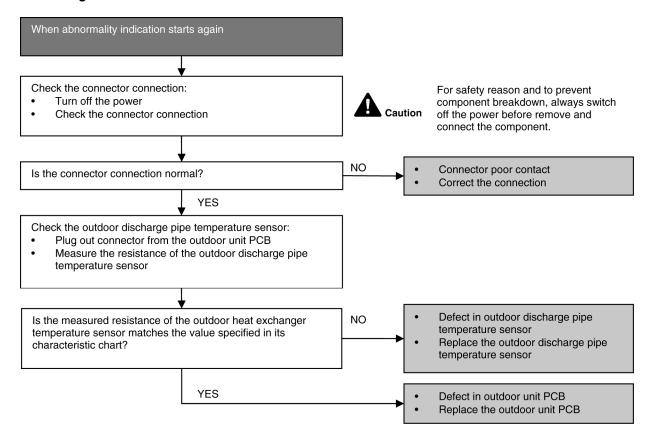
17.5.11 H32 (Outdoor Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor 2 Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.



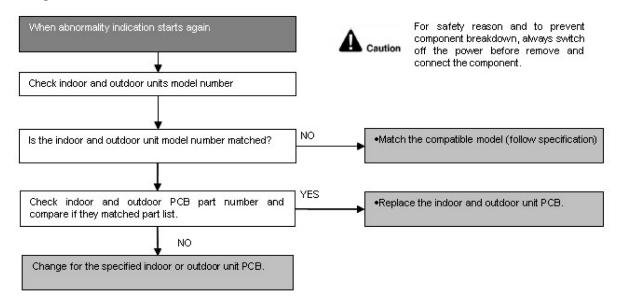
17.5.12 H33 (Unspecified Voltage between Indoor and Outdoor)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• The supply power is detected for its requirement by the indoor/outdoor transmission.

Malfunction Caused

- Wrong models interconnected.
- Wrong indoor unit and outdoor unit PCBs used.
- Indoor unit or outdoor unit PCB defective.



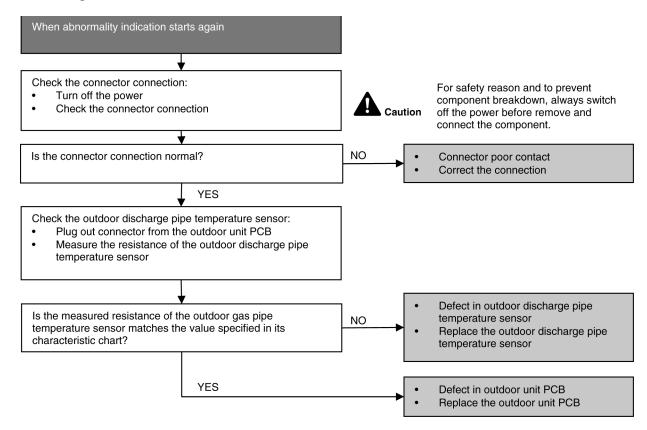
17.5.13 H34 (Outdoor Heat Sink Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor heat sink temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.



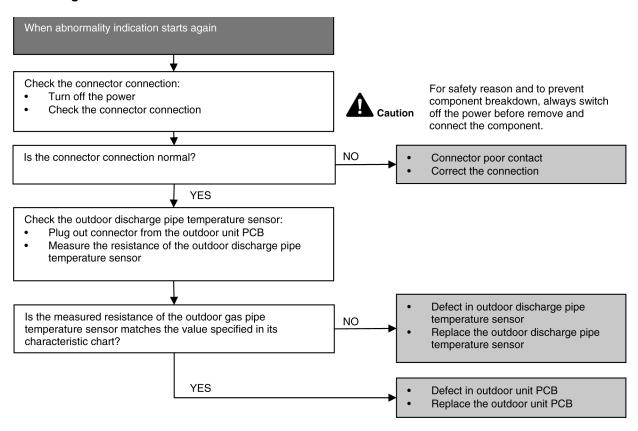
17.5.14 H36 (Outdoor Gas Pipe Sensor Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor gas pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- · Faulty PCB.



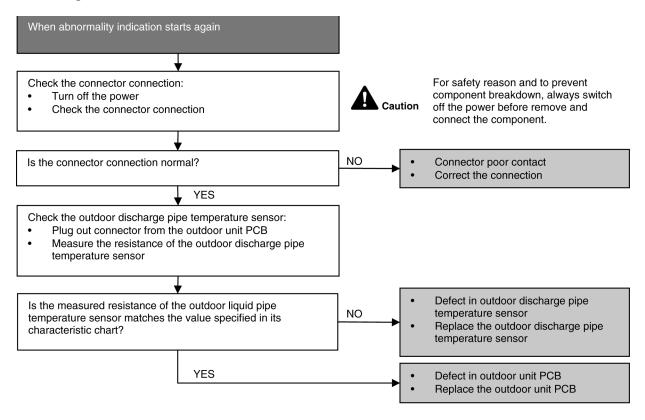
17.5.15 H37 (Outdoor Liquid Pipe Temperature Sensor Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

 During startup and operation of cooling and heating, the temperatures detected by the outdoor liquid pipe temperature sensor are used to determine sensor errors.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty connector connection.
- Faulty sensor.
- Faulty PCB.



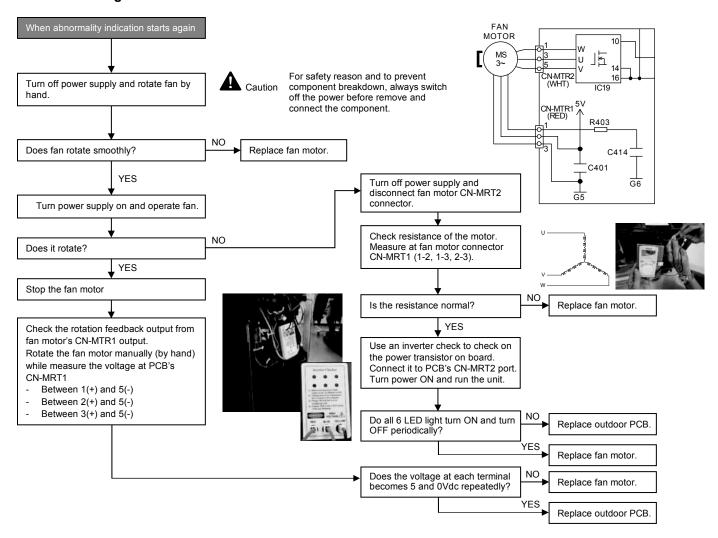
17.5.16 H97 (Outdoor Fan Motor – DC Motor Mechanism Locked)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

The rotation speed detected by the Hall IC during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor.

Malfunction Caused

- Operation stops due to short circuit inside the fan motor winding.
- Operation stops due to breaking of wire inside the fan motor.
- Operation stops due to breaking of fan motor lead wires.
- Operation stops due to Hall IC malfunction.
- Operation error due to faulty outdoor unit PCB.



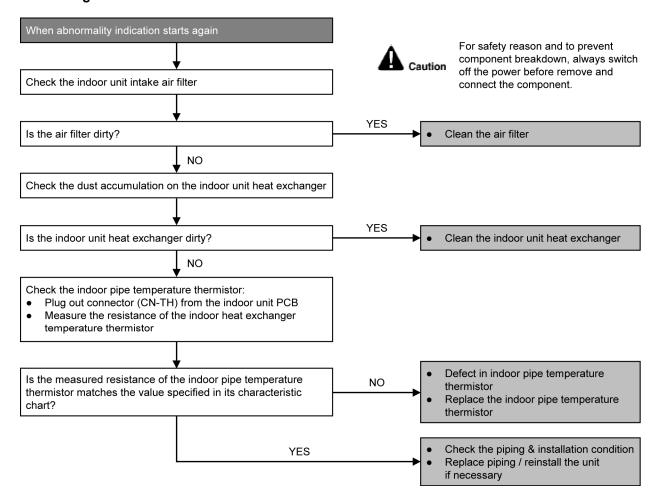
17.5.17 H98 (Error Code Stored in Memory and no alarm is triggered / no TIMER LED flashing)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- Indoor high pressure is detected when indoor heat exchanger is detecting very high temperature when the unit is operating in heating operation.
- Phenomena: unit is stopping and re-starting very often in heating mode

Malfunction Caused

- Indoor heat exchanger thermistor
- Clogged air filter or heat exchanger
- Over-bent pipe (liquid side)



17.5.18 H99 (Indoor Freeze Prevention Protection: Cooling or Soft Dry)

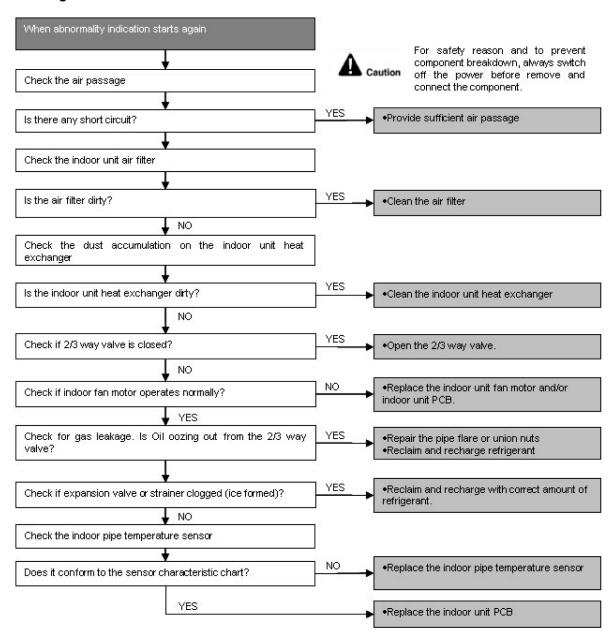
Error Code will not display (no Timer LED blinking) but store in EEPROM

Malfunction Decision Conditions

Freeze prevention control takes place (when indoor pipe temperature is lower than 2°C)

Malfunction Caused

- Air short circuit at indoor unit
- Clogged indoor unit air filter
- Dust accumulation on the indoor unit heat exchanger
- 2/3 way valve closed
- Faulty indoor unit fan motor
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Clogged expansion valve or strainer
- Faulty indoor pipe temperature sensor
- Faulty indoor unit PCB



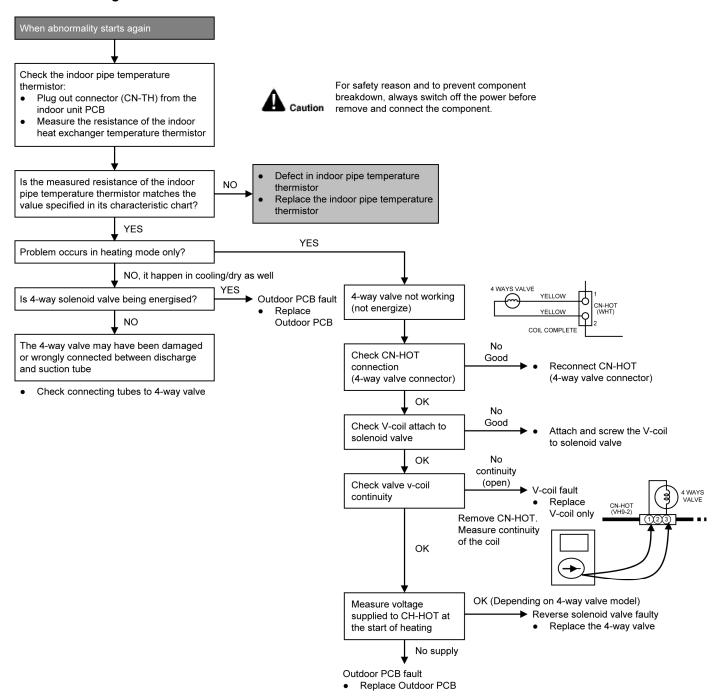
17.5.19 F11 (4-way valve Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• When indoor heat exchanger is cold during heating (except deice) or when indoor heat exchanger is hot during cooling and compressor operating, the 4-way valve is detected as malfunction.

Malfunction Caused

- Indoor heat exchanger (pipe) thermistor
- 4-way valve malfunction



^{*} Check gas side pipe – for hot gas flow in cooling mode

17.5.20 F17 (Indoor Standby Units Freezing Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

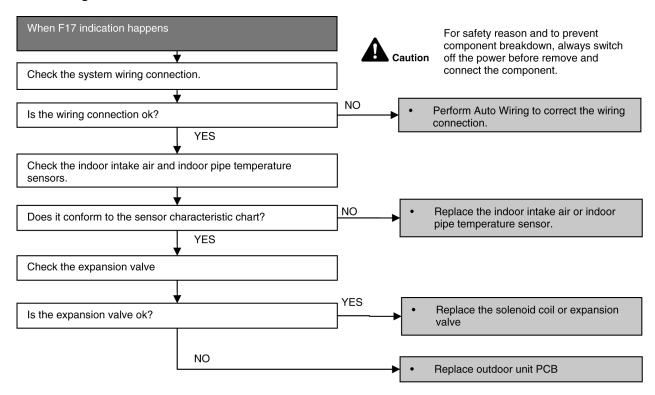
 When the different between indoor intake air temperature and indoor pipe temperature is above 10°C or indoor pipe temperature is below -1.0°C.

Remark:

When the indoor standby unit is freezing, the outdoor unit transfers F17 error code to the corresponding indoor unit and H39 to other indoor unit(s).

Malfunction Caused

- Wrong wiring connection
- Faulty sensor
- Faulty expansion valve



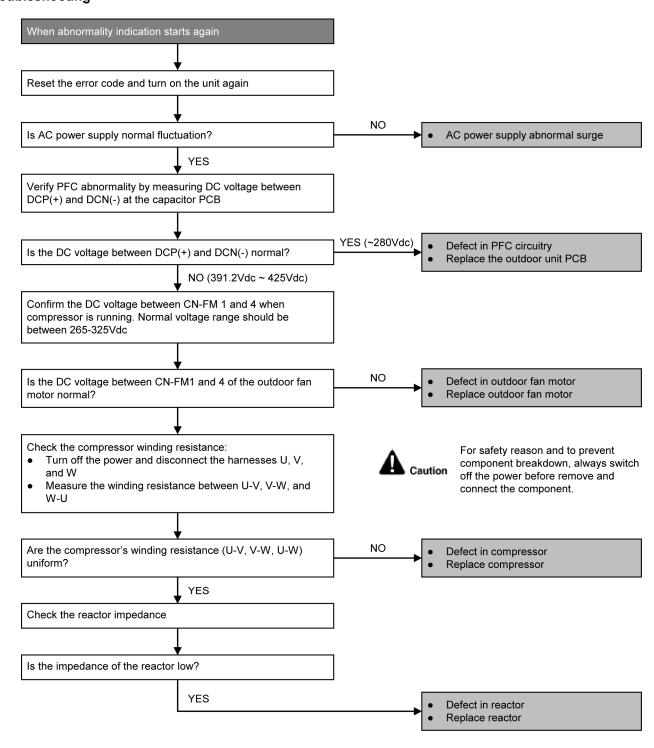
17.5.21 F90 (Power Factor Correction Protection)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- To maintain DC voltage level supply to power transistor.
- To detect high DC voltage level after rectification.

Malfunction Caused

- During startup and operation of cooling and heating, when Power Factor Correction (PFC) protection circuitry at the outdoor unit main PCB senses abnormal DC voltage level for power transistors.
- When DC voltage detected is LOW, transistor switching will turn ON by controller to push-up the DC level.
- When DC voltage detected is HIGH (391Vdc 425Vdc), active LOW signal will send by the controller to turn OFF relay RY-C.



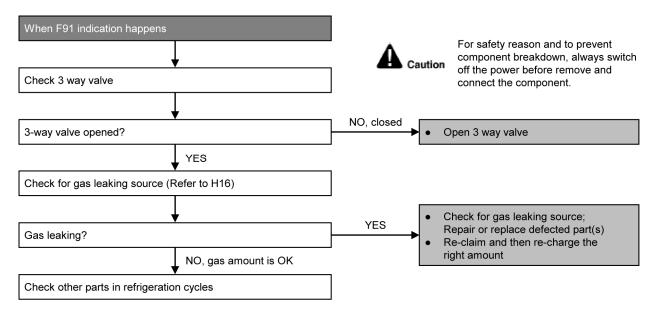
17.5.22 F91 (Refrigeration Cycle Abnormality)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• The input current is low while the compressor is running at higher than the setting frequency.

Malfunction Caused

- Lack of gas.
- 3-way valve close.



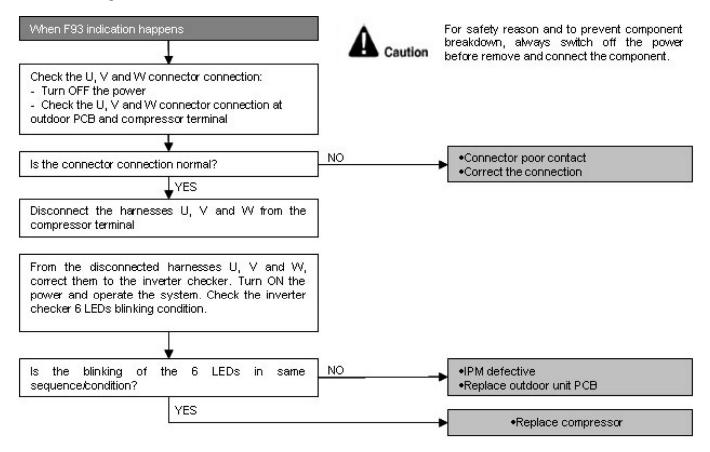
17.5.23 F93 (Compressor Rotation Failure)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• A compressor rotation failure is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.

Malfunction Caused

- Compressor terminal disconnect
- Faulty Outdoor PCB
- Faulty compressor



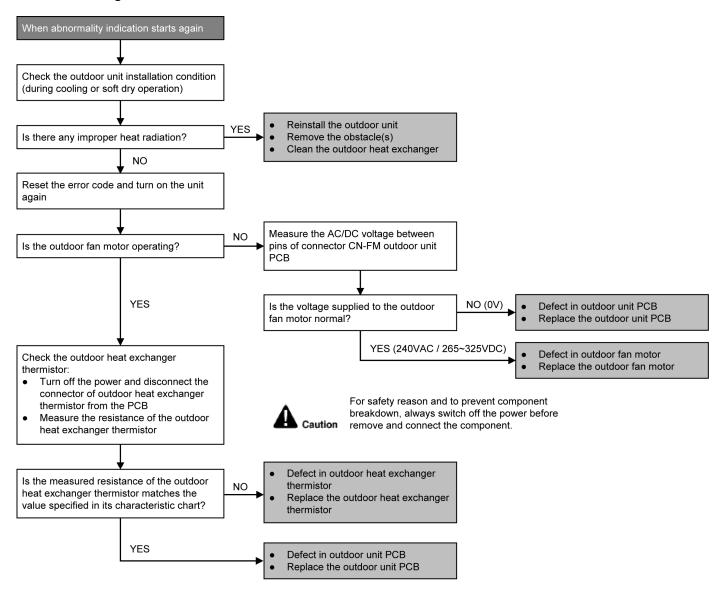
17.5.24 F95 (Outdoor High Pressure Protection: Cooling or Soft Dry)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During operation of cooling or soft dry, when outdoor unit heat exchanger high temperature data is detected by the outdoor unit heat exchanger thermistor.

Malfunction Caused

- Outdoor heat exchanger temperature rise due to short-circuit of hot discharge air flow.
- Outdoor heat exchanger temperature rise due to defective of outdoor fan motor.
- Outdoor heat exchange temperature rise due to defective outdoor heat exchanger thermistor.
- Outdoor heat exchanger temperature rise due to defective of outdoor unit PCB.



17.5.25 F96 (IPM Overheating)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During operating of cooling and heating, when IPM temperature data (120°C) is detected by the IPM temperature sensor.

Multi Models Only

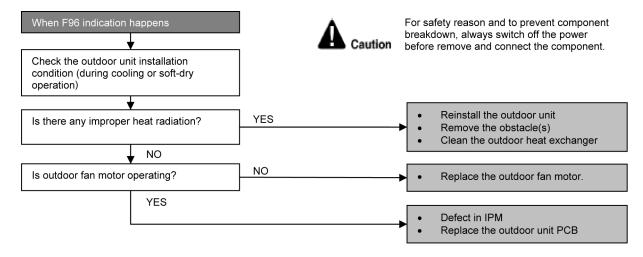
- Compressor Overheating: During operation of cooling and heating, when the compressor OL is activated.
- Heat Sink Overheating: During operation of cooling and heating, when heat sink temperature data (90°C) is detected by the heat sink temperature sensor.

Malfunction Caused

- IPM overheats due to short circuit of hot discharge air flow.
- IPM overheats due to defective of outdoor fan motor.
- IPM overheats due to defective of internal circuitry of IPM.
- IPM overheats due to defective IPM temperature sensor.

Multi Models Only

- Compressor OL connector poor contact.
- Compressor OL faulty.



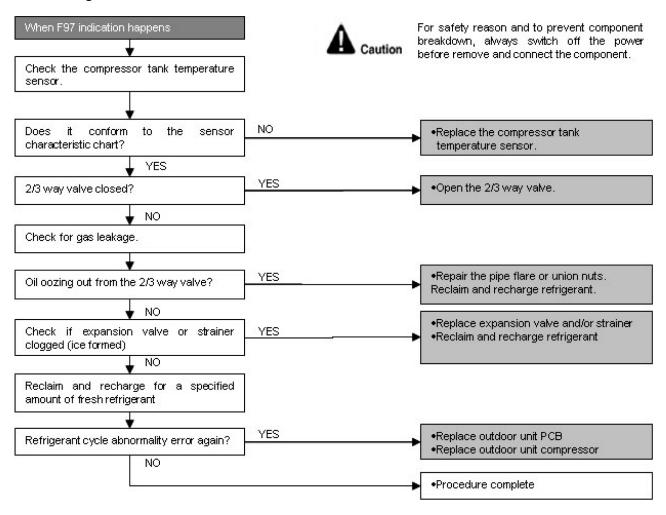
17.5.26 F97 (Compressor Overheating)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

• During operation of cooling and heating, when compressor tank temperature data (112°C) is detected by the compressor tank temperature sensor.

Malfunction Caused

- Faulty compressor tank temperature sensor
- 2/3 way valve closed
- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB
- Faulty compressor



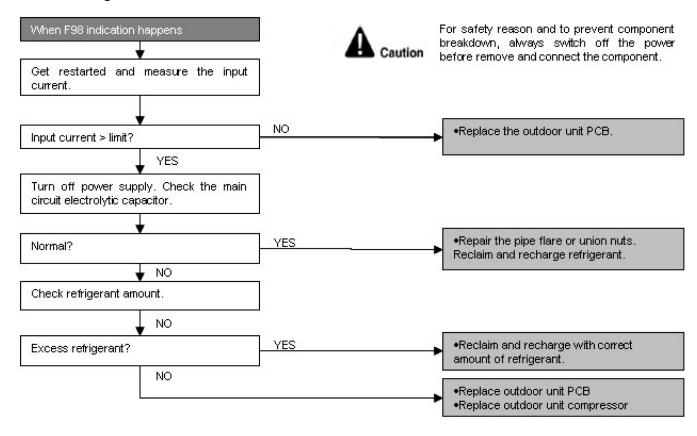
17.5.27 F98 (Input Over Current Detection)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

 During operation of cooling and heating, when an input over-current (X value in Total Running Current Control) is detected by checking the input current value being detected by current transformer (CT) with the compressor running.

Malfunction Caused

- Excessive refrigerant.
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB.



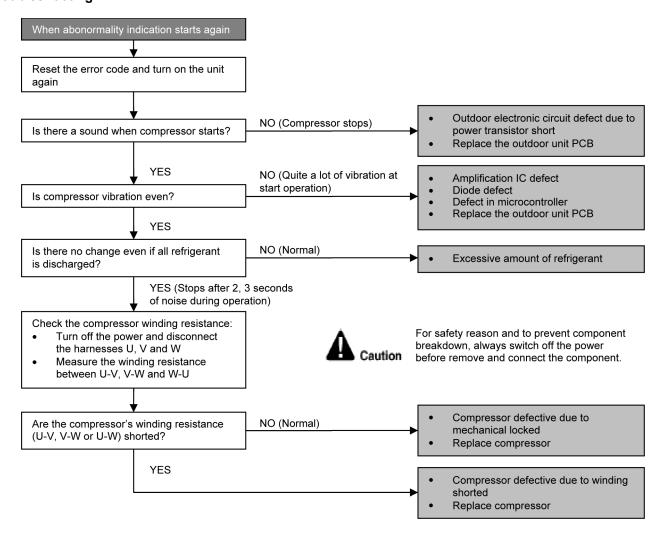
17.5.28 F99 (DC Peak Detection)

Malfunction Decision Conditions

During startup and operation of cooling and heating, when inverter DC peak data is received by the outdoor internal DC Peak sensing circuitry.

Malfunction Caused

- DC current peak due to compressor failure.
- DC current peak due to defective power transistor(s).
- DC current peak due to defective outdoor unit PCB.
- DC current peak due to short circuit.



18. Disassembly and Assembly Instructions

MARNING

High Voltage are generated in the electrical parts area by the capacitor. Ensure that the capacitor has discharged sufficiently before proceeding with repair work. Failure to heed this caution may result in electric shocks.

18.1 CS-DZ25VKE CS-DZ35VKE CS-PZ25VKE CS-PZ35VKE CS-UZ25VKE CS-UZ35VKE

18.1.1 Indoor Electronic Controllers, Cross Flow Fan and Indoor Fan Motor Removal Procedures

18.1.1.1 To Remove Front Grille

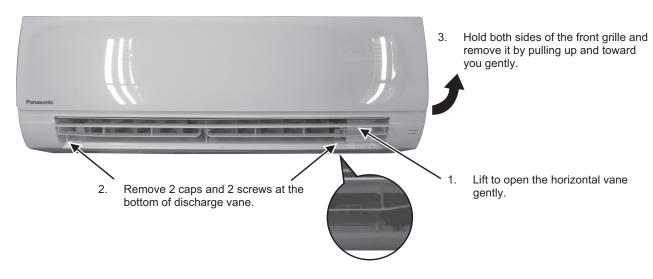


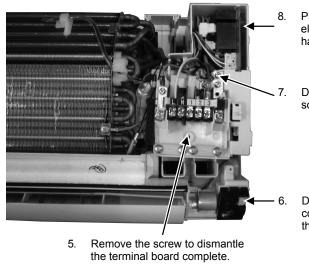
Figure 1

18.1.1.2 To Remove Electronic Controller



Remove the Control Board cover by releasing the hook.

Figure 2



- Pull out the main electronic controller halfway.
- Detach the Earth wire screw.
- Detach the CN-DISP connector then remove the indicator PCB complete.

Detach connector as labeled from the electronic controller, then pull out the

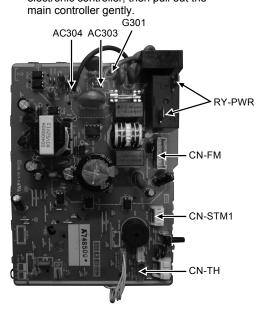
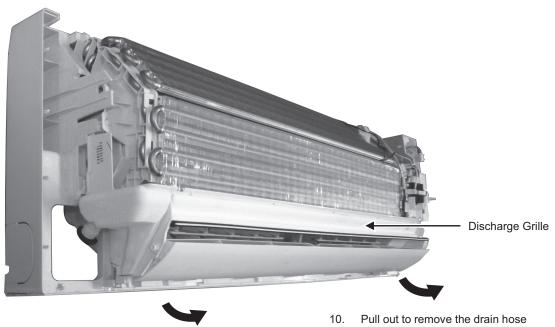


Figure 4

Figure 3

To Remove Discharge Grille 18.1.1.3

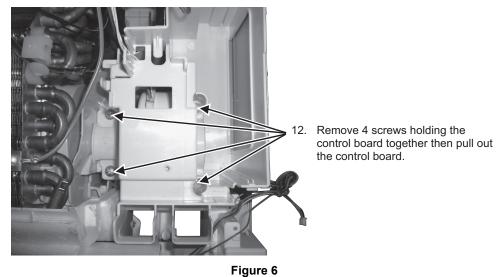


Pull the Discharge Grille downward gently to dismantle it.

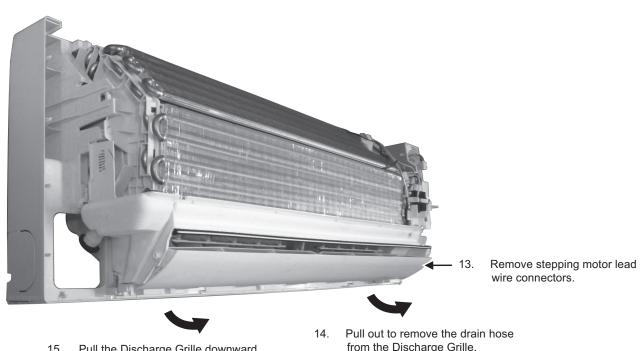
from the Discharge Grille.

Figure 5

18.1.1.4 To Remove Control Board



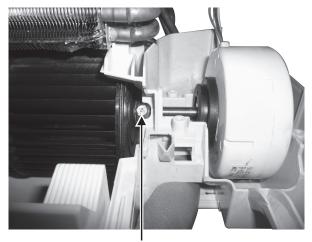
18.1.1.5 To Remove Cross Flow Fan and Indoor Fan Motor



Pull the Discharge Grille downward 15. gently to dismantle it.

from the Discharge Grille.

Figure 7



16. Remove the screw that holds the cross flow fan and the fan motor shaft.

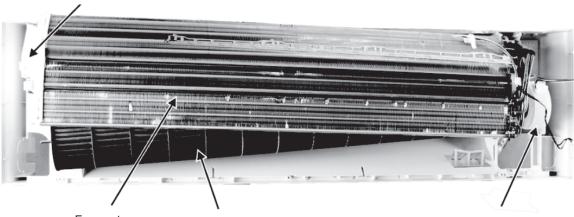
Figure 8



- Remove the bearing by pulling it out gently.
- 7. Remove the screw from the evaporator.

Figure 9

19. Push the holdfast to the left and lift up the evaporator.

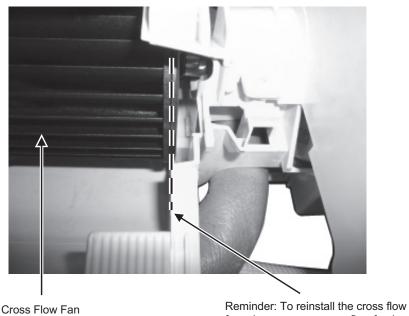


Evaporator

- Remove the cross flow fan from the unit by pulling it to the left and downward.
- 21. Fan motor can be removed after the removal of cross flow fan.

Reminder: To reinstall the fan motor, adjust the fan motor connector to 45° towards you before fixing control board.

Figure 10



fan, please ensure cross flow fan is in line as shown in figure 11.

Figure 11

♠ WARNING

High Voltage are generated in the electrical parts area by the capacitor. Ensure that the capacitor has discharged sufficiently before proceeding with repair work. Failure to heed this caution may result in electric shocks.

18.2 CS-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CS-UZ50VKE

18.2.1 Indoor Electronic Controllers, Cross Flow Fan and Indoor Fan Motor Removal Procedures

18.2.1.1 To Remove Front Grille

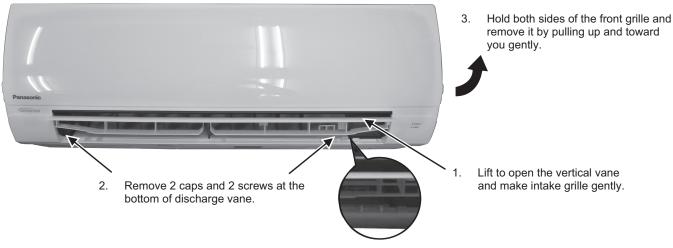
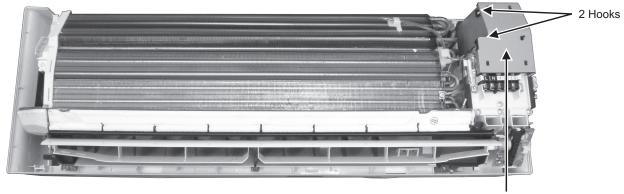


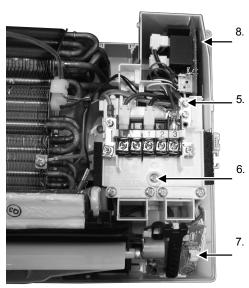
Figure 1

18.2.1.2 To Remove Electronic Controller



Remove the control board cover by releasing 2 hooks.

Figure 2



- Pull out the main electronic controller halfway.
- Detach the earth wire connection.
- Remove screw Terminal Board complete and earth wire.
- Detach the CN-DISP connector then remove the indicator complete.

 Detach connectors as labeled from the electronic controller. Then pull out main controller gently.

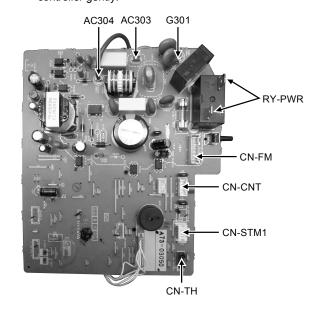
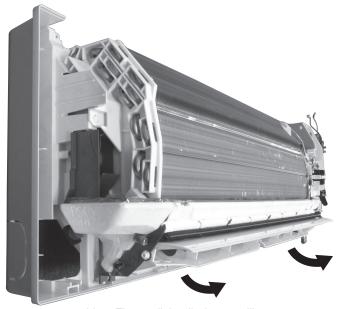


Figure 3 Figure 4

18.2.1.3 To Remove Discharge Grille



11. Then pull the discharge grille downward gently to dismantle it.

Pull out to remove the drain hose from the discharge grille.

Figure 5

18.2.1.4 To Remove Control Board

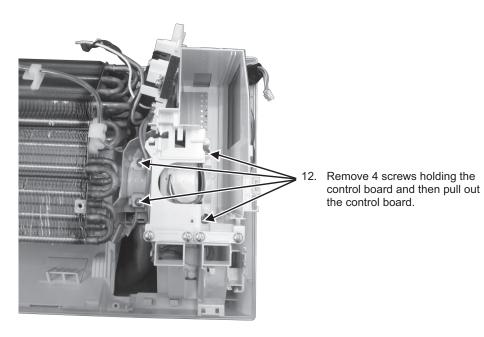
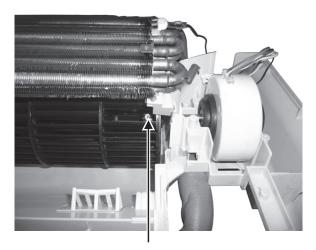


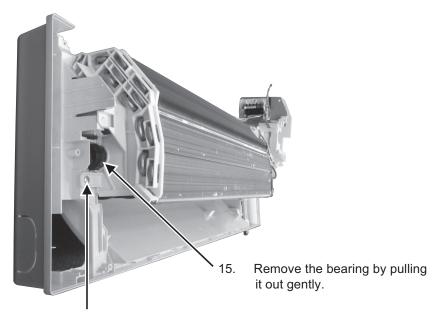
Figure 6

18.2.1.5 To Remove Cross Flow Fan and Indoor Fan Motor



13. Remove the screw that holding the cross flow fan and fan motor shaft.

Figure 7



14. Remove the screw from the evaporator.

Figure 8

16. Push the holdfast to the left and lift up the evaporator.

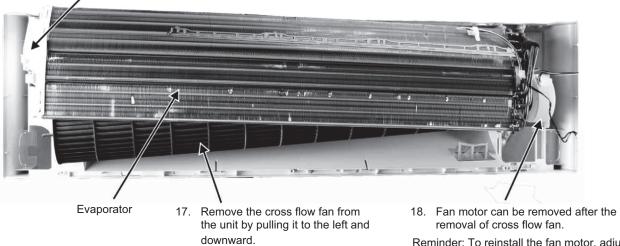
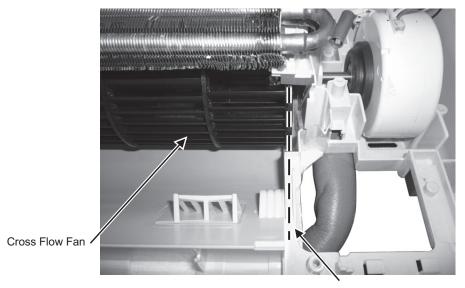


Figure 9

Reminder: To reinstall the fan motor, adjust the fan motor connector to 45° towards you before fixing control board.



Reminder: To reinstall the cross flow fan, ensure cross flow fan is in line as shown in figure 10.

Figure 10

18.3 Outdoor Electronic Controller Removal Procedure

18.3.1 CU-DZ25VKE CU-DZ35VKE CU-PZ25VKE CU-PZ35VKE CU-UZ25VKE CU-UZ35VKE

⚠ Caution! When handling electronic controller, be careful of electrostatic discharge.

1 Remove the 5 screws of the Top Panel.

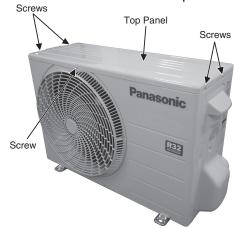
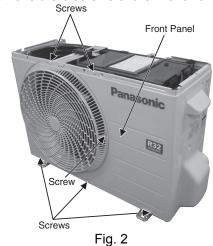
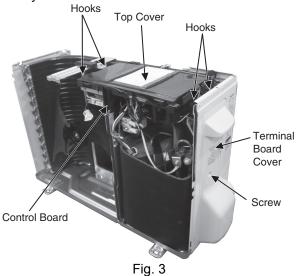


Fig. 1

2 Remove the 6 screws of the Front Panel.



- 3 Remove the screw of the Terminal Board
- 4 Remove the Top Cover of the Control Board by 4 hooks.



Remove the Control Board as follows:

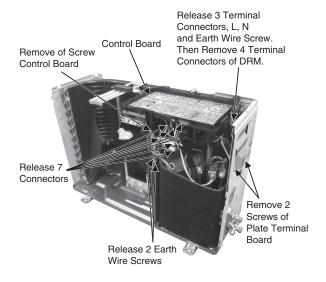


Fig. 4

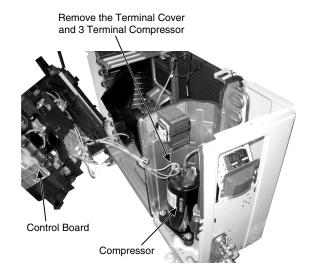
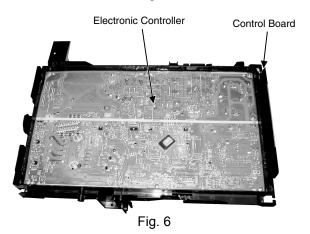


Fig. 5



18.3.2 CU-DZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE

⚠ Caution! When handling electronic controller, be careful of electrostatic discharge.

1. Remove the 5 screws of the Top Panel.

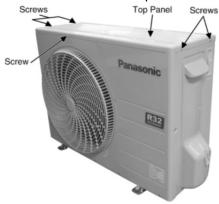


Fig. 1

2. Remove the 8 screws of the Front Panel.

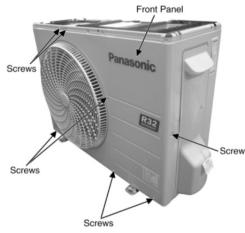


Fig. 2

- 3. Remove the screw of the Terminal Board Cover.4. Remove the Top Cover of the Control Board by 4 hooks.

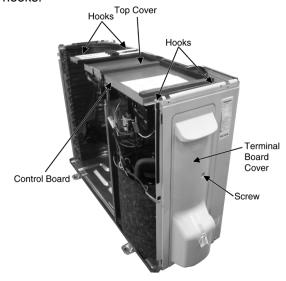


Fig. 3

5. Remove the Control Board as follows:

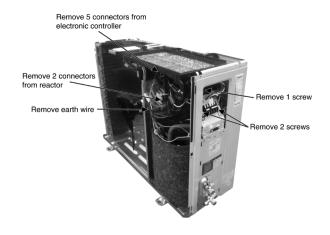


Fig. 4

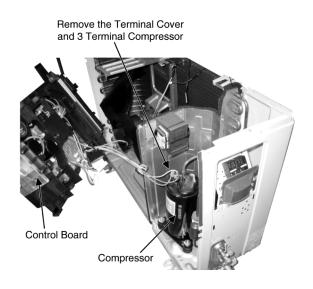


Fig. 5

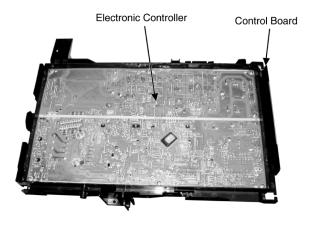


Fig. 6

19. Technical Data

Technical data provided are based on the air conditioner running under free frequency.

19.1 Cool Mode Performance Data

Unit setting: Standard piping length, Hi Fan, Cool mode at 16°C

Voltage: 230V

19.1.1 CS-PZ25VKE CU-PZ25VKE CS-DZ25VKE CU-DZ25VKE

Indoo	or (°C)						Outdoor	DB (°C)					
DB	WD		5			16			25			35	
DB	WB	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	2627	2257	553	2786	2308	453	2610	2217	560	2500	2244	690
21	22.0	3007	1846	462	3065	1895	456	2859	1773	569	2668	1711	706
23	15.7	2406	2203	534	2566	2334	452	2394	2190	552	2154	2088	671
23	18.4	2686	1823	500	2786	1881	452	2614	1800	560	2363	1651	688
20	13.3	1887	1952	419	2045	2049	325	2029	2038	451	2007	2031	658
20	15.8	2346	1739	571	2568	1894	451	2395	1743	550	2187	1620	673

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

19.1.2 CS-PZ35VKE CU-PZ35VKE CS-DZ35VKE CU-DZ35VKE

Indoo	or (°C)						Outdoor	· DB (°C)					
DB	WD		5			16			25			35	
DB	WB	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	3833	2932	882	4065	2998	722	3809	2879	892	3400	2717	1100
21	22.0	4388	2397	737	4472	2462	727	4172	2303	907	3893	2223	1125
23	15.7	3511	2862	852	3745	3032	720	3493	2845	880	3144	2712	1069
23	18.4	3919	2368	798	4065	2443	720	3814	2339	893	3447	2145	1096
20	13.3	2753	2536	667	2984	2662	519	2960	2648	718	2928	2638	1049
20	15.8	3423	2259	910	3746	2461	719	3495	2264	877	3191	2104	1073

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

19.1.3 CS-PZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE CS-DZ50VKE CU-DZ50VKE

Indoo	or (°C)						Outdoor	DB (°C)					
DB	WD		5			16			25			35	
DB	WB	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	5022	3407	1434	5653	3678	979	5270	3595	1300	5000	3606	1680
21	22.0	5814	2809	1142	6227	2987	938	5775	2823	1284	5149	2646	1687
23	15.7	4593	3311	1345	5094	3556	1012	4724	3445	1312	4179	3300	1680
23	18.4	4938	2691	1405	5414	2849	987	5154	2811	1302	4633	2637	1682
20	13.3	4219	3199	1377	4792	3552	1034	4351	3360	1317	3882	3148	1676
20	15.8	4490	2613	1447	5038	2832	1010	4693	2725	1310	4211	2561	1681

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

19.1.4 CS-UZ25VKE CU-UZ25VKE

Indoo	r (°C)										Outd	oor DE	3 (°C)									
DB	WB		-10			-7			0			5			16			25			35	
DB	VVD	TC	SHC	ΙP	TC	SHC	ΙP	TC	SHC	ΙP	TC	SHC	ΙP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	2682	2281	492	2609	2266	505	2683	2280	490	2627	2257	545	2786	2308	446	2610	2217	552	2500	2244	680
21	22.0	2877	1777	536	2899	1788	532	2900	1789	521	3007	1846	456	3065	1895	449	2859	1773	561	2668	1711	695
23	15.7	2078	2078	388	2245	2133	471	2407	2218	520	2406	2203	527	2566	2334	445	2394	2190	544	2154	2088	661
23	18.4	2424	1725	446	2545	1759	486	2583	183	547	2686	1823	493	2786	1881	445	2614	1800	552	2363	1651	678
20	13.3	1910	1818	249	1895	1876	350	1900	1881	412	1887	1868	413	2045	2025	321	2029	2008	444	2007	1987	648
20	15.8	2267	1706	456	2266	1696	398	2419	1738	521	2346	1739	563	2568	1894	444	2395	1743	542	2187	1620	663

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

19.1.5 CS-UZ35VKE CU-UZ35VKE

Indoo	r (°C)										Outd	oor DE	3 (°C)									
DB	WB		-10			-7			0			5			16			25			35	
DB	VVD	TC	SHC	ΙP	TC	SHC	ΙP	TC	SHC	ΙP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	ΙP	TC	SHC	ΙP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	3687	2801	746	3587	2782	764	3689	2800	743	3612	2772	826	3831	2834	676	3589	2722	836	3300	2645	1030
21	22.0	3955	2182	811	3986	2196	806	3988	2197	789	4135	2266	690	4214	2327	680	3931	2177	849	3669	2102	1053
23	15.7	2858	2552	587	3087	2619	714	3310	2724	787	3308	2705	798	3529	2866	674	3291	2689	824	2962	2564	1001
23	18.4	3332	2118	675	3500	2160	736	3551	2190	828	3693	2238	747	3830	2309	674	3594	2211	836	3249	2028	1027
20	13.3	2626	2233	377	2606	2407	530	2612	2427	624	2594	2397	625	2812	2516	486	2789	2503	673	2759	2494	982
20	15.8	3118	2094	690	3115	2083	603	3326	2134	789	3225	2136	852	3530	2326	673	3294	2140	821	3007	1989	1005

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

19.1.6 CS-UZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE

Indoo	r (°C)										Outd	oor DE	3 (°C)									
DD	WD		-10			-7			0			5			16			25			35	
DB	WB	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
27	19.0	5124	3416	1210	5149	3437	1203	5169	3387	1210	5022	3407	1409	5653	3678	962	5270	3595	1277	5000	3606	1650
21	22.0	5653	2748	1225	5562	2746	1331	5590	2739	1294	5814	2809	1122	6227	2987	921	5775	2823	1261	5149	2646	1657
23	15.7	4577	3381	1295	4611	3368	1238	4565	3336	1355	4593	3311	1321	5094	3556	994	4724	3445	1289	4179	3300	1650
23	18.4	5061	2726	1211	5097	2721	1171	5131	2739	1211	4938	2691	1380	5414	2849	969	5154	2811	1278	4633	2637	1652
20	13.3	4065	3163	1481	4028	3122	1238	4349	3314	1296	4219	3199	1352	4792	3552	1016	4351	3360	1294	3882	3148	1646
20	15.8	4618	2690	1293	4606	2684	1226	4578	2651	1360	4490	2613	1421	5038	2832	992	4693	2725	1287	4211	2561	1651

(Dry bulb value based on 46% humidity)

TC - Total Cooling Capacity (W) SHC - Sensible Heat Capacity (W)

IP - Input Power (W)

19.2 Heat Mode Performance Data

Unit setting: Standard piping length, Hi Fan, Heat mode at 30°C

Voltage: 230V

19.2.1 CS-PZ25VKE CU-PZ25VKE CS-DZ25VKE CU-DZ25VKE

Indoor (°C)					Outdoor	WB (°C)				
DB	-1	15	-	7	2	2	-	7	1	2
DB	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	1803	802	2016	904	2553	927	3039	812	3137	819
20	1714	796	2140	850	2610	910	3150	770	3351	818
16	1800	748	2074	873	2653	858	3189	749	3471	782

19.2.2 CS-PZ35VKE CU-PZ35VKE CS-DZ35VKE CU-DZ35VKE

Indoor (°C)					Outdoor	WB (°C)				
DB	-1	15	-	7	2	2	-	7	1	2
DB	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	2026	915	2449	1096	3121	1140	3705	1097	3824	1106
20	1925	908	2600	1030	3190	1120	3840	1040	4085	1105
16	2023	853	2520	1057	3242	1056	3888	1012	4231	1056

19.2.3 CS-PZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE CS-DZ50VKE CU-DZ50VKE

Indoor (°C)					Outdoor	WB (°C)				
DB	_^	15	-	7	2	2	-	7	1	2
DB	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	3604	1897	4169	2103	5275	2110	5043	1572	5368	1564
20	3609	1795	4580	2090	5430	2160	5400	1570	5584	1564
16	3401	1699	4723	2001	5465	2056	5765	1568	5919	1561

19.2.4 CS-UZ25VKE CU-UZ25VKE

Indoor (°C)					Outdoor	WB (°C)				
DB	_^	15	-	7	2	2	-	7	1	2
DB	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	1803	802	1960	883	2485	906	2894	781	2987	787
20	1714	796	2080	830	2540	890	3000	740	3191	786
16	1800	748	2016	852	2581	839	3037	720	3306	752

19.2.5 CS-UZ35VKE CU-UZ35VKE

Indoor (°C)					Outdoor	WB (°C)				
DB	-1	15	-	7		2	-	7	1	2
DB	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	2026	915	2393	1085	3052	1130	3570	1055	3684	1064
20	1925	908	2540	1020	3120	1110	3700	1000	3936	1063
16	2023	853	2462	1047	3171	1047	3746	973	4077	1016

19.2.6 CS-UZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE

Indoor (°C)					Outdoor	WB (°C)				
DB	-1	15	-	7		2	-	7	1	2
DB	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP	TC	IP
24	3604	1897	4169	2113	5275	2119	5043	1582	5368	1574
20	3609	1795	4580	2100	5430	2170	5400	1580	5584	1574
16	3401	1699	4723	2010	5465	2065	5765	1578	5919	1571

TC - Total Cooling Capacity (W) IP - Input Power (W)

20. Service Data

Service data provided are based on the air conditioner running under rated frequency during forced cooling / forced heating mode.

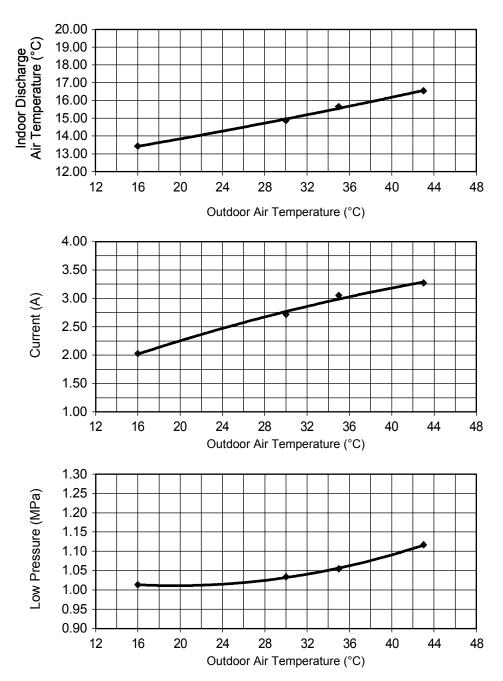
20.1 Cool Mode Outdoor Air Temperature Characteristic

Room Temperature: 27/19°C, Cooling Characteristic

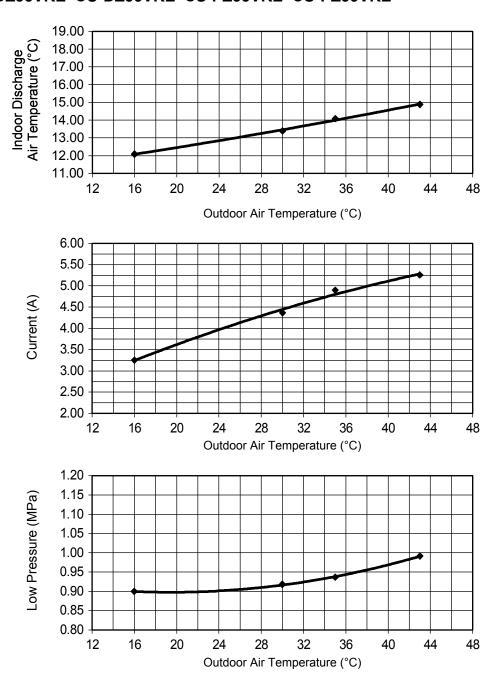
Fan: High

Pipe Length: 5.0m Freq: Rated Fc

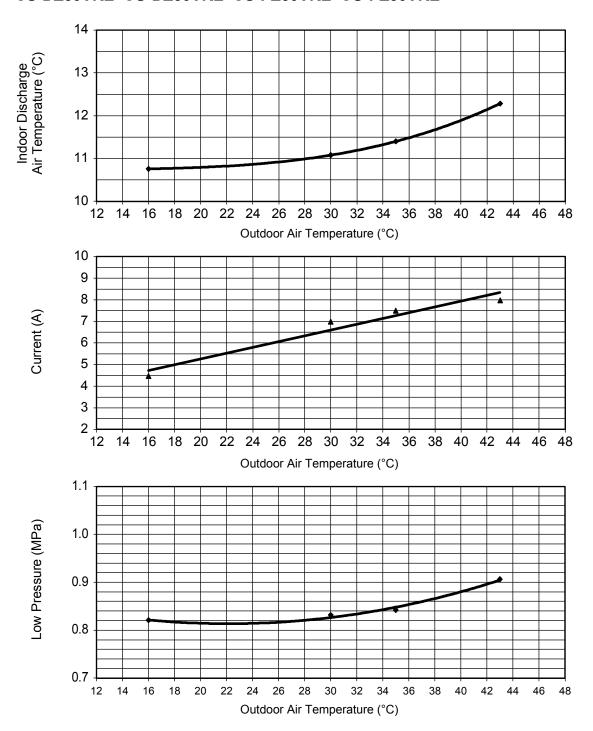
20.1.1 CS-DZ25VKE CU-DZ25VKE CS-PZ25VKE CU-PZ25VKE



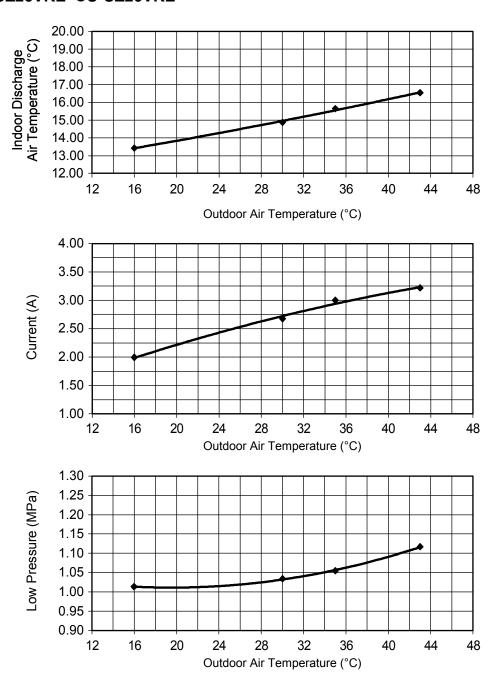
20.1.2 CS-DZ35VKE CU-DZ35VKE CS-PZ35VKE CU-PZ35VKE



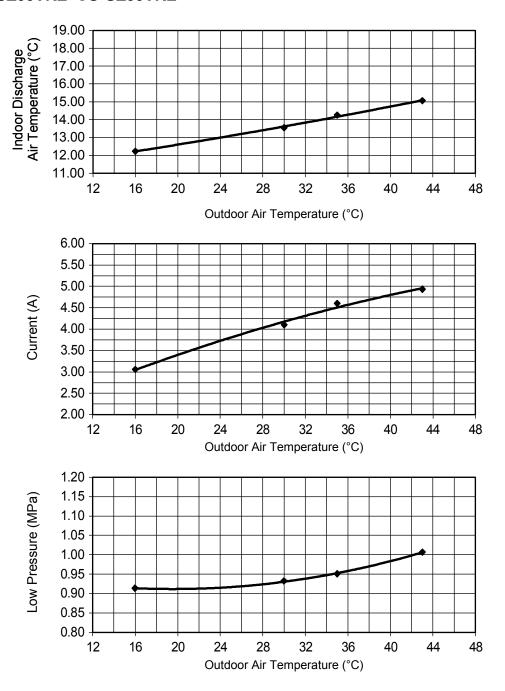
20.1.3 CS-DZ50VKE CU-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE



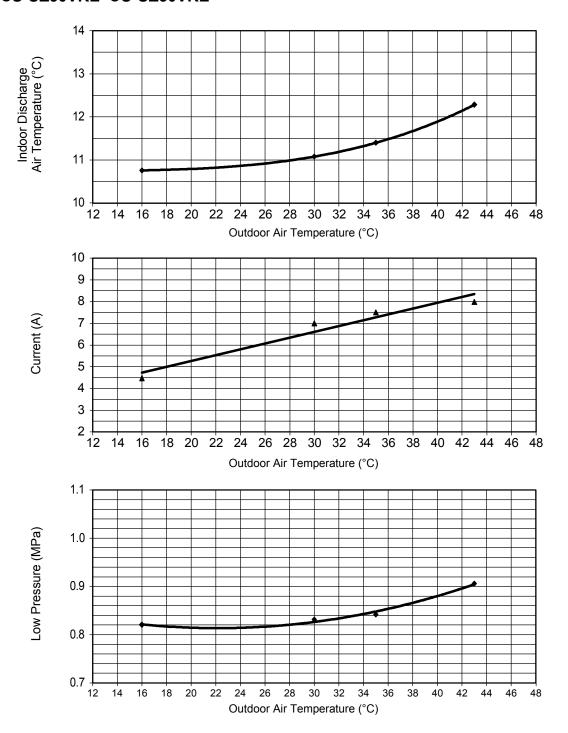
20.1.4 CS-UZ25VKE CU-UZ25VKE



20.1.5 CS-UZ35VKE CU-UZ35VKE



20.1.6 CS-UZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE



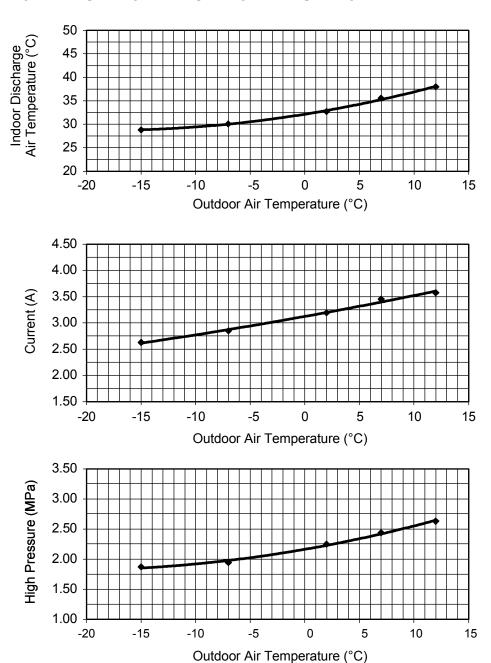
20.2 Heat Mode Outdoor Air Temperature Characteristic

Room Temperature: 20°C, Heating Characteristic

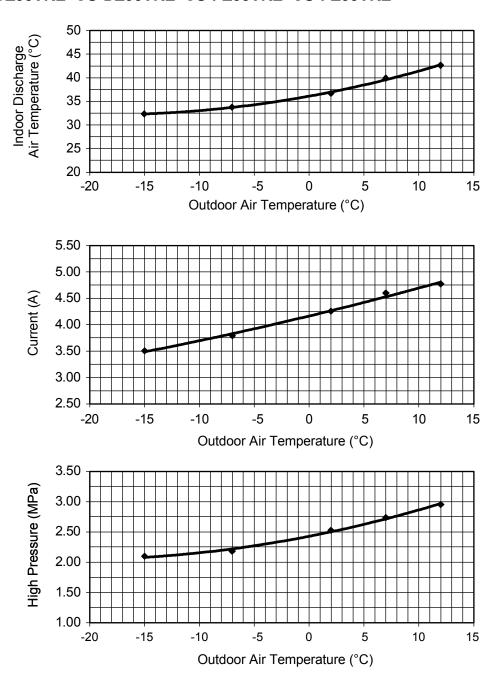
Fan: High

Pipe Length: 5.0m Freq: Rated Fh

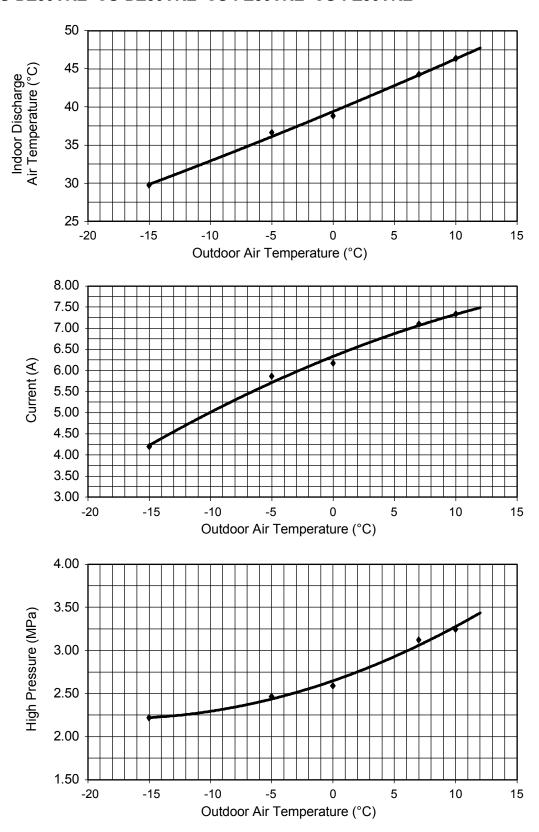
20.2.1 CS-DZ25VKE CU-DZ25VKE CS-PZ25VKE CU-PZ25VKE



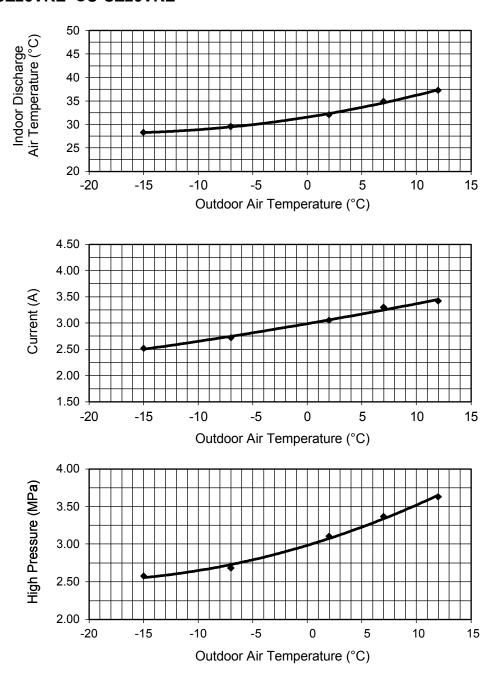
20.2.2 CS-DZ35VKE CU-DZ35VKE CS-PZ35VKE CU-PZ35VKE



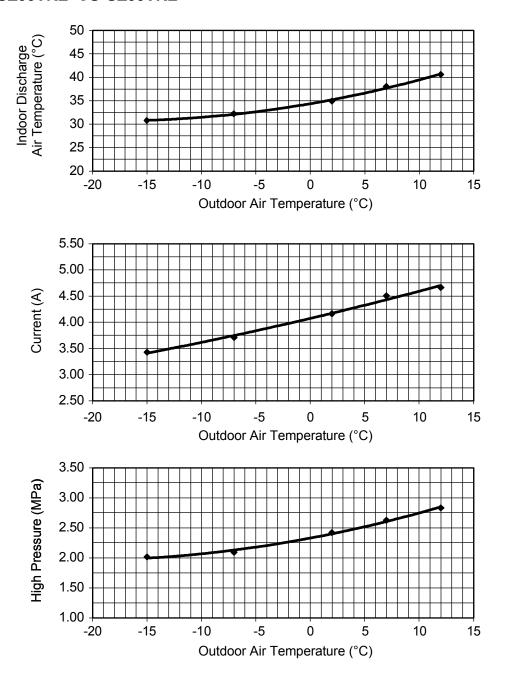
20.2.3 CS-DZ50VKE CU-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE



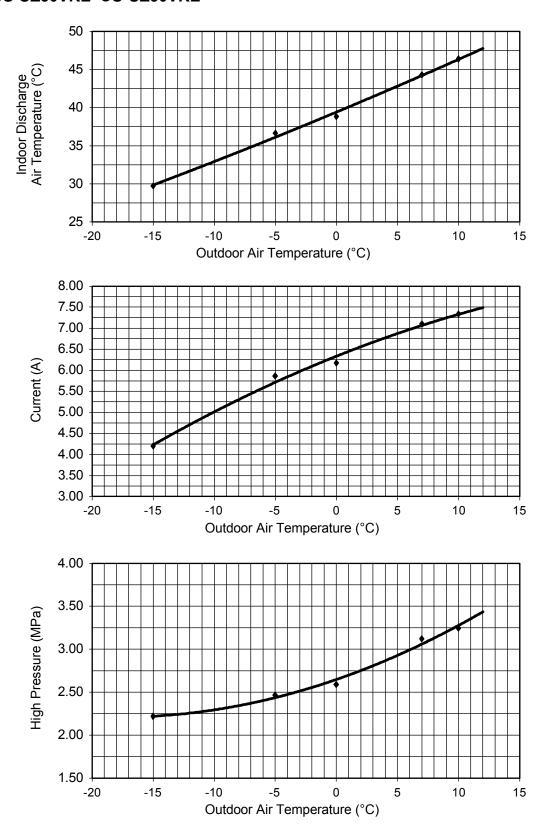
20.2.4 CS-UZ25VKE CU-UZ25VKE



20.2.5 CS-UZ35VKE CU-UZ35VKE



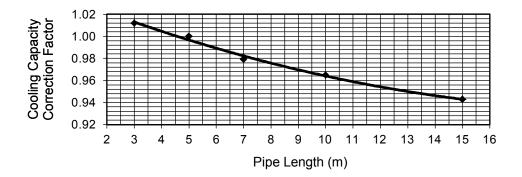
20.2.6 CS-UZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE

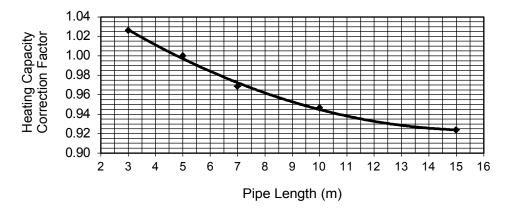


20.3 Piping Length Correction Factor

The characteristic of the unit has to be corrected in accordance with the piping length.

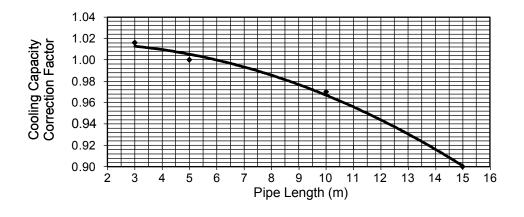
20.3.1 CS-DZ25VKE CU-DZ25VKE CS-DZ35VKE CU-DZ35VKE CS-PZ25VKE CU-PZ25VKE CS-PZ35VKE CU-PZ35VKE CS-UZ25VKE CU-UZ25VKE CS-UZ35VKE CU-UZ35VKE

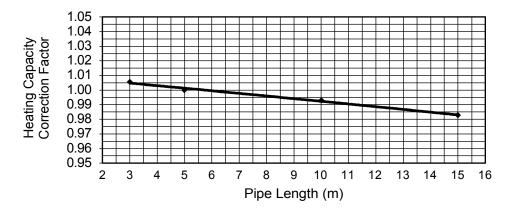




Note: The graphs show the factor after added right amount of additional refrigerant.

20.3.2 CS-DZ50VKE CU-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE CS-UZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE



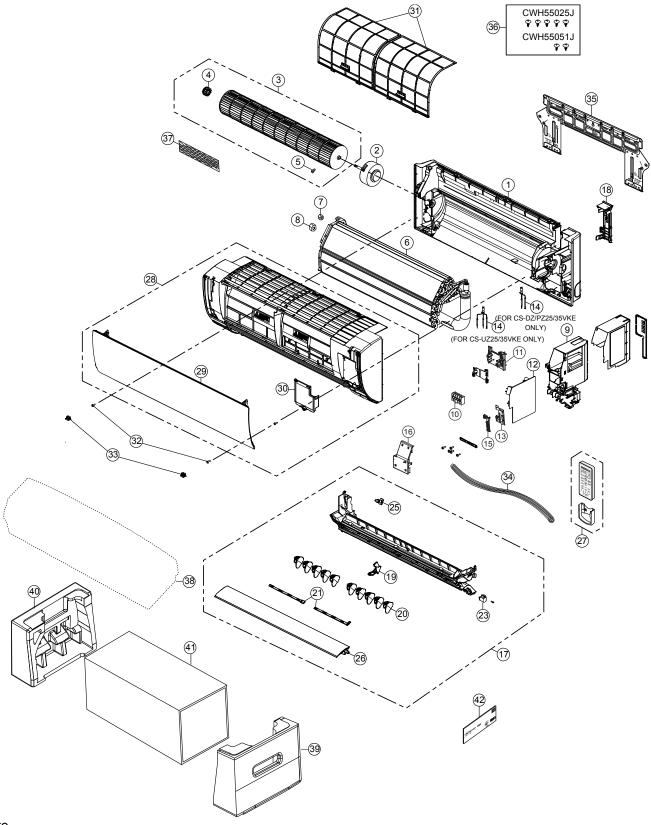


Note: The graphs show the factor after added right amount of additional refrigerant.

21. Exploded View and Replacement Parts List

21.1 Indoor Unit

21.1.1 CS-DZ25VKE CS-DZ35VKE CS-PZ25VKE CS-PZ35VKE CS-UZ25VKE CS-UZ35VKE



Note

The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement. The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-DZ25VKE	CS-DZ35VKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD50C1903	←	
\triangle	2	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CBYYYL0177	←	0
	3	CROSS-FLOW FAN COMPLETE	1	CWH02C1159	←	
	4	BEARING ASSY	1	CWH64K1006	←	
	5	SCREW - CROSS-FLOW FAN	1	CWH551146	←	
	6	EVAPORATOR	1	ACXB30C00770	←	
	7	FLARE NUT (LIQUID)	1	CWT251048	←	
	8	FLARE NUT (GAS)	1	CWT251049	←	
	9	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	CWH102573	←	
\triangle	10	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	CWA28C2671	←	0
	11	PARTICULAR PIECE - TERMINAL	1	ACXD93-01480	←	
\triangle	12	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA73C54330	ACXA73C54340	0
$\overline{\mathbb{A}}$	13	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR	1	ACXA73-00410	←	0
	14	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2122	←	0
	15	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	CWD933865	←	
	16	CONTROL BOARD FRONT COVER CO.	1	CWH13C1314	←	
	17	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE20C3433	←	
	18	BACK COVER CHASSIS	1	CWD933857	←	
	19	FULCRUM	1	CWH621164	←	
	20	VERTICAL VANE	10	CWE241447	←	
	21	CONNECTING BAR	2	CWE261308	←	
\wedge	23	AIR SWING MOTOR	1	ACXA98-01980	←	0
	25	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH521259	←	
	26	HORIZONTAL VANE COMPLETE	1	CWE24C1496	←	
	27	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	ACXA75C16230	←	0
	28	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE10C01320	←	0
	29	INTAKE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE22C00240	←	
	30	GRILLE DOOR COMPLETE	1	CWE14C1112	←	
	31	AIR FILTER	2	CWD001385	←	
	32	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	2	XTT4+16CFJ	←	
	33	CAP - FRONT GRILLE	2	CWH521283	←	
	34	DRAIN HOSE	1	ACXH85-00140	ACXH85-00210	
	35	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	CWH361147	←	
	36	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	CWH82C1705	←	
	37	AIR PURIFYING FILTER	1	-	←	
	38	BAG	1	CWG861497	←	
	39	SHOCK ABSORBER - RIGHT	1	CWG713619	←	
	40	SHOCK ABSORBER - LEFT	1	CWG713620	←	
	41	C. C. CASE	1	ACXG50-49120	←	
	42	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF85-08970	ACXF85-08980	

- All parts are supplied from PAPAMY, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 00029488). "O" marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

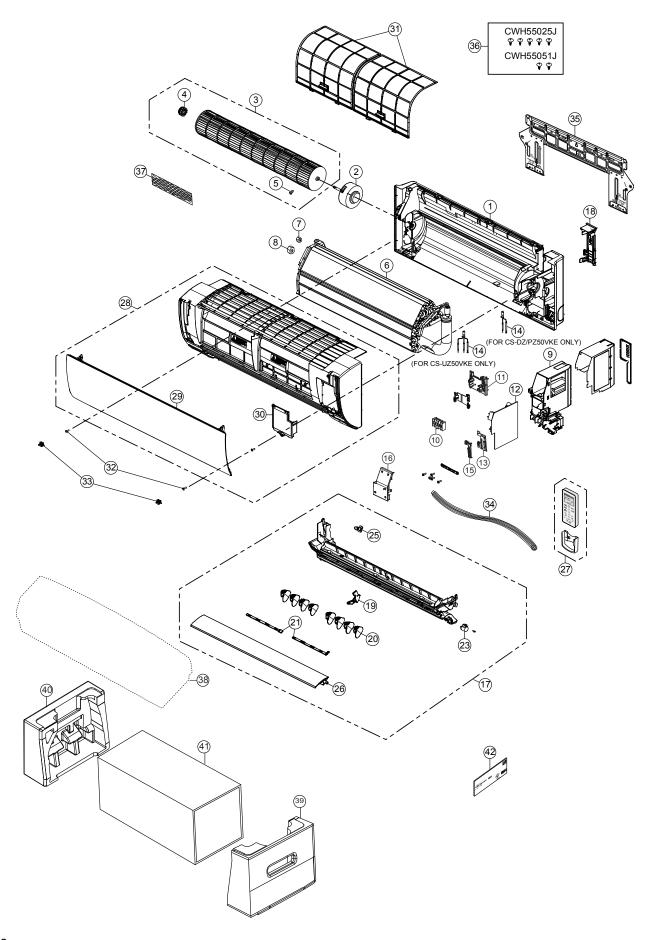
SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-PZ25VKE	CS-PZ35VKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD50C1903	←	
$\overline{\mathbb{A}}$	2	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CBYYYL0177	←	0
	3	CROSS-FLOW FAN COMPLETE	1	CWH02C1159	←	
	4	BEARING ASSY	1	CWH64K007	←	
	5	SCREW - CROSS-FLOW FAN	1	CWH551146	←	
	6	EVAPORATOR	1	ACXB30C00770	←	
	7	FLARE NUT (LIQUID)	1	CWT251048	←	
	8	FLARE NUT (GAS)	1	CWT251049	←	
	9	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	CWH102573	←	
$\overline{\mathbb{A}}$	10	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	CWA28C2671	←	0
	11	PARTICULAR PIECE - TERMINAL	1	ACXD93-01480	←	
Ŵ	12	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA73C54330	ACXA73C54340	0
$\overline{\wedge}$	13	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR	1	ACXA73-00410	←	0
	14	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2122	←	0
	15	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	CWD933865	←	
	16	CONTROL BOARD FRONT COVER CO.	1	CWH13C1314	←	
	17	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE20C3433	←	
	18	BACK COVER CHASSIS	1	CWD933857	←	
	19	FULCRUM	1	CWH621164	←	
	20	VERTICAL VANE	10	CWE241447	←	
	21	CONNECTING BAR	2	CWE261308	←	
Ŵ	23	AIR SWING MOTOR	1	ACXA98-01980	←	0
	25	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH521259	←	
	26	HORIZONTAL VANE COMPLETE	1	CWE24C1496	←	
	27	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	ACXA75C16230	←	0
	28	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE10C01130	←	0
	29	INTAKE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE22C00220	←	
	30	GRILLE DOOR COMPLETE	1	CWE14C1112	←	
	31	AIR FILTER	2	CWD001385	←	
	32	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	2	XTT4+16CFJ	←	
	33	CAP - FRONT GRILLE	2	CWH521283	←	
	34	DRAIN HOSE	1	ACXH85-00210	←	
	35	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	CWH361147	←	
	36	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	CWH82C1705	←	
	37	AIR PURIFYING FILTER	1	-	←	
	38	BAG	1	CWG861497	←	
	39	SHOCK ABSORBER - RIGHT	1	CWG713619	←	
	40	SHOCK ABSORBER - LEFT	1	CWG713620	←	
	41	C. C. CASE	1	ACXG50-49120	←	
	42	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF85-09000	ACXF85-09010	

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SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-UZ25VKE	CS-UZ35VKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD50C1903	←	
\triangle	2	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CBYYYL0177	←	0
	3	CROSS-FLOW FAN COMPLETE	1	CWH02C1159	←	
	4	BEARING ASSY	1	CWH64K007	←	
	5	SCREW - CROSS-FLOW FAN	1	CWH551146	←	
	6	EVAPORATOR	1	ACXB30C16900	←	
	7	FLARE NUT (LIQUID)	1	CWT251048	←	
	8	FLARE NUT (GAS)	1	CWT251049	←	
	9	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	CWH102573	←	
\triangle	10	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	CWA28C2671	←	0
	11	PARTICULAR PIECE - TERMINAL	1	ACXD93-01480	←	
\triangle	12	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA73C54310	ACXA73C54320	0
$\overline{\mathbb{A}}$	13	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR	1	ACXA73-00410	←	0
	14	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2664	←	0
	15	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	CWD933865	←	
	16	CONTROL BOARD FRONT COVER CO.	1	CWH13C1314	←	
	17	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE20C3433	←	
	18	BACK COVER CHASSIS	1	CWD933857	←	
	19	FULCRUM	1	CWH621164	←	
	20	VERTICAL VANE	10	CWE241447	←	
	21	CONNECTING BAR	2	CWE261308	←	
\wedge	23	AIR SWING MOTOR	1	ACXA98-01980	←	0
	25	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH521259	←	
	26	HORIZONTAL VANE COMPLETE	1	CWE24C1496	←	
	27	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	ACXA75C16230	←	0
	28	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE10C09860	←	0
	29	INTAKE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE22C03820	←	
	30	GRILLE DOOR COMPLETE	1	CWE14C1112	←	
	31	AIR FILTER	2	CWD001385	←	
	32	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	2	XTT4+16CFJ	←	
	33	CAP - FRONT GRILLE	2	CWH521283	←	
	34	DRAIN HOSE	1	ACXH85-00210	←	
	35	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	CWH361147	←	
	36	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	CWH82C1705	←	
	37	AIR PURIFYING FILTER	1	CWD00C1293	←	
	38	BAG	1	CWG861497	←	
	39	SHOCK ABSORBER - RIGHT	1	CWG713619	←	
	40	SHOCK ABSORBER - LEFT	1	CWG713620	←	
	41	C. C. CASE	1	ACXG50-49120	←	
	42	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF85-09030	ACXF85-09040	

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21.1.2 CS-DZ50VKE CS-PZ50VKE CS-UZ50VKE



Note

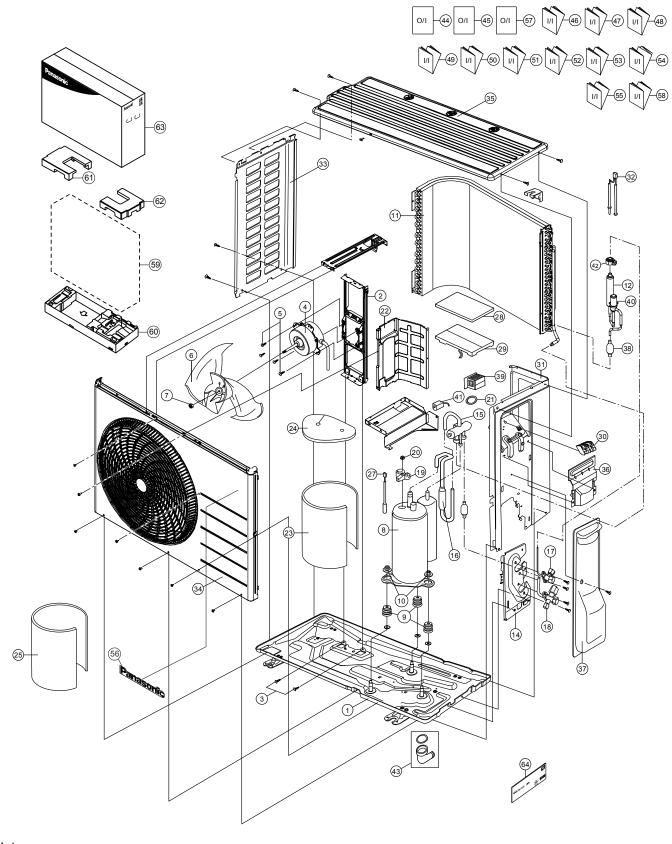
The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement. The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-DZ50VKE	CS-PZ50VKE	CS-UZ50VKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD50C1901	←	←	1
A	2	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CBYYYL0175	L6CBYYYL0037	L6CBYYYL0175	0
	3	CROSS-FLOW FAN COMPLETE	1	CWH02C1076	←	←	1
	4	BEARING ASSY	1	CWH64K1006	CWH64K007	←	1
	5	SCREW - CROSS-FLOW FAN	1	CWH551146	←	←	1
	6	EVAPORATOR	1	ACXB30C01200	←	ACXB30C01130	1
	7	FLARE NUT (LIQUID)	1	CWT251048	←	←	1
	8	FLARE NUT (GAS)	1	CWT251032	←	←	1
	9	CONTROL BOARD CASING	1	CWH102605	←	←	1
\triangle	10	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	CWA28C2746	←	CWA28C2742	0
	11	PARTICULAR PIECE - TERMINAL	1	CWD933138	←	←	1
Ņ	12	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA73C53200	←	ACXA73C53210	0
Ň	13	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR	1	CWA746716	←	←	0
	14	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2401	CWA50C2122	CWA50C2664	0
	15	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	CWD933406	←	←	1
	16	CONTROL BOARD FRONT COVER CO.	1	CWH13C1247	←	←	1
	17	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE20C3236	←	←	
	18	BACK COVER CHASSIS	1	CWD933233	←	←	
	19	FULCRUM	1	CWH621131	←	←	1
	20	VERTICAL VANE	8	CWE241374	←	←	
	21	CONNECTING BAR	2	CWE261251	←	←	
Ņ	23	AIR SWING MOTOR	1	ACXA98-01980	←	←	0
	25	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH521259	←	←	
	26	HORIZONTAL VANE COMPLETE	1	CWE24C1385	←	←	
	27	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	ACXA75C16230	←	←	0
	28	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE10C03500	ACXE10C01180	ACXE10C09870	0
	29	INTAKE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	ACXE22C00090	CWE22C1861	ACXE22C03830	
	30	GRILLE DOOR COMPLETE	1	CWE14C1090	←	←	1
	31	AIR FILTER	2	CWD001279	←	←	
	32	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	2	XTT4+16CFJ	←	←	
	33	CAP - FRONT GRILLE	2	CWH521227	←	←	
	34	DRAIN HOSE	1	ACXH85-00210	←	←	
	35	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	CWH361147	←	←	
	36	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	CWH82C1705	←	←	
	37	AIR PURIFYING FILTER	1	-	←	CWD00C1293	
	38	BAG	1	CWG861497	←	←	
	39	SHOCK ABSORBER - RIGHT	1	CWG713387	←	←	
	40	SHOCK ABSORBER - LEFT	1	CWG713386	←	←	
	41	C. C. CASE	1	ACXG50-49130	←	←	
	42	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF85-08990	ACXF85-09020	ACXF85-09050	

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21.2 Outdoor Unit

21.2.1 CU-DZ25VKE CU-DZ35VKE CU-PZ25VKE CU-PZ35VKE CU-UZ25VKE CU-UZ35VKE



Note

The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.

The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-DZ25VKE	CU-DZ35VKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD52K1399	←	
	2	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	CWD541157	←	
	3	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	CWH551217	←	
\triangle	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CAYYYL0064	←	0
	5	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	4	CWH55252J	←	
	6	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	CWH03K1100	←	
	7	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH56053J	←	
Ŵ	8	COMPRESSOR	1	KSK75D43UEE	←	0
	9	ANTI - VIBRATION BUSHING	3	ACXH50-00970	←	
	10	NUT - COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH561096	←	
	11	CONDENSER	1	ACXB32C14790	ACXB32C00780	
	12	DISCHARGE MUFFLER	1	CWB121021	←	
	14	HOLDER COUPLING	1	CWH351233	←	
	15	4-WAYS VALVE	1	ACXB00-01270	←	
	16	DISCHARGE MUFFLER (4 W. VALVE)	1	CWB121010	←	
	17	2-WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	CWB021180J	←	0
	18	3-WAY VALVE (GAS)	1	CWB011581	←	0
	19	TERMINAL COVER	1	ACXH17-01460	←	
	20	NUT – TERMINAL COVER	1	ACXH56-00460	←	
	21	PACKING	1	ACXB81-06510	←	
	22	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	CWH151427	←	
	23	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-09020	←	
	24	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-09030	←	
	25	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-08500	←	
	27	SENSOR CO - COMP TEMP	1	CWA50C2894	←	0
	28	CONTROL BOARD COVER - TOP	1	ACXH13-00450	←	
\wedge	29	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA73C52140R	ACXA73C52150R	0
<u></u>	30	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1036J	←	0
	31	CABINET SIDE PLATE CO.	1	ACXE04C00210	←	
	32	SENSOR CO - AIR TEMP AND PIPE TEMP	1	CWA50C3267	←	0
	33	CABINET SIDE PLATE	1	ACXE04-00130A	←	
	34	CABINET FRONT PLATE CO.	1	CWE06C1566	←	
	35	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	CWE031230A	←	
	36	PLATE - C. B. COVER TERMINAL	1	CWH131301	←	
	37	CONTROL BOARD COVER CO.	1	CWH13C1359	←	
	38	STRAINER	1	CWB11094	←	
	39	REACTOR	1	G0C752J00004	←	0
	40	EXPANSION VALVE	1	CWB051078	←	
\triangle	41	V-COIL COMPLETE - 4-WAY VALVE	1	ACXA43C06380	←	0
\triangle	42	V-COIL COMPLETE - EXP. VALVE	1	ACXA43C06110	←	0
	43	BAG - COMPLETE	1	CWG87C900	←	
	44	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22310	←	
	45	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22320	←	
	46	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33780	←	
	47	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33790	←	
	48	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33800	←	
	49	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33810	←	
	50	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33820	←	
	51	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33830	←	
	52	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33840	←	

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-DZ25VKE	CU-DZ35VKE	REMARK
	53	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33850	←	
	54	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33860	←	
	55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33870	←	
	56	PANASONIC BADGE	1	CWE373439	←	
	57	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22330	←	
	58	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33880	←	
	59	BAG	1	CWG861078	←	
	60	BASE BOARD - COMPLETE	1	CWG62C1223	←	
	61	SHOCK ABSORBER - LEFT	1	CWG713779	←	
	62	SHOCK ABSORBER - RIGHT	1	CWG713778	←	
	63	C. C. CASE	1	ACXG50-48860	←	
	64	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF85-05040	ACXF85-05050	

(Note)

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SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-PZ25VKE	CU-PZ35VKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD52K1399	←	
	2	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	CWD541157	←	
	3	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	CWH551217	←	
À	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CAYYYL0064	←	0
	5	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	4	CWH55252J	←	
	6	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	CWH03K1100	←	
	7	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH56053J	←	
Ņ	8	COMPRESSOR	1	KSK75D43UEE	←	0
	9	ANTI - VIBRATION BUSHING	3	ACXH50-00970	←	
	10	NUT - COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH561096	←	
	11	CONDENSER	1	ACXB32C14790	ACXB32C00780	
	12	DISCHARGE MUFFLER	1	CWB121021	←	
	14	HOLDER COUPLING	1	CWH351233	←	
	15	4-WAYS VALVE	1	ACXB00-01270	←	
	16	DISCHARGE MUFFLER (4 W. VALVE)	1	CWB121010	←	
	17	2-WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	CWB021180J	←	0
	18	3-WAY VALVE (GAS)	1	CWB011581	←	0
	19	TERMINAL COVER	1	ACXH17-01460	←	
	20	NUT – TERMINAL COVER	1	ACXH56-00460	←	
	21	PACKING	1	ACXB81-06510	←	
	22	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	CWH151427	←	
	23	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-09020	←	
	24	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-09030	←	
	25	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-08500	←	
	27	SENSOR CO - COMP TEMP	1	CWA50C2894	←	0
	28	CONTROL BOARD COVER - TOP	1	ACXH13-00450	←	
Ņ	29	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA73C52140R	ACXA73C52150R	0
$\overline{\wedge}$	30	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1036J	←	0
	31	CABINET SIDE PLATE CO.	1	ACXE04C00210	←	
	32	SENSOR CO - AIR TEMP AND PIPE TEMP	1	CWA50C3267	←	0
	33	CABINET SIDE PLATE	1	ACXE04-00130A	←	
	34	CABINET FRONT PLATE CO.	1	CWE06C1566	←	
	35	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	CWE031230A	←	
	36	PLATE - C. B. COVER TERMINAL	1	CWH131301	←	
	37	CONTROL BOARD COVER CO.	1	CWH13C1359	←	
	38	STRAINER	1	CWB11094	←	
	39	REACTOR	1	G0C752J00004	←	0
	40	EXPANSION VALVE	1	CWB051078	←	
\triangle	41	V-COIL COMPLETE - 4-WAY VALVE	1	ACXA43C06380	←	0
\triangle	42	V-COIL COMPLETE - EXP. VALVE	1	ACXA43C06110	←	0
	43	BAG - COMPLETE	1	CWG87C900	←	
	44	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22310	←	
	45	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22320	←	
	46	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33780	←	
	47	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33790	←	
	48	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33800	←	
	49	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33810	←	
	50	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33820	←	
	51	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33830	←	
	52	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33840	←	

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-PZ25VKE	CU-PZ35VKE	REMARK
	53	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33850	←	
	54	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33860	←	
	55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33870	←	
	56	PANASONIC BADGE	1	CWE373439	←	
	57	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22330	←	
	58	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33880	←	
	59	BAG	1	CWG861078	←	
	60	BASE BOARD - COMPLETE	1	CWG62C1223	←	
	61	SHOCK ABSORBER - LEFT	1	CWG713779	←	
	62	SHOCK ABSORBER - RIGHT	1	CWG713778	←	
	63	C. C. CASE	1	ACXG50-48860	←	
	64	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF82-97720	ACXF82-97730	

(Note)

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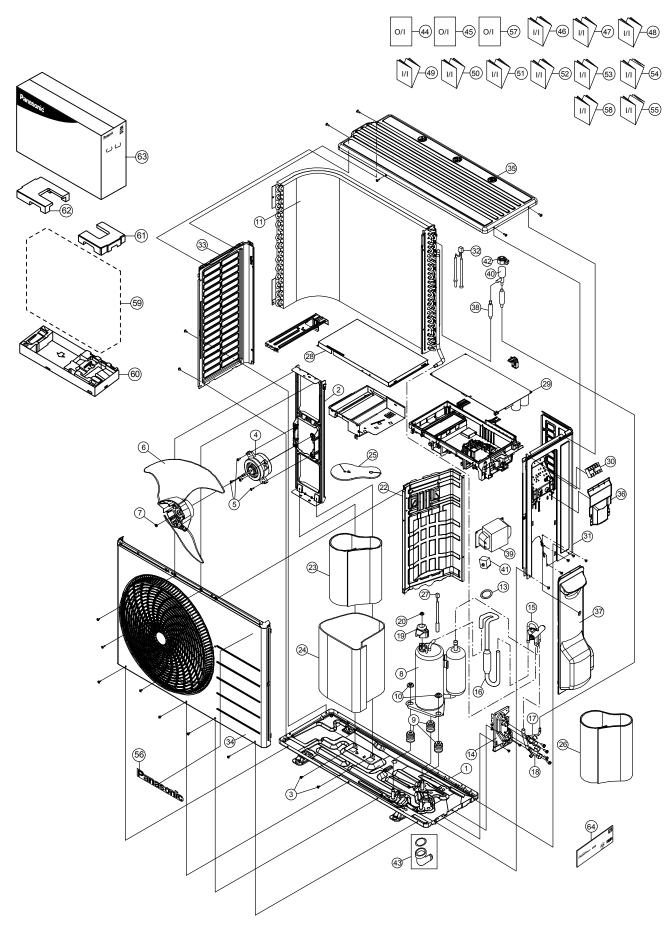
SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-UZ25VKE	CU-UZ35VKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD52K1399	←	
	2	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	CWD541157	←	
	3	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	CWH551217	←	
<u> </u>	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CAYYYL0064	←	0
	5	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	4	CWH55252J	←	
	6	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	CWH03K1100	←	
	7	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH56053J	←	
<u> </u>	8	COMPRESSOR	1	KSK75D43UEE	←	0
	9	ANTI - VIBRATION BUSHING	3	ACXH50-00970	←	
	10	NUT - COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH561096	←	
	11	CONDENSER	1	ACXB32C14790	ACXB32C00780	
	12	DISCHARGE MUFFLER	1	CWB121021	←	
	14	HOLDER COUPLING	1	CWH351233	←	
	15	4-WAYS VALVE	1	ACXB00-01270	←	
	16	DISCHARGE MUFFLER (4 W. VALVE)	1	CWB121010	←	
	17	2-WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	CWB021180J	←	0
	18	3-WAY VALVE (GAS)	1	CWB011581	←	0
	19	TERMINAL COVER	1	ACXH17-01460	←	
	20	NUT – TERMINAL COVER	1	ACXH56-00460	←	
	21	PACKING	1	ACXB81-06510	←	
	22	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	CWH151427	←	
	23	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-09020	←	
	24	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-09030	←	
	25	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	ACXG30-08500	←	
	27	SENSOR CO - COMP TEMP	1	CWA50C2894	←	0
	28	CONTROL BOARD COVER - TOP	1	ACXH13-00450	←	
\wedge	29	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA73C52210R	ACXA73C52220R	0
<u></u>	30	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1036J	←	0
	31	CABINET SIDE PLATE CO.	1	ACXE04C00310	←	
	32	SENSOR CO - AIR TEMP AND PIPE TEMP	1	CWA50C3079	←	0
	33	CABINET SIDE PLATE	1	ACXE04-00130A	←	
	34	CABINET FRONT PLATE CO.	1	CWE06C1566	←	
	35	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	CWE031230A	←	
	36	PLATE - C. B. COVER TERMINAL	1	CWH131301	←	
	37	CONTROL BOARD COVER CO.	1	CWH13C1359	←	
	38	STRAINER	1	CWB11094	←	
	39	REACTOR	1	G0C752J00004	←	0
	40	EXPANSION VALVE	1	CWB051078	←	
\triangle	41	V-COIL COMPLETE - 4-WAY VALVE	1	ACXA43C06380	←	0
\triangle	42	V-COIL COMPLETE - EXP. VALVE	1	ACXA43C06110	←	0
	43	BAG - COMPLETE	1	CWG87C900	←	
	44	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22310	←	
	45	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22320	←	
	46	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33780	←	
	47	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33790	←	
	48	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33800	←	
	49	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33810	←	
	50	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33820	←	
	51	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33830	←	
	52	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33840	←	

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-UZ25VKE	CU-UZ35VKE	REMARK
	53	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33850	←	
	54	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33860	←	
	55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33870	←	
	56	PANASONIC BADGE	1	CWE373439	←	
	57	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22330	←	
	58	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33880	←	
	59	BAG	1	CWG861078	←	
	60	BASE BOARD - COMPLETE	1	CWG62C1223	←	
	61	SHOCK ABSORBER - LEFT	1	CWG713779	←	
	62	SHOCK ABSORBER - RIGHT	1	CWG713778	←	
	63	C. C. CASE	1	ACXG50-48860	←	
	64	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF85-04510	ACXF85-04520	

(Note)

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21.2.2 CU-DZ50VKE CU-PZ50VKE CU-UZ50VKE



Note

The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.

The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-DZ50VKE	CU-PZ50VKE	CU-UZ50VKE	REMARK
	1	CHASSIS COMPLETE	1	CWD52K1277	←	←	
	2	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	CWD541167	←	←	
	3	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	CWH551217	←	←	
\triangle	4	FAN MOTOR	1	L6CAYYYL0064	←	←	0
	5	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	4	CWH55252J	←	←	
	6	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	CWH03K1066	←	←	
	7	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH56053J	←	←	
\triangle	8	COMPRESSOR	1	9RD132XAB21	←	←	0
	9	ANTI - VIBRATION BUSHING	3	CWH50077	←	←	
	10	NUT - COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH561096	←	←	
	11	CONDENSER	1	ACXB32C12500	←	←	
	13	PACKING	1	ACXB81-06510	←	←	
	14	HOLDER COUPLING	1	CWH351233	←	←	
	15	4-WAYS VALVE	1	ACXB00-01270	←	←	
	16	DISCHARGE MUFFLER (4 W. VALVE)	1	CWB121010	←	←	
	17	2-WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	CWB021589	←	←	0
	18	3-WAY VALVE (GAS)	1	CWB011806	←	←	0
	19	TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH171039A	←	←	
	20	NUT - TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH7080300J	←	←	
	22	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	CWH151273	←	←	
	23	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302740	←	←	
	24	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302952	←	←	
	25	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL - COMP. TOP	1	CWG302630	←	←	
	26	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302745	←	←	
	27	SENSOR CO - COMP TEMP	1	CWA50C2894	←	←	0
	28	CONTROL BOARD COVER - TOP	1	CWH131473	←	←	
\triangle	29	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	ACXA73C51360R	←	ACXA73C51430R	0
\triangle	30	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1036J	←	←	0
	31	CABINET SIDE PLATE CO.	1	ACXE04C05240	←	←	
	32	SENSOR CO - AIR TEMP AND PIPE TEMP	1	CWA50C2893	←	←	0
	33	CABINET SIDE PLATE – LEFT	1	ACXE04-10020	←	←	
	34	CABINET FRONT PLATE CO.	1	ACXE06C02910	←	←	
	35	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	ACXE03-02880	←	←	
	36	PLATE - C. B. COVER TERMINAL	1	CWH131470	←	←	
	37	CONTROL BOARD COVER CO.	1	CWH13C1253	←	←	
	38	STRAINER	1	CWB11094	←	←	
	39	REACTOR	1	G0C392J00027	←	←	0
	40	EXPANSION VALVE	1	CWB051078	←	←	
\triangle	41	V-COIL COMPLETE - 4 WAY VALVE	1	ACXA43C06380	←	←	0
\triangle	42	V-COIL COMPLETE - EXP. VALVE	1	ACXA43C06110	←	←	0
	43	BAG - COMPLETE	1	CWG87C900	←	←	
	44	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22310	←	←	
	45	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22320	←	←	
	46	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33780	←	←	
	47	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33790	←	←	
	48	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33800	←	←	
	49	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33810	←	←	
	50	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33820	←	←	
	51	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33830	←	←	

SAFETY	REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CU-DZ50VKE	CU-PZ50VKE	CU-UZ50VKE	REMARK
	52	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33840	←	+	
	53	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33850	←	+	
	54	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33860	←	+	
	55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33870	←	←	
	56	PANASONIC BADGE	1	CWE373439	←	←	
	57	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF55-22330	←	←	
	58	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	ACXF60-33880	←	←	
	59	BAG	1	ACXG86-03760	←	+	
	60	BASE BOARD - COMPLETE	1	CWG62C1144	←	←	
	61	SHOCK ABSORBER - RIGHT	1	CWG713415	←	←	
	62	SHOCK ABSORBER - LEFT	1	CWG713416	←	←	
	63	C. C. CASE	1	ACXG50-48870	←	←	
	64	MODEL LABEL	2	ACXF85-05060	ACXF82-97740	ACXF85-04530	

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